



# MV31-W

## AT Command Reference Guide

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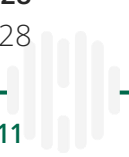
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# 1 Applicability Table

Table 1: Applicability Table

Products
MV31-W 5G Data Card, Version 06.006, Release 2.0





## 2 Introduction

### 2.1 Scope

This document presents the AT Command Set for MV31-W 5G Data Card, Version 06.006, Release 2.0.

Before using the MV31-W or upgrading to a new firmware version please read the latest product information provided in “MV31-W Release Note” (see [1]).

Throughout this document, MV31-W is also referred to as GSM/UMTS/LTE Mobile Engine or short ME, MS (Mobile Station) or Mobile Terminal (MT). In related documents, the equivalent term DCE (Data Communication Equipment) may be found.

AT commands are used to control the MV31-W. The controlling device is referred to as Customer Application or short TE. Related documents may use the equivalent term DTE (Data Terminal Equipment).

All abbreviations and acronyms used throughout this document are based on 3GPP specifications. For definitions please refer to 3GPP TR 21.905 [3].

**Note:**

To prevent misinterpretation of control characters or special characters it is recommended to always use UCS2 alphabet and PDU mode.

### 2.2 Audience

This document is intended for system integrators that are using the Telit XX123Z4 module in their products.

### 2.3 Contact Information, Support

For technical support and general questions, e-mail:

- [TS-FMEA@telit.com](mailto:TS-FMEA@telit.com)
- [TS-AMERICAS@telit.com](mailto:TS-AMERICAS@telit.com)
- [TS-APAC@telit.com](mailto:TS-APAC@telit.com)
- [TS-SRD@telit.com](mailto:TS-SRD@telit.com)
- [TS-ONEEDGE@telit.com](mailto:TS-ONEEDGE@telit.com)

Alternatively, use: <https://www.telit.com/contact-us/>

Product information and technical documents are accessible 24/7 on our website: <https://www.telit.com>

### 2.4 Conventions

**Note:** Provide advice and suggestions that may be useful when integrating the module.

**Danger:** This information MUST be followed, or catastrophic equipment failure or personal injury may occur.

**ESD Risk:** Notifies the user to take proper grounding precautions before handling the product.

**Warning:** Alerts the user on important steps about the module integration.

All dates are in ISO 8601 format, that is YYYY-MM-DD.



## 2.5 Terms and conditions

Refer to <https://www.telit.com/hardware-terms-conditions/>.

## 2.6 Disclaimer

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## 2.7 AT Command Syntax

The "AT" or "at" prefix must be set at the beginning of each command line. To terminate command line enter

<CR>. Commands are usually followed by a response that includes "<CR> <LF> <response> <CR> <LF>". Throughout this document, only the responses are presented <CR> <LF> are omitted intentionally.

AT command type	Syntax	Function
Test command	AT+CXXX=?	The mobile equipment returns the list of parameter sand value ranges set with the corresponding Write command or by internal processes.
Read command	AT+CXXX?	This command returns the currently set value of the parameter or parameters.
Write command	AT+CXXX=<...>	This command sets user-definable parameter values.
Exec command	AT+CXXX	The execution command reads non-variable parameters deter-mined by internal processes in the UE.



## 3 Basic Commands

### 3.1 A/ - Repeat Previous Command Line

Repeat Previous AT command line.

In general, after beginning a command line with character "a" or "A", a second character "t", "T" or "/" has to follow. In case of using a wrong second character, it is necessary to start again with character "a" or "A"

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec command	A/	OK	

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		



## 4 ITU-T V.25ter DTE-DCE Interface Command

### 4.1 AT3 - Command Line Termination

ATS3 determines the character recognized by the device to terminate an incoming command line. It is also generated for result codes and information text, along with character value set via ATS4. If have not insert SIM card, this command will return error.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	ATS3?	<n> OK	-
Write Command	ATS3=<n>	OK	-

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0~127	Default value is 13 (Corresponding ASCII character CR carriage return ) Notice: if change this value, it possible to affect the execution of the AT command.

#### Example

ATS3=32	In this point, the AT command line terminator has become a space instead of the previous carriage return
OK	
ATS3?	
32	
OK	

### 4.2 AT4 - Response Formatting

ATS4 determines the character generated by the device for result code and information text, along with the command line termination character set via ATS3. If have not insert SIM card, this command will return error.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	ATS4?	<n> OK	-
Write Command	ATS4=<n>	OK	-

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0~127	Default value is 10 (Corresponding ASCII character LF carriage return ) Response formatting character. It is not recommended to change this value.

## 4.3 AT55 - Command Line Editing

ATS5 determines the character value used by the device to delete the immediately preceding character from the AT command line (i.e. equates backspace key). If have not insert SIM card, this command will return error.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	ATS5?	<n> OK	-
Write Command	ATS5=<n>	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0~127	Default value is 8. Command line editing character. It is not recommended to change this value.

## 4.4 ATE - AT Command Echo

ATE controls if the device echoes characters received from TE during AT command state.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	ATE[<value>]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	0	Echo mode off
	1	Echo mode on

## 4.5 ATQ - Result Code Presentation Mode

ATQ controls if the device transmits any result code to the TE. Other information text transmitted as response is not affected.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	ATQ[n]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	[0]	UE transmits result code. It is not recommended to change this value.
	1	Result codes are suppressed and not transmitted.

## 4.6 ATV - Result Code Format Mode

This command determines the contents of header and trailer transmitted with AT command result codes and information responses.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	ATV[<value>]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	0	Information response: <text><CR><LF> Short result code format: <numeric code><CR>
	1	Information response: <CR><LF><text><CR><LF> Long result code format: <CR><LF><verbose code><CR><LF>

## 4.7 ATX - Connect Result Code Format

ATX determines whether or not the device transmits particular result codes to the TE.

ATX also controls whether or not the UE verifies the presence of a dial tone when it begins dialing, and if engaged tone (busy signal) detection is enabled.

The CONNECT result code indicates that the UE has changed from command state to online data state.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	ATX[<value>]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	[0]	CONNECT result code returned. Dial tone and busy detection are disabled.
	1	CONNECT <text> result code returned. Dial tone and busy detection are disabled.
	2	CONNECT <text> result code returned. Dial tone detection is enabled, busy detection is disabled.
	3	CONNECT <text> result code returned. Dial tone detection is disabled, busy detection is enabled.
	4	CONNECT <text> result code returned. Dial tone and busy detection are both enabled.

## 4.8 AT&W - Store AT Command Setting to User Defined Profile



AT&W stores the current AT command settings to a user defined profile in non-volatile memory of device. The AT command settings will automatically be restored from the user defined profile during power-up or if ATZ is used. AT&F restores AT command factory default settings. Hence, until first use of AT&W, ATZ works as AT&F.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT&W[<value>]	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	[0]	User Profile Number

## 4.9 AT&E - Store AT Command Setting to User Defined Profile

Controls the display of data rate to be either serial rate or wireless connection speed.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT&E[<value>]	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	[0]	Serial/DTE rate
	1	wireless connection speed

## 4.10 AT+ICF - DTE-Modem Character Framing

This set command defines the asynchronous character framing to be used when autobauding is disabled.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ICF=?	+ICF: (3),(0-3) OK	-
Read Command	AT+ICF?	+ICF: <value>,<parity> OK	-
Write Command	AT+ICF=[<format>, [<parity>]]	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	Determines the number of bits in the data bits, the presence of a parity bit, and the number of stop bits in the start-stop frame.	
	[3]	8 data bit, 1 stop bit



<parity>	Determines how the parity bit is generated and checked, if present; this sub parameter has no meaning.	
	0	Odd (not supported)
	1	Even (not supported)
	2	Mark
[3]	None	

## 4.11 AT+IFC - DTE-Modem Local Flow Control

This set command selects the flow control behavior of the serial port in both directions: from DTE to modem (<by\_ta> option) and from modem to DTE (<by\_te>).

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+IFC=?	+IFC: =( <by_te>list), ( <by_ta>list) OK	-
Read Command	AT+IFC?	+IFC: =<by_te>, <by_ta> OK	-
Write Command	AT+IFC=<by_te>, <by_ta>	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<by_te>	Flow control option for the data received by DTE	
	0	flow control None
	1	XON/XOFF filtered
	[2]	C105 (RTS) (factory default)
<by_ta>	Flow control option for the data sent by modem	
	0	flow control None
	1	XON/XOFF
	[2]	C106 (CTS) (factory default)

## 4.12 ATZ - Restore AT Command Settings from User Defined Profile

First ATZ resets the AT command settings to their factory default values, similar to AT&F. Afterwards the AT command settings are restored from a user defined profile in non-volatile memory, if one was stored with AT&W before. Any additional AT command on the same command line may be ignored. A delay of 300 ms is required before next AT command is sent.



However, ATZ does not change the current bit rate of asynchronous serial interface (UART).

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	ATZ[<value>]	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	[0]	User Profile Number

### 4.13 AT&F - Reset AT Command Settings to Factory Default Values

AT&F resets AT command settings to their factory default values.

However, the command does not change the current bit rate of asynchronous serial interface (UART).

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT&F[<value>]	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	[0]	Reset parameters to their factory default values

### 4.14 ATI - Display Product Identification Information

The ATI execute command delivers a product identification information text.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	ATI	Manufacturer: XXX Model: XXX Revision: XXX IMEI: XXX +GCAP: XXXXX OK	Display production information

### 4.15 AT+GMI - Display Manufacturer Identification

The AT+GMI returns the Manufacturer Identification

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT+GMI	XXX OK	Display Manufacturer Identification

Test Command	AT+GMI=?	OK	-
--------------	----------	----	---

## 4.16 AT+GMM - Display Model Identification

The AT+GMM returns the model information.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT+GMM	XXX OK	Display Model Identification
Test Command	AT+GMM=?	OK	-

## 4.17 AT+GMR - Display Revision Identification

The T+GMR returns the revision identification.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT+GMR	XXX OK	Display Revision Identification
Test Command	AT+GMR=?	OK	-

## 4.18 AT+GSN - Display Serial Number

The AT+GSN returns the serial number.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT+GSN	<sn> OK	-
Test Command	AT+GSN=?	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<sn>		The serial number of device.

## 4.19 AT+GCAP - Display Product Capabilities List

The AT+GCAP returns the Capabilities List.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT+GCAP	+GCAP: <name> OK	-
Test Command	AT+GCAP=?	OK	-



### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<name>		Additional function list, such as +CGSM

#### Example:

```
AT+GCAP
+GCAP: +CGSM
OK
```

## 4.20 ATS2 - Escape Character

The command sets the ASCII character to be used as escape character.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	ATS2?	<value> OK	-
Write Command	ATS2=[value]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	1-255	43(+) is default value

## 4.21 ATS7 - Connection Completion Time-Out

This set command sets the amount of time, in seconds, that the device shall allow between either answering a call (automatically or by A command) or completion of signaling of call addressing information to network (dialing), and establishment of a connection with the remote device.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	ATS7?	<value> OK	-
Write Command	ATS7=[value]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	0-[1]-255	Number of rings, 1 is default value, the value shows clearly time out seconds

## 4.22 ATS8 - Comma Dial Pause Time

ATS8 is implemented for compatibility reasons only, and has no effect.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
------	---------	------------------------	-------------

Read Command	ATS8?	<value> OK	-
Write Command	ATS8=[value]	OK	-

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	1-[2]-255	2 is default value

## 4.23 ATS10 - Set Disconnect Delay after Indicating the Absence of Data Carrier

ATS10 determines the amount of time that the UE remains connected in absence of a data carrier. If the data carrier is detected before disconnect, the UE remains connected.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	ATS10?	<value> OK	-
Write Command	ATS10=[value]	OK	-

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	1-[14]-255	14 is default value. Number of tenths of seconds to wait before disconnecting after UE has indicated the absence of received line signal

## 4.24 ATS30 - Disconnect Inactivity Timer

Setting of an inactive timer value for disconnection when no user data is exchanged during a data call.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	ATS30?	<value> OK	-
Write Command	ATS30=[value]	OK	-

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	[0]-1-255	0 is default value. Number of disconnect inactivity time.

## 4.25 ATV - Single Line Connect Message

Enables/disables the display of extended result code in response to a data call.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
------	---------	------------------------	-------------

Exec Command	AT\V	OK	-
Write Command	AT\V[value]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	[0]	Off
	1	On

## 4.26 AT\S - Requests AT Command Settings

Prints the AT command settings.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT\S	E1 Q0 V1 X1 &C2 &D2 &S0 &E0 \V0 S000=000 S002=043 S003=013 S004=010 S005=008 S006=002 S007=000 S008=002 S010=014 S030=000 S103=001 S104=001 OK	-

## 4.27 AT%V - Requests Revision Identification

AT%V delivers product firmware version identification.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT%V	XXX OK	Display product firmware version identification.



## 5 UMTS General Commands

### 5.1 AT+CGMI - Request Manufacturer Identification

AT+CGMI returns a manufacturer identification text.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CGMI=?	OK	-
Exec Command	AT+CGMI	xxx	Display manufacturer identification.

### 5.2 AT+CGMM - Request Model Identification

AT+ CGMM returns a product model identification text.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CGMM=?	OK	-
Exec Command	AT+CGMM	xxx	Display product model identification.

### 5.3 AT+CGMR - Request Revision Identification of Software Status

AT+ CGMR delivers a product firmware version identification.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CGMR=?	OK	-
Exec Command	AT+CGMR	xxx	Display product firmware version identification.

### 5.4 AT+CGSN - Request International Mobile Equipment Identity

AT+ CGSN returns the International Mobile Equipment Identity (IMEI).

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CGSN=?	OK	-
Exec Command	AT+CGSN	xxx	Display IMEI.

### 5.5 AT+CSCS - Character Set

AT+CSCS write command informs the device which character set is used by the TE. This enables the UE to convert character strings correctly between TE and UE character sets.



### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CSCS=?	+CSCS: (<ChSet> value list) OK	List all supported character.
Exec Command	AT+CSCS	OK	Set to default character set (IRA).
Write Command	AT+CSCS=[<ChSet>]	+CSCS: <ChSet> OK	Set TE character which used by the TE.

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<ChSet >	[IRA]	Default character set. International reference alphabet (ITU T T.50 [11]).
	GSM	GSM default alphabet (3GPP TS 23.038 [6], subclause 6.2.1).
	UCS2	16-bit universal multiple-octet coded character set (ISO/IEC10646 [10]). UCS2 character strings are converted to hexadecimal numbers in the range 0000 to FFFF; e.g. "004100620063" equates three 16-bit characters with decimal values 65, 98 and 99.

## 5.6 AT+CIMI - Request International Mobile Subscriber Identity

AT+CIMI delivers the International Mobile Subscriber Identity (IMSI). The IMSI permits the TE to identify the individual SIM attached to the UE.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CIMI=?	OK	-
Exec Command	AT+CIMI	XXX OK	Display IMSI. If failed. It maybe that SIM card is not initiated or locked. If locked, need to input PIN code or PUK code.





## 6 UMTS Call Control Commands

### 6.1 AT+WS46 - Select Wireless Network

Only query command supported, values accepted but no action taken. If you want to change the RAT preference, you can use AT+COPS command.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+WS46=?	+ WS46: (<n> value list) OK	-
Read Command	AT+ WS46?	+ WS46: <n> OK	-

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	12	GSM Digital Cellular Systems (GERAN only)
	22	UTRAN only
	25	3GPP Systems (both GERAN and UTRAN)
	28	LTE only
	29	GERAN + UTRAN
	30	GERAN + LTE
	31	UTRAN + LTE

### 6.2 AT+CSTA - Select Type of Address

This set command selects the type of number for further dialing commands ATD according to 3GPP Technical Specifications. Test command returns values supported a compound value.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CSTA=?	+CSTA: (<type> value list) OK	-
Read Command	AT+CSTA?	+CSTA: <type> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CSTA=<type>	OK	-
Exec Command	AT+CSTA	OK	-

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<type>	145	when dialing string includes international access code character "+"
	[129]	Otherwise.Default value.

## 6.3 AT+CMOD - Set Call Mode

This set command selects the type of call mode. Test command returns values supported a compound value.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CMOD=?	+CMOD: (<mode> value list) OK	-
Read Command	AT+CMOD?	+CMOD: <mode> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CMOD=[<mode>]	OK	-
Exec Command	AT+CMOD	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	[0]	single mode

## 6.4 AT+CBST - Select Bearer Service Type

AT+CBST write command selects the bearer service <name>, the data rate <speed> and the connection element <ce> to be used when data calls are originated. The settings also apply to mobile terminated data calls. See 3GPP TS 22.002 [5].

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CBST=?	+CBST: (<speed> value list), (<name> value list), (<ce > value list) OK	-
Read Command	AT+CBST?	+CBST: <speed >, <name>, <ce > OK	-
Write Command	AT+CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<speed>	0	Automatic Speed Selection
	7	9600 bps (V.32)
	12	9600 bps bps (V.34)
	14	14400 bps (V.34)
	16	28800 bps (V.34)
	17	33600 bps (V.34)

Parameter	Value	Instruction
	39	9600 bps (V.120)
	43	14400 bps (V.120)
	48	28800 bps (V.120)
	51	48000 bps (V.120)
	71	9600 bps (V.110)
	75	14400 bps (V.110)
	80	28800 bps (V.110)
	81	38400 bps (V.110)
	83	56000 bps (V.110 or X.31 flag stuffing; this setting can be used in conjunction with asynchronous non-transparent UDI or RDI service in order to get FTM)
	84	64000 bps (X.31 flag stuffing; this setting can be used in conjunction with asynchronous non-transparent UDI service in order to get FTM)
	116	64000 bps (bit transparent)
	134	64000 bps (multimedia)
<name>	0	Data circuit asynchronous (UDI or 3.1 kHz modem)
	1	Data circuit synchronous (UDI or 3.1 kHz modem)
	4	Data circuit asynchronous (RDI)
<ce>	0	Data transparent
	1	Data nontransparent

### Example:

```

AT+CBST =14,0,1
OK
AT+CBST=?
+CBST:
(0,7,12,14,16,17,39,43,48,51,71,75,80,81,83,84,116,134), (0,1,4), (0,1)
OK
  
```

## 6.5 AT+CRLP - Configure RLP Parameters for Outgoing Non-Transparent Data Calls

AT+CRLP write command sets radio link protocol (RLP) parameters used when non-transparent data calls are originated. The read command returns the current settings for the supported RLP version 0 till 2.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CRLP=?	+CRLP: (list of supported <iws>), (list of supported <mws>), (list of supported <T1>s), (list of supported <N2>s) [,<ver1> [(list of supported <T4>s)]] [<CR><LF>+CRLP: (list of supported <iws>), (list of supported <mws>), (list of supported <T1>s), (list of supported <N2>s)[,<ver1> [(list of supported <T4>s)]] [...]] OK	-
Read Command	AT+CRLP?	+CRLP: <iws>,<mws>,<T1>,<N2>[,<ver1>[,<T4>]] [<CR><LF>+CRLP: <iws>,<mws>,<T1>,<N2>[,<ver2>[,<T4>]] [...]] OK	-
Write Command	AT+CRLP=[<iws>[,<mws>[,<T1>[,<N2>[,<ver>[,<T4>]]]]]]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<iws>	0...61	Interworking window size (IWF to MS)
	0...240...488 for <ver>=2	
<mws>	0...61	Mobile window size (MS to IWF)
	0...240...488 for <ver>=2	
<T1>	38...48...255	Acknowledgement timer (T1 in 10 ms units)
	42...52...255 for <ver>=2	
<N2>	1...6...255	Re-transmission attempts N2
<ver>	0...2	RLP version number

### Example:

```

AT+CRLP?
+CRLP: 61,61,48,6,0
+CRLP: 61,61,48,6,1
+CRLP: 240,240,52,6,2
OK
AT+CRLP =?
+CRLP: (0-61),(0-61),(38-255),(1-255),0
+CRLP: (0-61),(0-61),(38-255),(1-255),1
    
```

```

+CRLP: (0-488), (0-488), (42-255), (1-255), 2
OK
AT+CRLP =60, 60, 48, 6, 1
OK
AT+CRLP?
+CRLP: 61, 61, 48, 6, 0
+CRLP: 60, 60, 48, 6, 1
+CRLP: 240, 240, 52, 6, 2
OK
    
```

## 6.6 AT+CR - Service Reporting Control

AT+CR configures the AT Command Reference Guide whether or not to transmit an intermediate result code +CR: <serv> to the TE when a call is being set up. <mode>=1 may lead to connection failure, if the application waits for default result code/URC.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CR=?	+CR: <mode> list OK	-
Read Command	AT+CR?	+CR: <mode> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CR=<mode>	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	[0]	Disable
	1	Enable

## 6.7 AT+CEER - Service Reporting Control

Execution command causes the TA to return the information text <report>, which should offer the user of the TA an extended report of the reason.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CEER=?	OK	-
Exec Command	AT+CEER	+CEER: <report> OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<report>	-	Failure information, which is possibly occurred.

## 6.8 AT+CRC - Set Cellular Result Codes for Incoming Call Indication

AT+CRC controls whether or not to use the extended format of incoming call indication.

<mode>=1 may lead to connection failure, if the application waits for default result code/URC.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CRC=?	+CRC: <mode> list OK	-
Read Command	AT+CRC?	+CRC: <mode> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CRC=<mode>	OK	-
Exec Command	AT+CRC	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	[0]	Disable extended format
	1	Enable extended format

## 6.9 AT+CHSN - HSCSD Non-Transparent Call Configuration

This set command controls parameters for originating non-transparent HSCSD calls. Values may also be used during mobile terminated data call setup. In GERAN, changing <topRx> or <codings> value during a call does not affect the current call. In GERAN, changing of <wAiuR> or <wRx> affects the current call only if <topRx> was non-zero when call was established textual format.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CHSN=?	+CHSN: (list of supported <wAiuR>s), (list of supported <wRx>s), (list of supported <topRx>, (list of supported <codings>s) OK	-
Read Command	AT+CHSN?	+CHSN: <wAiuR>,<wRx>,<topRx>,<codings> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CHSN= [<wAiuR>[,<wRx> [,<topRx> [,<codings>]]]]	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<wAiuR>	0	TA shall calculate a proper value from currently selected fixed network user rate(<speed> Sub parameter from +CBST command)
	2	14400(bps)
	4	28800(bps)

Parameter	Value	Instruction
	7	57600(bps)
<wRx>	0	TA shall calculate a proper value from currently selected<wAiur> and <codings>
<topRx>	0	TA shall calculate a proper value from currently selected<wAiur> and <codings>
<codings>	0	All supported codings are accepted

## 6.10 AT+CGPIAF - IPV6 Format

Reads IP Address Format, determines what format to print IPV6 address parameters of other AT commands, and reports Mobile Termination Error Change result code to numeric value.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGPIAF =?	+ CGPIAF: (list of supported <Ipv6_AddressFormat >s), (list of supported <Ipv6_SubnetNotation >s), (list of supported <Ipv6_LeadingZeros >, (list of supported <Ipv6_CompressZeros >s) OK	-
Read Command	AT+ CGPIAF?	+ CGPIAF: <Ipv6_AddressFormat>, <Ipv6_SubnetNotation>, <Ipv6_LeadingZeros>, <Ipv6_CompressZeros> OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGPIAF = [<Ipv6_AddressFormat> [,<Ipv6_SubnetNotation> [,<Ipv6_LeadingZeros> [,<Ipv6_CompressZeros>]]]]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<Ipv6_AddressFormat>	0	Disable
	1	Enable
<Ipv6_SubnetNotation>	0	Disable
	1	Enable
<Ipv6_LeadingZeros>	0	Disable
	1	Enable

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<Ipv6_CompressZeros>	0	Disable
	1	Enable

## 6.11 AT+CSTF - Settings Time Format

This set command sets the time format of the time information presented to the user, which is specified by use of the <mode> parameter. The <mode> affects the time format on the phone display and doesn't affect the time format of the AT command serial interface, so it is not actually used.

Read commands reads the current setting. Test command reads the supported <modes>s.

Before executing read command (AT+CSTF?), you must executing write command (AT+CSTF=<mode>) firstly.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CSTF=?	+CSTF: <mode> list OK	-
Read Command	AT+CSTF?	+CSTF: <mode> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CSTF=<mode>	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	1	HH:MM (24 hour clock)
	2	HH:MM a.m./p.m.

## 6.12 AT+CSDF - Settings Date Format

This command sets the date format via MMI of the date information presented to the user, which is specified by use of the <mode> parameter. The <mode> affects the date format on the phone display and doesn't affect the date format of the AT command serial interface. The command also sets the date format of the TE-TA interface, which is specified by use of the <auxmode> parameter (e.g. the <auxmode> affects the <time> of +CCLK). If the parameter is omitted (" +CSDF ="," +CSDF =<mode>"," +CSDF=,<auxmode>"), then this sets the default value.

Before executing read command (AT+CSDF?), you must executing write command to set the date format firstly.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CSDF=?	+CSDF: (<mode> list), (<auxmode> list) OK	-





Read Command	AT+CSDF?	+CSDF: <mode>,<auxmode> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CSDF=[[<mode>] [,<auxmode>]]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	1	<b>Note:</b> It is manufacturer specific which modes that are supported. Presentation of MMM is language dependent. DD-MMM-YYYY
	2	DD-MM-YY
	3	MM/DD/YY
	4	DD/MM/YY
	5	DD.MM.YY
	6	YYMMDD
	7	YY-MM-DD
<auxmode>	1	yy/MM/dd
	2	yyyy/MM/dd

#### Example:

```
at+csdf =7,2
OK
at+cclk?
+cclk: "1980/01/06,01:11:47"
OK
```

## 6.13 AT+CUAD - UICC Application Discovery

This command asks the MT to discover what applications are available for selection on the UICC. According to TS 102.221 [10], the ME shall access and read the EF<sub>DIR</sub> file in the UICC and return the values that are stored in its records. Each record contains the AID and optionally application parameters of one of the applications available on the UICC.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT+CUAD	+CUAD: <response> OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<response>	XXX	String type in hexadecimal character format.

#### Example:

```
AT+CUAD
```

```
+CUAD:
```

```
"611D4F10A0000000871002FF86FFFF89FFFFFFFF5009556E6976657253494DFF"
```

```
OK
```



## 6.14 AT+CEAP - EAP authentication

This command allows a TE to exchange EAP packets with the UICC or the ME.

Prior to the execution of this command, the TE shall retrieve the available AIDs using the +CUAD command. The TE shall select one appropriate AID to be addressed. Selection may include asking the user, and considering EAP methods supported by the AIDs. The TE shall set the <dfname> value using the selected AID and shall set the <EAP Method> value to the requested EAP method. The TE may set the <Dfeap> value to the directory file identifier that is applicable to the <EAP Method>; which is derived from the discretionary data returned by +CUAD. The parameter is mandatory for EAP terminated in UICC.

If the targeted application on the UICC does support the requested EAP method, the MT shall use the value provided in <Dfeap>, and it shall transmit the <EAP packet data> to the UICC application using the Authenticate APDU command as defined in ETSI TS 102 310 [66]. The appropriate DF<sub>EAP</sub> in the ADF must be selected prior to the submission of an EAP Authenticate command with the <EAP packet data>. Then the EAP Response data sent by the UICC application in its response to the Authenticate command shall be provided to the TE in <EAP packet response>.

If the targeted application on the UICC does not support the requested EAP method and if the MT does support this method then the <EAP packet data> shall be handled by the MT. During the handling of the EAP method, the MT shall run the authentication algorithm on the SIM or USIM, respectively.

Also the MT has to allocate an <EAP sessionid> in order to identify an EAP session and its corresponding keys and parameters.

If neither the MT nor the appropriate UICC application supports the requested EAP method, the MT shall respond with CME ERROR: 49 (EAP method not supported).

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT+CEAP =<dfname>,<EAP Method>,<EAP packet data> [,<Dfeap>]	+CEAP: <EAP sessionid>,<EAP parameter response> OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<dfname>	XXX	<dfname>: string type in hexadecimal character format. All selectable applications are represented in the UICC by an AID coded on 1 to 16 bytes.
<EAP Method>	XXX	String type in hexadecimal character format. This is the EAP Method Type as defined in RFC 3748 [13] in 1 byte format or 8 bytes expanded format. The value range for 1 byte format and for 8 bytes expanded format is defined in RFC 3748 [13].

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<EAP packet data>	XXX	<EAP packet data>: string type in hexadecimal character format. This is the EAP packet data in hexadecimal character as defined in ETSI TS 102 310 [9].
<Dfeap>	XXX	<Dfeap>: string type in hexadecimal character format. Contains the DF(EAP) associated with the specified <EAPMethod> on the SIM/UICC as defined in ETSI TS 102 310 [9] (e.g. "6D34").
<EAP sessionid>	1-4294967295	Integer type. This is the identifier of the EAP session to be used in order to retrieve the EAP parameters with EAP Retrieve Parameters +CERP command. Value range is from 1 to 4294967295.
<EAP parameter response>	XXX	String type in hexadecimal character format. Defined in ETSI TS 102 310 [9].

## 6.15 AT+CERP - EAP Retrieve Parameters

This command allows a TE to retrieve EAP session parameters / derived keys after a run of the +CEAP command. If the EAP session is handled by the UICC then the MT shall return the content of the elementary file corresponding to the indicated <EAP parameter>. Those Efs are defined in ETSI TS 102 310 [9].

If the MT handles the EAP session then the MT shall return the corresponding parameter encoded as defined for EAP files, see ETSI TS 102 310 [9].

For example, the keys shall be retrieved in the TLV format described in ETSI TS 102 310 [9].

If neither the MT nor the appropriate UICC application can provide the requested information (e.g. because the requested EAP session ID does not exist), the MT shall respond with CME ERROR: 50 (Incorrect parameters).

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT+CERP=<EAP sessionid>,<EAP parameter>	+CERP: <EAP parameter response> OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<EAP sessionid>	1-4294967295	This is the identifier of the EAP session to be used in order to retrieve the EAP parameters corresponding to an active EAP session.
<EAP parameter>	1	Keys
	2	Status
	3	Identity
	4	Pseudonym

<EAP parameter response>	XXX	String type in hexadecimal character format. The format of th parameter is defined in ETSI TS 102 310 [66]. The <EAP parameter response> depends on the value of the <EAP parameter>.
--------------------------	-----	---

**Example:**

```

AT+CUAD
+CUAD:
"61244F10A0000000871002FF86FFFF89FFFFFFFF5010434D43434543505553494
D322E304120"
OK
AT+CEAP = "4F10", "12", "0101000BA0000000871002"
+CEAP: 531871624,"020100060312"
OK
AT+CERP=531871624,3
+CERP: "34363030323031333633373536"
OK
AT+CERP = 531871624,2
+CERP: "01"
OK

```



## 7 ITU-T V.25ter Call Control Commands

### 7.1 ATH - Disconnect Existing Data Connection

ATH disconnects circuit switched data calls. For voice calls use AT+CHUP or AT^SHUP.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	ATH[<n>]	OK	-

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	[0]	Disconnect from line and terminate data call.

### 7.2 AT+CVHU - Voice hang-up control

This command is used for voice hang-up control.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT+CVHU=[<mode>]	OK	-
Read Command	AT+CVHU?	+CVHU: <mode> OK	
Test Command	AT+CVHU=?	+CVHU: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0	"Drop DTR" ignored but OK response given. ATH disconnects
	1	"Drop DTR" and ATH ignored but OK response given



## 8 Network Service-related Commands

### 8.1 AT+CNUM - Subscriber Number

Action command returns the MSISDNs related to the subscriber (this information can be stored in the SIM/UICC or in the MT). When storing information in the SIM/UICC, if a SIM card is present or if a UICC with an active GSM application is present, the information is stored in the EFMSISDN under DFTelecom. If a UICC with an active USIM application is present, the information is stored in the EFMSISDN under ADFUSIM). If subscriber has different MSISDN for different services, each MSISDN is returned in a separate line.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Execute Command	AT+CNUM	<n> OK	-
Test Command	AT+CNUM=?	OK	-

#### Example

AT+CNUM	Before you first execute this command, you should execute these settings:
+CNUM: "test", "13012345678", 129	AT\$QCPBMPREF=1
OK	AT+CPBS="ON"
	AT+CPBW=1, "13012345678", , "test"

### 8.2 AT+CREG - Network Registration Report

Set command controls the presentation of an unsolicited result.

Read command returns the status of result code presentation and an integer <stat>, which shows whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the MT.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CREG=?	+CREG: (0-2) OK	-
Read Command	AT+CREG?	+CREG: <n>,<stat>[,<lac>,<ci>,<Act>] OK	-
Write Command	AT+CREG=<mode>	OK	-

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0	Disable network registration unsolicited result code.
	1	Enable network registration unsolicited result code.
	2	Enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code.

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<stat>	0	Not registered, not searching
	1	Registered on home Network
	2	Not registered, searching
	3	Registration denied
	4	Unknown registration state
<lac>		Location Area Code
<ci>		Cell ID
<AcT>	2	WCDMA access technology
	4	HSDPA accesstechnology
	5	HSUPA access technology
	6	HSDPA+ HSUPA
	7	LTE access technology
	10	LTE connected to 5G Core Network
	11	NR connected to 5G Core Network
	12	NG-RAN access technology
	13	Dual connectivity of LTE with NR

### Example

```
AT+CREG=1
```

```
OK
```

```
AT+CREG?
```

```
+CREG: 1,1
```

```
OK
```

```
AT+CREG=2
```

```
OK
```

## 8.3 AT+COPS - PLMN Selection

Set command forces an attempt to select and register the GSM/UMTS/EPS/5G network operator. Test Command (AT+COPS=?) need wait 20 second to return result.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+COPS=?	+COPS: (2,"CHN-UNICOM","UNICOM","46001",7), (1,"CHN-UNICOM","UNICOM","46001",2), (3,"CHINA MOBILE","CMCC","46000",7), (1,"CHN-CT","CT","46011",7),, (0,1,2,3,4),(0,1,2)	
		OK	



Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+COPS?	+COPS: <mode>,<format>,<oper>,<eons>,<AcT> OK	-
Write Command	AT+COPS=<mode> [,<format> [,<oper>[,<AcT>]]]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0	Automatic (<oper> field is ignored).
	1	Manual (<oper> field shall be present, and <AcT> optionally).
	2	Deregister from network.
	3	Set only <format>, do not attempt registration/deregistration.
<format>	0	Long format alphanumeric <oper>, for example, CHN-UNICOM.
	1	Short format alphanumeric <oper>,for example, UNICOM
	2	Numeric, for example, 46001
<oper>	String type	-
<eons>	String type	Enhanced Operator Name String
<AcT>	0	GSM
	1	GSM Compact
	2	UTRAN
	3	GSM w/EGPRS
	4	UTRAN w/HSDPA
	5	UTRAN w/HSUPA
	6	UTRAN w/HSDPA and HSUPA
	7	E-UTRAN
	8	EC-GSM-IoT
	9	NB-IoT
	10	LTE connected to 5G Core Network
	11	NR connected to 5G Core Network
	12	NG-RAN access technology
13	Dual connectivity of LTE with NR	

### Example

```
AT+COPS=1,2,"46001",7
```

```
OK
```

```
////// EONS vs v14
```

## 8.4 AT+CLCK - Facility Lock/Unlock



Execute command is used to lock, unlock or interrogate a MT or a network facility <fac>. Password is normally needed to do such actions. When querying the status of a network service (<mode>=2) the response line for 'not active' case (<status>=0) should be returned only if service is not active for any <class>. This command should be abortable when network facilities are set or interrogated. Call barring facilities are based on GSM/UMTS supplementary services (refer 3GPP TS 22.088 [14]). The interaction of these with other commands based on other GSM/UMTS supplementary services is described in the GSM/UMTS standard.

Test command returns facility values supported as a compound value.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CLCK=?	+CLCK: ("AB","AC","AG","AI","AO","IR","OI","OX","SC","FD","PN","PU","PP","PC","PF")  OK	-
Write Command	AT+CLCK=<fac>,<mode>[,<passwd>[,<class>]]	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<fac>	"AB"	All Barring services (refer 3GPP TS 22.030 [16]) (applicable only for <mode>=0)
	"AC"	All 46uarante barring services (refer 3GPP TS 22.030 [16]) (applicable only for <mode>=0)
	"AG"	All 46uarante barring services (refer 3GPP TS 22.030 [16]) (applicable only for <mode>=0)
	"AI"	BAIC (Barr All Incoming Calls) (refer 3GPP TS 22.088 [14] clause 2)
	"AO"	BAOC (Barr All Outgoing Calls) (refer 3GPP TS 22.088 [14] clause 1)
	"IR"	BIC-Roam (Barr Incoming Calls when Roaming outside the home country) (refer 3GPP TS 22.088 [14] clause 2)
	"OI"	BOIC (Barr Outgoing International Calls) (refer 3GPP TS 22.088 [14] clause 1)
	"OX"	BOIC-exHC(BarrOutgoing InternationalCallsexcepttoHomeCountry)(refer3GPPTS22.088 [14] clause 1)
	"SC"	SIM (lock SIM/UICC card installed in the currently selected card slot) (SIM/UICC asks password in MT power-up and when this lock command issued)



Parameter	Value	Instruction
	"FD"	SIM card or active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM) fixed 46uarant memory feature (if PIN2 authentication has not been done during the current session, PIN2 is required as <passwd>)
	"PN"	Network Personalization (refer 3GPP TS 22.022 [15])
	"PU"	Network sUbset Personalization (refer 3GPP TS 22.022 [15])
	"PP"	Service Provider Personalization (refer 3GPP TS 22.022 [15])
	"PC"	Corporate Personalization (refer 3GPP TS 22.022 [15])
	"PF"	Lock Phone to the very First inserted SIM/UICC card (also referred in the present document as PH-FSIM) (MT asks password when other than the first SIM/UICC card is inserted)
<mode>	0	Unlock
	1	Lock
	2	Query status
<passwd>	string type	Shall be the same as password specified for the facility from the MT user interface or with command Change Password +CPWD
<class>		A sum of integers each representing a class of information (default 7 - voice, data and fax)
	1	voice (telephony)
	2	data (refers to all bearer services; with <mode>=2 this may refer only to some bearer service if TA does not support values 16, 32, 64 and 128)
	4	fax (facsimile services)
	8	short message service
	16	data circuit sync
	32	data circuit async
	64	dedicated packet access
	128	dedicated PAD access

**Example**

```
AT+CLCK="SC", 1, "1234"
OK
```

## 8.5 AT+CPWD - Set New Password

Action command sets a new password for the facility lock function defined by command Facility Lock +CLCK

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CPWD=?	+CPWD: ("AB",4),("AC",4),("AG",4),("AI",4),("AO",4), ("IR",4),("OI",4),("OX",4),("SC",8),("P2",8) OK	

Write Command	AT+ CPWD =<fac>,<oldpwd>, <newpwd>	OK	-
---------------	--	----	---

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<fac>	"SC"	RUIM (PIN request)
	"P2"	RUIM PIN2
<oldpwd>	string type	Shall be the same as password specified for the facility from the MT user interface or with command Change Password +CPWD.
<newpwd>	string type	The new password

## 8.6 AT+COPN - Read Operator Names

The execute command returns the list of operator names from the MT.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Execute Command	AT+COPN	- OK	-
Test Command	AT+ COPN=?	OK	-

## 8.7 AT+CPLS - Selection of Preferred PLMN List

This command is used to select one PLMN selector with Access Technology list in the SIM card or active application in the UICC (GSM or USIM), that is used by +CPOL command.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+ CPLS?	+CPLS: 0 OK	-
Test Command	AT+ CPLS =?	+CPLS: 0,1,2 OK	-
Write Command	AT+CPLS=<list>	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<list>	0	User controlled PLMN selector with Access Technology EFPLMNwAcT,if not found in the SIM/UICC then PLMN preferred list EFPLMNsel (this file is only available in SIM card or GSM application selected in UICC)
	1	Operator controlled PLMN selector with Access Technology EFOPLMNwAcT
	2	HPLMN selector with Access Technology EFHPLMNwAcT

## 8.8 AT+C5GREG - NR5G(SA) Network Registration Status Report

This command is used to query Network Registration status in NR5G(SA) network. .

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+C5GREG?	+C5GREG: <n>,<stat>[, [<tac>], [<ci>], [<AcT>], [<Allowed_NSSAI_length>], [<Allowed_NSSAI>]] OK	-
Write Command	AT+C5GREG=[<n>]	OK	-
Test Command	AT+C5GREG=?	+C5GREG:(0-2) OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	Disable network registration unsolicited result code.
	1	Enable network registration unsolicited result code.
	2	Enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code.
<stat>	0	Not registered, not searching
	1	Registered on home network
	2	Not registered, searching
	3	Registration denied
	4	Unknown registration state
	5	Registered, roaming
<tac>	-	String type; Tracking Area Code in hexadecimal format
<ci>	-	String type; NR5G cell ID in hexadecimal format
<Allowed_NSSAI_length>	-	Integer type; indicates the number of octets of the <Allowed_NSSAI> information element
<Allowed_NSSAI>	-	String type in hexadecimal format

## 8.9 AT+C5GNSSAI - NR5G(SA) NSSAI setting

This command is used to set the default configured NSSAI.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+C5GNSSAI?	+C5GNSSAI: [<default_configured_nssai_length>, <default_configured_nssai>] OK	-
Write Command	AT+C5GNSSAI=<default_configured_nssai_length>,<default_configured_nssai>	OK	-

Test Command	AT+C5GNSSAI=?	+C5GNSSAI: (range of supported <default_configured_nssai_length>), (range of supported <default_configured_nssai>) OK
--------------	---------------	--

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<default_configured_nssai_length>	0-64	Integer type. Indicates the length in octets of the default configured NSSAI to be stored at the MT
<default_configured_nssai>	-	String type in hexadecimal format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s), semicolon(s) and colon(s). This parameter indicates the list of S-NSSAIs included in the default configured NSSAI to be stored by the MT. If the value is an empty string (""), no default configured NSSAI is stored at the MT

## 8.10 AT+C5GNSSAIRDP - NR5G(SA) NSSAI read dynamic parameters

This command is used to read the NR5G(SA) NSSAI dynamic parameters.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT+C5GNSSAIRDP [=<nssai_type>[,<plmn_id>]]	[+C5GNSSAIRDP: <default_configured_nssai_length>, <default_configured_nssai>[, <rejected_nssai_3gpp_length>, <rejected_nssai_3gpp>[, <rejected_nssai_non3gpp_length>, <rejected_nssai_non3gpp>]]] OK	-
Test Command	AT+C5GNSSAIRDP=?	+C5GNSSAIRDP: (list of supported <nssai_type>), (range of supported <plmn_id>) OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<nssai_type>	0	Return stored default configured NSSAI only
	1	Return stored default configured NSSAI and rejected NSSAI(s)
	2	Return stored default configured NSSAI, rejected NSSAI(s) and configured NSSAI(s)
	3	Return stored default configured NSSAI, rejected NSSAI(s), configured NSSAI(s) and allowed NSSAI(s)

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<plmn_id>	-	String type. Indicates the MCC and MNC of the PLMN to which the NSSAI information applies. For the format and the encoding of the MCC and MNC, see 3GPP TS 23.003 Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Numbering, addressing and identification
<default_configured_nssai_length>	-	Integer type; indicates the length in octets of the default configured NSSAI stored at the MT.
<default_configured_nssai>	-	String type in hexadecimal format. Dependent of the form, the string can be separated by dot(s), semicolon(s) and colon(s). This parameter indicates the list of S-NSSAIs included in the default configured NSSAI stored at the MT for the PLMN

## 8.11 AT+C5GSMS - NR5G(SA) access selection preference for MO SMS

This command is used for access selection preference for MO SMS under NR5G SA network.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+C5GSMS?	+C5GSMS: <access_pref> OK	-
Write Command	AT+C5GSMS= [<access_pref>]	OK	-
Test Command	AT+C5GSMS=?	+C5GSMS: (list of currently supported <access_pref>s) OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<access_pref>	0	3GPP access preferred.

## 8.12 AT+C5GUSMS - NR5G(SA) use of SMS over NAS

This command is used to request the use of SMS over NAS in 5GS as well as to indicate the unsolicited result codes about the availability status and allowed status of the same.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+C5GUSMS?	+C5GUSMS: <sms_available>, <sms_allowed> OK	-
Write Command	AT+C5GUSMS=[<n> [,<sms_requested>]]	OK	-

Test Command	AT+C5GUSMS=?	+C5GUSMS: (list of supported <n>s),(list of supported <sms_requested>s) OK	-
--------------	--------------	---	---

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	No change in current setting of <n>
	1	Disable unsolicited result code
	2	Enable unsolicited result code
<sms_requested >	0	Triggers the UE to request the use of SMS over NAS in 5G(SA)
<sms_available >	0	Indicates that the SMS over NAS in 5GS availability status for the UE is unknown
	1	Indicates that SMS over NAS in 5GS is not available in the network for the UE (see 3GPP TS 24.501 [27] 3GPP TS 24.501 Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3 subclause 5.4.4.3
	2	Indicates that SMS over NAS in 5GS is available in the network for the UE (see 3GPP TS 24.501 3GPP TS 24.501 Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3 subclause 5.4.4.3)
<sms_allowed>	0	Indicates that SMS over NAS in 5GS allowed status for the UE is unknown
	1	Indicates that the UE is not allowed by the network to use SMS over NAS in 5GS (see 3GPP TS 24.501 3GPP TS 24.501 Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3 subclauses 5.4.4.3, 5.5.1.2.4 and 5.5.1.3.4)
	2	Indicates that the UE is allowed by the network to use SMS over NAS in 5GS (see 3GPP TS 24.501 3GPP TS 24.501 Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3 sub clauses 5.5.1.2.4 and 5.5.1.3.4)





## 9 Mobile Equipment Commands

### 9.1 AT+CPAS - Phone Activity Status

Execution command returns the activity status <pas> of the MT. It can be used to interrogate the MT before requesting action from the phone.

Test command returns values supported by the MT as a compound value.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Execute Command	AT+ CPAS	+CPAS: <stat> OK	-
Test Command	AT+ CPAS =?	+CPAS: (0,3,4) OK	-

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<stat>	0	Ready (MT allows commands from TA/TE)
	3	Ringing (MT is ready for commands from TA/TE, but the ringer is active)
	4	Call in progress (MT is ready for commands from TA/TE, but a call is in progress)

### 9.2 AT+CFUN - Set Phone Functionality

This set command selects the level of functionality <fun> in the MT. Level “full functionality” is where the highest level of power is drawn. “Minimum functionality” is where minimum power is drawn. Level of functionality between these may also be specified by manufacturers. When supported by manufacturers, MT resetting with <rst> parameter may be utilized.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+ CFUN?	+CFUN: 1 OK	-
Test Command	AT+ CFUN=?	+CFUN: (0-1,4-7),(0-1) OK	-
Write Command	AT+CFUN=<fun>[,<rst>]	-	-

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<fun>	0	Minimum functionality.
	1	Full functionality.
	4	Disable phone both transmit and receive RF circuits.
	5	Set Factory Test Mode.
	6	Set it Reset.

Parameter	Value	Instruction
	7	Set it Offline.
<rst>	0	Do not reset the MT before setting it to <fun> power level.
	1	UE resets and restarts.

### 9.3 AT+CPIN - Enter PIN

This set command sends to the MT a password which is necessary before it can be operated (SIM PIN, SIM PUK, PH-SIM PIN, etc.). If the PIN is to be entered twice, the TA shall automatically repeat the PIN. If no PIN request is pending, no action is taken towards MT and an error message, +CME ERROR, is returned to TE.

**Note:** SIM PIN, SIM PUK, PH-SIM PIN, PH-FSIM PIN, PH-FSIM PUK, SIM PIN2 and SIM PUK2 refer to the PIN of the selected application on the UICC. For example, in an UTRAN context, the selected application on a UICC should be a USIM and the SIM PIN then represents the PIN of the selected USIM. See TS 31.101 0 for further details on application selection on the UICC.

If the PIN required is SIM PUK or SIM PUK2, the second pin is required. This second pin, <newpin>, is used to replace the old pin in the SIM.

**Note:**

Commands which interact with MT that are accepted when MT is pending SIM PIN, SIM PUK, or PH-SIM are: +CGMI, +CGMM, +CGMR, +CGSN, D112; (emergencycall), +CPAS, +CFUN, +CPIN, +CDIS (read and test command only), and +CIND (read and test command only).

Read command returns an alphanumeric string indicating whether some password is required or not.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+CPIN?	+CPIN: READY OK	-
Test Command	AT+ CPIN =?	OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CPIN= <pin>[,<newpin>]	- OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<pin>	string type values	
<newpin>	string type values	

### 9.4 AT+CSQ - Signal Quality

Execution command returns received signal strength indication <rsqi> and channel bit error rate <ber> from the MT.

Test command returns values supported as compound values.





### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Execute Command	AT+ CSQ	+CSQ: <rssi>,<ber> OK	-
Test Command	AT+ CSQ =?	+CSQ: (0-31,99),(0-7,99) OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<rssi>	0	-113 dBm or less
	1	-111 dBm
	2-30	-109... -53 dBm
	31	-51 dBm or greater
	99	Not known or not detectable
<ber>	0-7	As RXQUAL values in the table in 3GPP TS 45.008 [20] subclause 8.2.4
	99	Not known or not detectable

## 9.5 AT+CCLK - Sets Clock

This set command sets the real-time clock of the MT.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+ CCLK?	+CCLK: "80/01/06,04:40:36" OK	-
Test Command	AT+ CCLK =?	OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CCLK = <time>	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<time>	string type	Format is "yy/MM/dd,hh:mm:ss±zz"

## 9.6 AT+CSIM - Generic SIM Access

This set command transmits to the MT the <command> it then shall send as it is to the SIM. In the same manner the SIM <response> shall be sent back by the MT to the TA as it is. This command allows a direct control of the SIM by a distant application on the TE. The TE shall then take care of processing SIM information within the frame specified by GSM/UMTS. Need to set NV6253 as 1 before executing this AT command. Otherwise, it will return error directly.

### Note:

Compared to Restricted SIM Access command +CRSM, the definition of +CSIM allows TE to take more control over the SIM-MT interface. The locking and unlocking of the

interface may be done by a special <command> value or automatically by TA/MT (by interpreting <command> parameter). In case that TE application does not use the unlockcommand (or does not send a <command> causing automatic unlock) in a certain timeout value, MT may release the locking.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CSIM =?	OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CSIM = <length>,<command>	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<length>	Integer type	length of the characters that are sent to TE in <command> or <response> (two times the actual length of the command or response)
<command>		Command passed on by the MT to the SIM in the format as described in GSM 51.011 [17] (hexadecimal character format; refer +CSCS)

**Example**

```
AT+CSIM=?
OK
AT+CSIM=14,"00A40004023F00"
+CSIM: 4,"612E"
OK
```

## 9.7 AT+CRSM - Restricted SIM Access

By using this command instead of Generic SIM Access +CSIM TE application has easier but more limited access to the SIM database. Set command transmits to the MT the SIM <command> and its required parameters. MT handles internally all SIM-MT interface locking and file selection routines. As response to the command, MT sends the actual SIM information parameters and response data. MT error result code +CME ERROR may be returned when the command cannot be passed to the SIM, but failure in the execution of the command in the SIM is reported in <sw1> and <sw2> parameters. Coordination of command requests to SIM and the ones issued by GSM/UMTS application inside the MT is implementation dependent. However the TE should be aware of the precedence of the GSM/UMTS application commands to the TE commands.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CRSM =?	OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CRSM = <command>[,<fileid> [,<P1>,<P2>,<P3> [,<data>[,<pathid>]]]]	+CRSM: 144,0,"6232820278218410A000 0000871002FF86FFFF89FFFFFFFF	-

		8A01058B062F0601010001C60F9 001A0950100830111830101830181" OK	
--	--	---	--

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<command>		Command passed on by the MT to the SIM; refer GSM 51.011 [17]
	176	READ BINARY
	178	READ RECORD
	192	GET RESPONSE
	214	UPDATE BINARY
	220	UPDATE RECORD
	242	STATUS
<fileid>	Integer type	This is the identifier of a elementary datafile on SIM. Mandatory for every command except STATUS
<p1>/<p2>/<p3>	Integer type	Parameters passed on by the MT to the SIM. These parameters are mandatory for every command, except GET RESPONSE and STATUS. The values are described in GSM 51.011 [17]
<data>	String type	Information which shall be written to the SIM (hexadecimal character format; refer +CSCS)
<pathid>	String type	Contains the path of an elementary file on the SIM/UICC in hexadecimal format as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [10] (e.g. "7F205F70" in SIM and UICC case). The <pathid> shall only be used in the mode "select by path from MF" as defined in ETSI TS 102 221 [10].

## 9.8 AT+CLAC - Available AT Commands

Execution command causes the MT to return one or more lines of AT Commands.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CLAC =?	OK	-
Execute Command	AT+ CLAC	...	-
		^VERSION	
		^BodySaron	
		^VERINFO	
		^SBFS	
		...	
		OK	

## 9.9 AT+CTZU - Automatic Time Zone Update

This set command enables and disables automatic time zone update via NITZ.

Read command returns the current settings in the MT.

Test command returns supported on- and off-values.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CTZU =?	+CTZU: (0-1) OK	-
Read Command	AT+ CTZU?	+CTZU: 1 OK	-
Write Command	AT+CTZU=<onoff>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<onoff>	0	Disable automatic time zone update via NITZ (default).
	1	Enable automatic time zone update via NITZ.

## 9.10 AT+CTZR - Time Zone Reporting

This set command enables and disables the time zone change event reporting. If the reporting is enabled the MT returns the unsolicited result code +CTZV: <tz> whenever the time zone is changed.

Read command returns the current reporting settings in the MT. Test command returns supported <onoff>-values.

**Note:** The Time Zone reporting is not affected by the Automatic Time Zone setting command, +CTZU.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CTZR =?	+CTZR: (0-2) OK	-
Read Command	AT+ CTZR?	+CTZR: 0 OK	-
Write Command	AT+CTZR=<onoff>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<onoff>	0	Disable time zone change event reporting (default).
	1	Enable time zone change event reporting

## 9.11 AT+CMEE - Report Mobile Termination error

This set command disables or enables the use of result code +CME ERROR: <err> as an indication of an error relating to the functionality of the MT. When enabled, MT related

errors cause +CME ERROR: <err> final result code instead of the regular ERROR final result code. ERROR is returned normally when error is related to syntax, invalid parameters, or TA functionality.

Test command returns values supported as a compound value.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CMEE =?	+CMEE: (0,1,2) OK	-
Read Command	AT+ CMEE?	+CMEE: 2 OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CMEE =<n>	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	Disable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use ERROR instead
	1	Enable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use numeric <err> values (refer next subclause)
	2	Enable +CME ERROR: <err> result code and use verbose <err> values (refer next subclause)

## 9.12 AT+CVMOD - Report Voice Domain Preference

This command can set/get current setting about voice domain preference.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CVMOD =?	+CVMOD:(0-3) OK	-
Read Command	AT+CVMOD?	+CVMOD: <n> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CVMOD=<n>	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	CS Voice only
	1	IMS PS Voice only
	2	CS voice preferred, IMS PS Voice as secondary
	3	IMS PS voice preferred, CS Voice as secondary

## 9.13 AT+CEMODE - Report UE Modes of Operation for EPS

This command can get current setting about UE's usage setting.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
------	---------	------------------------	-------------



Test Command	AT+CEMODE=?	+CEMODE:(0-3) OK	-
Read Command	AT+CEMODE?	+CEMODE: <n> OK	-



### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	UE registers only to EPS ,UE's usage setting is Data centric
	1	UE registers only to EPS and Non-EPS ,UE's usage setting is Voice centric
	2	UE registers only to EPS and Non-EPS ,UE's usage setting is Data centric
	3	UE registers only to EPS ,UE's usage setting is Voice centric



# 10 UMTS-specific Packet Domain Commands

## 10.1 AT+CGDCONT - Define PDP Context

The set command specifies PDP context parameter values for a PDP context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <cid>. The number of PDP contexts that may be in a defined state at the same time is given by the range returned by the test command.

A special form of the set command, +CGDCONT= <cid> causes the values for context number <cid> to become undefined

The read command returns the current settings for each defined context.

The test command returns values supported as a compound value. If the MT supports several PDP types, <PDP\_type>, the parameter value ranges for each <PDP\_type> are returned on a separate line

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGDCONT=?	+CGDCONT: (1-42),"IP",,(0-3),(0-4),(0-1),(0-1) +CGDCONT: (1-42),"PPP",,(0-3),(0-4),(0-1),(0-1) +CGDCONT: (1-42),"IPV6",,(0-3),(0-4),(0-1),(0-1) +CGDCONT: (1-42),"IPV4V6",,(0-3),(0-4),(0-1),(0-1) OK	-
Read Command	AT+ CGDCONT?	+CGDCONT: 1,"IPV4V6",,"0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0",0,0,0,0 OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGDCONT=[<cid> [,<PDP_type> [,<APN> [,<PDP_addr> [,<d_comp> [,<h_comp>]]]]]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	(PDP Context Identifier) A numeric parameter, which specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands. The range of permitted values (minimum value = 1) is returned by the test form of the command
<PDP_type>	String type	"IP","IPV6","IPV4V6","PPP"
<APN>	String type	(Access Point Name) a string parameter which is a logical name that is used to select the GGSN or the external packet data

Parameter	Value	Instruction
		network. If the value is null or omitted, then the subscription value will be requested.
<PDP_addr>	String type	A string parameter that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP. If the value is null or omitted, then a value may be provided by the TE during the PDP startup procedure or, failing that, a dynamic address will be requested. The read form of the command will continue to return the null string even if an address has been allocated during the PDP startup procedure. The allocated address may be read using the +CGPADDR command
<d_comp>		A numeric parameter that controls PDP data compression (applicable for SNDCP only) (refer 3GPP TS 44.065 [18])
	0	off(default if value is omitted)
	1	on (manufacturer preferred compression)
	2	V.42bis
<h_comp>		A numeric parameter that controls PDP header compression (refer 3GPP TS 44.065 [18] and 3GPP TS 25.323 [19])
	0	off (default if value is omitted)
	1	on (manufacturer preferred compression)
	2	RFC1144 [22] (applicable for SNDCP only)
	3	RFC2507 [23]
	4	RFC3095 [24] (applicable for PDCP only)

### Example

```
AT+CGDCONT=2,"IP"
OK
```

## 10.2 AT+CGDSCONT - Define Secondary PDP Context

The set command specifies PDP context parameter values for a Secondary PDP context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <cid>. The number of PDP contexts that may be in a defined state at the same time is given by the range returned by the test command.

A special form of the set command, +CGDSCONT= <cid> causes the values for context number <cid> to become undefined

The read command returns the current settings for each defined context.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CGDSCONT=?	+CGDSCONT: (1-42),(1,2,3,4,5),"IP",(0-3),(0-4) +CGDSCONT: (1-42),(),"PPP",(0-3),(0-4) +CGDSCONT: (1-42),(),"IPV6",(0-3),(0-4) +CGDSCONT: (1-42),(),"IPV4V6",(0-3),(0-4) OK	-
Read Command	AT+CGDSCONT?	[+CGDSCONT: <cid>,<p_cid>,<d_comp>,<h_comp>] [...] OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGDSCONT =[<cid>, <p_cid>[,<d_comp> [,<h_comp>]]]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	(PDP Context Identifier) A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands. The range of permitted values (minimum value = 1) is returned by the test form of the command
<p_cid>	1-5	(Primary PDP Context Identifier) a numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition which has been specified by use of the +CGDSCONT command. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface. The list of permitted values is returned by the test form of the command.
<PDP_type>	String type	"IP","IPV6","IPV4V6","PPP"
<d_comp>		A numeric parameter that controls PDP data compression (applicable for SMDCP only) (refer 3GPP TS 44.065 [18])
	0	off(default if value is omitted)
	1	on (manufacturer preferred compression)
	2	V.42bis
<h_comp>		A numeric parameter that controls PDP header compression (refer 3GPP TS 44.065 [18] and 3GPP TS 25.323 [19])
	0	off (default if value is omitted)
	1	on (manufacturer preferred compression)
	2	RFC1144 [22] (applicable for SMDCP only)
	3	RFC2507 [23]
4	RFC3095 [24] (applicable for PDCP only)	

## 10.3 AT+CGTFT - Traffic Flow Template



This command allows the TE to specify a Packet Filter – PF for a Traffic Flow Template – TFT that is used in the GGSN for routing of down-link packets onto different QoS flows towards the TE. The concept is further described in the 3GPP TS 23.060 [20]. A TFT consists of from one and up to eight Packet Filters, each identified by a unique <packet filter identifier>. A Packet Filter also has an <evaluation precedence index> that is unique within all TFTs associated with all PDP contexts that are associated with the same PDP address.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGTFT =?	-	-
Read Command	AT+ CGTFT?	+CGTFT: OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGTFT =[<cid>, [<packet filter identifier>, <evaluation precedence index> [,<source address and subnet mask> [,<protocol number (ipv4) / next header (ipv6)> [,<destination port range> [,<source port range>[,<ipsec security parameter index (spi)>[,<type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>[,<flow label (ipv6)> ]]]]]]]]]	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).
<packet filter identifier>	1-2	-
<evaluation precedence index>	0-255	-
<source address and subnet mask>	-	0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0 to 255. 255. 255. 255. 255. 255. 255. 255 'a1.a2.a3.a4.m1.m2.m3.m4', for Ipv4, 'a1.a2.a3.a4.a5.a6.a7.a8.a9.a10.a11.a12.a13.a14.a15.a16. m1.m2.m3.m4.m5.m6.m7.m8.m9.m10.m11.m12.m13.m14.m15.m16', for Ipv6.
<protocol number (ipv4) /	0-255	-

Parameter	Value	Instruction
next header (ipv6)>		
<destination port range>	-	0.0 to 65535.65535 Consists of dot-separated numeric (0-65535) parameters on the form 'f.t'.
<source port range>	-	0.0 to 65535.65535 Consists of dot-separated numeric (0-65535) parameters on the form 'f.t'.
<ipsec security parameter index (spi)>	-	Hexadecimal parameter, value range from 00000000 to FFFFFFFF.
<type of service (tos) (ipv4) and mask / traffic class (ipv6) and mask>	-	0.0 to 255.255 Dot-separated numeric (0-255) parameters on the form 't.m'.
<flow label (ipv6)>	-	Hexadecimal parameter, value range from 00000 to FFFFF. Valid for Ipv6 only

## 10.4 AT+CGQREQ - Quality Of Service Profile (Requested)

This command allows the TE to specify a Quality of Service Profile that is used when the MT sends an Activate PDP Context Request message to the network.

The set command specifies a profile for the context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <cid>. Since this is the same parameter that is used in the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands, the +CGQREQ command is effectively an extension to these commands.

The QoS profile consists of a number of parameters, each of which may be set to a separate value. A special form of the set command, +CGQREQ= <cid> causes the requested profile for context number <cid> to become undefined. The read command returns the current settings for each defined context.

The test command returns values supported as a compound value. If the MT supports several PDP types, the parameter value ranges for each PDP type are returned on a separate line.



### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGQREQ =?	+CGQREQ: "IP",(0-3),(0-4), (0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31) +CGQREQ: "PPP",(0-3),(0-4), (0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31) +CGQREQ: "IPV6",(0-3),(0-4), (0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31) +CGQREQ: "IPV4V6",(0-3),(0-4), (0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31) OK	-
Read Command	AT+ CGQREQ?	+CGQREQ: OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGQREQ =[<cid> [,<precedence > [,<delay> [,<reliability> [,<peak> [,<mean>]]]]]]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).
<precedence>	1-3	A numeric parameter which specifies the precedence class.
<delay>	1-4	A numeric parameter which specifies the delay class.
<reliability>	1-5	A numeric parameter which specifies the reliability class.
<peak>	1-4	A numeric parameter which specifies the peak throughput class.
<mean>	1-18,31	A numeric parameter which specifies the mean throughput class.

## 10.5 AT+CGQMIN - Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum acceptable)

This command allows the TE to specify a minimum acceptable profile, which is checked by the MT against the negotiated profile returned in the Activate PDP Context Accept message.

The set command specifies a profile for the context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <cid>. Since this is the same parameter that is used in the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands, the +CGQMIN command is effectively an extension to these commands. The QoS profile consists of a number of parameters, each of which may be set to a separate value.

A special form of the set command, +CGQMIN= <cid> causes the minimum acceptable profile for context number <cid> to become undefined. In this case, no check is made against the negotiated profile.

The read command returns the current settings for each defined context.





The test command returns values supported as a compound value. If the MT supports several PDP types, the parameter value ranges for each PDP type are returned on a separate line.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGQMIN =?	+CGQMIN: "IP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31) +CGQMIN: "PPP",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31) +CGQMIN: "IPV6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31) +CGQMIN: "IPV4V6",(0-3),(0-4),(0-5),(0-9),(0-18,31) OK	-
Read Command	AT+ CGQMIN?	+CGQMIN: OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGQMIN = [<cid> ,<precedence > ,<delay> [<reliability> ,<peak> ,<mean>]]]]]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).
<precedence>	1-3	A numeric parameter which specifies the precedence class.
<delay>	1-4	A numeric parameter which specifies the delay class.
<reliability>	1-5	A numeric parameter which specifies the reliability class.
<peak>	1-4	A numeric parameter which specifies the peak throughput class.
<mean>	1-18,31	A numeric parameter which specifies the mean throughput class.

## 10.6 AT+CGEQREQ - 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Requested)

This command allows the TE to specify a UMTS Quality of Service Profile that is used when the MT sends an Activate PDP Context Request message to the network.

The set command specifies a profile for the context identified by the (local) context identification parameter, <cid>. The specified profile will be stored in the MT and sent to the network only at activation or MS-initiated modification of the related context. Since this is the same parameter that is used in the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands, the +CGEQREQ command is effectively an extension to these commands. The QoS profile consists of a number of parameters, each of which may be set to a separate value.

A special form of the set command, +CGEQREQ= <cid> causes the requested profile for context number <cid> to become undefined.

The read command returns the current settings for each defined context.

The test command returns values supported as a compound value. If the MT supports several PDP types, the parameter value ranges for each PDP type are returned on a separate line.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGEQREQ=?	OK	-
Read Command	AT+ CGEQREQ?	OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGEQREQ = [<cid> [, <Traffic class> [, <Maximum bitrate UL> [, <Maximum bitrate DL> [, <Guaranteed bitrate UL> [, <Guaranteed bitrate DL> [, <Delivery order> [, <Maximum SDU size> [, <SDU error ratio> [, <Residual bit error ratio> [, <Delivery of erroneous SDUs> [, <Transfer delay> [, <Traffic handling priority> [, <Source statistics descriptor> [, <Signalling indication> ]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	A numeric parameter which specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).
< Traffic class>	0	conversational
	1	streaming
	2	interactive
	3	background
	4	subscribed value
< Maximum bitrate UL>	0-384	A numeric parameter that indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS (up-link traffic) at a SAP. As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as '32' (e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=...,32, ...). This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as conversational or streaming (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).



Parameter	Value	Instruction
< Maximum bitrate DL>	0-384	A numeric parameter that indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered by UMTS (down-link traffic) at a SAP. As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as '32' (e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=...,32, ...). If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as conversational or streaming (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
< Guaranteed bitrate UL>	0-384	A numeric parameter that indicates the guaranteed number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS (up-link traffic) at a SAP (provided that there is data to deliver). As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as '32' (e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=...,32, ...). If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as conversational or streaming (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
< Guaranteed bitrate DL>	0-384	A numeric parameter that indicates the guaranteed number of kbits/s delivered by UMTS (down-link traffic) at a SAP (provided that there is data to deliver). As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as '32' (e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=...,32, ...). If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as conversational or streaming (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
<Delivery order>		A numeric parameter that indicates whether the UMTS bearer shall provide in-sequence SDU delivery or not..
	0	No
	1	Yes
	2	subscribed value
<Maximum SDU size>	0-1520	A numeric parameter (1,2,3,...) that indicates the maximum allowed SDU size in octets. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5)
<SDU error ratio>	String type	A string parameter that indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous. SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic. The value is specified as 'mEe'. As an example a target SDU error ratio of $5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ would be specified as '5E3' (e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=..., '5E3', ...). '0E0' means subscribed value (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5). '0E0'; '1E1'; '1E2'; '7E3'; '1E3'; '1E4'; '1E5'; '1E6'



Parameter	Value	Instruction
<Residual bit error ratio>	String type	A string parameter that indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous. SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic. The value is specified as 'mEe'. As an example a target SDU error ratio of $5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ would be specified as '5E3' (e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=..., '5E3', ...). '0E0' means subscribed value (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5). '0E0', '1E2', '1E3', '1E4', '1E5', '1E6', '4E3', '5E2', '5E3', '6E8'
<Delivery erroneous SDUs>		A numeric parameter that indicates whether SDUs detected as erroneous shall be delivered or not.
	0	No
	1	Yes
	2	no detect
	3	subscribed value
<Transfer delay>	0, 100-400	A numeric parameter (0,1,2,...) that indicates the targeted time between request to transfer an SDU at one SAP to its delivery at the other SAP, in milliseconds. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
<Traffic handling priority>	0-3	A numeric parameter that specifies the relative importance for handling of all SDUs belonging to the UMTS bearer compared to the SDUs of other bearers. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
<Source Statistics Descriptor>		Specifies characteristics of the source of the submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as conversational or streaming (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
	0	Characteristics of SDUs is unknown
	1	Characteristics of SDUs corresponds to a speech source
<Signalling Indication>		Indicates guarantee content of submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as interactive (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
	0	PDP context is not optimized for signaling.
	1	PDP context is optimized for signaling<PDP_type> (see +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

## 10.7 AT+CGEQMIN - 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum acceptable)





Parameter	Value	Instruction
< Traffic class>		A numeric parameter that indicates the type of application for which the UMTS bearer service is guarantee.
	0	conversational
	1	streaming
	2	interactive
	3	background
	4	subscribed value
< Maximum bitrate UL>	0-384	A numeric parameter that indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS (up-link traffic) at a SAP. As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as '32' (e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=...,32, ...). This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as conversational or streaming (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
< Maximum bitrate DL>	0-384	A numeric parameter that indicates the maximum number of kbits/s delivered by UMTS (down-link traffic) at a SAP. As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as '32' (e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=...,32, ...). If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as conversational or streaming (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
< Guaranteed bitrate UL>	0-384	A numeric parameter that indicates the guaranteed number of kbits/s delivered to UMTS (up-link traffic) at a SAP (provided that there is data to deliver). As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as '32' (e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=...,32, ...). If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as conversational or streaming (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
< Guaranteed bitrate DL>	0-384	A numeric parameter that indicates the guaranteed number of kbits/s delivered by UMTS (down-link traffic) at a SAP (provided that there is data to deliver). As an example a bitrate of 32kbit/s would be specified as '32' (e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=...,32, ...). If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as conversational or streaming (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
<Delivery order>		A numeric parameter that indicates whether the UMTS bearer shall provide in-sequence SDU delivery or not.
	0	No
	1	Yes
	2	subscribed value

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<Maximum SDU size>	0-1520	A numeric parameter (1,2,3,...) that indicates the maximum allowed SDU size in octets. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5)
<SDU error ratio>	String type	A string parameter that indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous. SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic. The value is specified as 'mEe'. As an example a target SDU error ratio of $5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ would be specified as '5E3' (e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=..., '5E3',...). '0E0' means subscribed value (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5). '0E0','1E1','1E2','7E3','1E3','1E4','1E5','1E6'
<Residual bit error ratio>	String type	A string parameter that indicates the target value for the fraction of SDUs lost or detected as erroneous. SDU error ratio is defined only for conforming traffic. The value is specified as 'mEe'. As an example a target SDU error ratio of $5 \cdot 10^{-3}$ would be specified as '5E3' (e.g. AT+CGEQREQ=..., '5E3',...). '0E0' means subscribed value (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5). '0E0','1E2','1E3','1E4','1E5','1E6', '4E3', '5E2','5E3','6E8'
<Delivery erroneous SDUs>		A numeric parameter that indicates whether SDUs detected as erroneous shall be delivered or not.
	0	No
	1	Yes
	2	no detect
	3	subscribed value
<Transfer delay>	0, 100-400	A numeric parameter (0,1,2,...) that indicates the targeted time between request to transfer an SDU at one SAP to its delivery at the other SAP, in milliseconds. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
<Traffic handling priority>	0-3	A numeric parameter that specifies the relative importance for handling of all SDUs belonging to the UMTS bearer compared to the SDUs of other bearers. If the parameter is set to '0' the subscribed value will be requested (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
<Source Statistics Descriptor>		Specifies characteristics of the source of the submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is specified as conversational or streaming (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
	0	Characteristics of SDUs is unknown
	1	Characteristics of SDUs corresponds to a speech source
<Signalling Indication>		Indicates 70uarantee content of submitted SDUs for a PDP context. This parameter should be provided if the Traffic class is

Parameter	Value	Instruction
		specified as interactive (refer 3GPP TS 24.008 [21] subclause 10.5.6.5).
	0	PDP context is not optimized for signaling.
	1	PDP context is optimized for signaling<PDP_type> (see +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

## 10.8 AT+CGATT PS - Attach Or Detach

The execution command is used to attach the MT to, or detach the MT from, the Packet Domain service. After the command has completed, the MT remains in V.250 command state. If the MT is already in the requested state, the command is ignored and the OK response is returned. If the requested state cannot be achieved, an ERROR or +CME ERROR response is returned. Extended error responses are enabled by the +CMEE command.

Any active PDP contexts will be automatically deactivated when the attachment state changes to detached.

The read command returns the current Packet Domain service state.

The test command is used for requesting information on the supported Packet Domain service states.

**Note:** This command has the characteristics of both the V.250 action and parameter commands. Hence it has the read form in addition to the execution/set and test forms.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGATT=?	+CGATT: (0,1) OK	-
Read Command	AT+ CGATT?	+CGATT: 1 OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGATT =<state>	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<state>		Indicates the state of PS attachment
	0	Detached
	1	Attached

## 10.9 AT+CGDATA - Enter Data State

The execution command causes the MT to perform whatever actions are necessary to establish communication between the TE and the network using one or more Packet Domain PDP types. This may include performing a PS attach and one or more PDP context activations. If the <L2P> parameter value is unacceptable to the MT, the MT shall



return an ERROR or +CME ERROR response. Otherwise, the MT issues the intermediate result code CONNECT and enters V.250 online data state.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGDATA=?	CGDATA: ("PPP") OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGDATA = [<L2P> , [<cid> [, <cid> [, ...]]]]	CONNECT 150000000	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<L2P>		A string parameter that indicates the layer 2 protocol to be used between the TE and MT
	NULL	none, for PDP type OSP:IHOSS (Obsolete)
	PPP	Point-to-point protocol for a PDP such as IP
	PAD	character stream for X.25 character (triple X PAD) mode (Obsolete)
	X25	X.25 L2 (LAPB) for X.25 packet mode (Obsolete).
	M-xxx	manufacturer-specific protocol (xxxx is an alphanumeric string).
<cid>	1-42	Specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

## 10.10 AT+CGPADDR - Show PDP Address

The execution command returns a list of PDP addresses for the specified context identifiers. The test command returns a list of defined <cid>s.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGPADDR=?	+CGPADDR: (1) OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGPADDR = [<cid> [, <cid> [, ...]]]	+CGPADDR: 1,10.226.85.88 OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	Specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

## 10.11 AT+CGEREP - Packet Domain Event Reporting

The set command enables or disables sending of unsolicited result codes, +CGEV: XXX from MT to TE in the case of certain events occurring in the Packet Domain MT or the network. <mode> controls the processing of unsolicited result codes specified within this command. <bfr> controls the effect on buffered codes when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered.

If a setting is not supported by the MT, ERROR or +CME ERROR: is returned. The read command returns the current mode and buffer settings.

The test command returns the modes and buffer settings supported by the MT as compound values.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGEREP=?	+CGEREP: (0-2),(0-1) OK	-
Read Command	<b>AT+ CGEREP?</b>	+CGEREP: 0,0 OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGEREP=[<mode>[,<bfr>]]	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0	Buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT; if MT result code buffer is full, the oldest ones can be discarded. No codes are forwarded to the TE.
	1	Discard unsolicited result codes when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode); otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
	2	Buffer unsolicited result codes in the MT when MT-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE when MT-TE link becomes available; otherwise forward them directly to the TE.
<bfr>	0	MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered
	1	MT buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the TE when <mode> 1 or 2 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes).

## 10.13 AT+CGSMS - Select Service for MO SMS Messages

The set command is used to specify the service or service preference that the MT will use to send MO SMS messages.

The read command returns the currently selected service or service preference.

The test command is used for requesting information on the currently available services and service preferences.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGSMS =?	+CGSMS: (0-3) OK	-

Read Command	AT+CGSMS?	+CGSMS: 1 OK	-
Write Command	AT+CGSMS=[<service>]	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<service>	0	Packet Domain.
	1	Circuit switched.
	2	Packet Domain preferred (use circuit switched if GPRS not available).
	3	Circuit switched preferred (use Packet Domain if circuit switched not available).

### 10.14 AT+QCGEQMIN - 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum acceptable)

The description of this AT command is as same as AT+CGEQMIN, please refer section 9.7 AT+CGEQMIN. The difference between this AT command and AT+CGEQMIN is: This AT command is for EPC Profile, but AT+CGEQMIN is for 3GPP Profile.

### 10.15 AT+QCGEQREQ - 3G Quality Of Service Profile (Requested)

The description of this AT command is as same as AT+QCGEQREQ, please refer section 9.6 AT+QCGEQREQ. The difference between this AT command and AT+QCGEQREQ is: This AT command is for EPC Profile, but AT+QCGEQREQ is for 3GPP Profile

### 10.16 AT+QCGQMIN - Quality Of Service Profile (Minimum acceptable)

The description of this AT command is as same as AT+QCGQMIN, please refer section 9.5 AT+QCGQMIN. The difference between this AT command and AT+QCGQMIN is: This AT command is for EPC Profile, but AT+QCGQMIN is for 3GPP Profile

### 10.17 AT+QCGQREQ - Quality Of Service Profile (Requested)

The description of this AT command is as same as AT+QCGQMIN, please refer section 9.4 AT+QCGQREQ. The difference between this AT command and AT+QCGQREQ is: This AT command is for EPC Profile, but AT+QCGQREQ is for 3GPP Profile.

### 10.18 AT+QCGTFT - Traffic Flow Template

The description of this AT command is as same as AT+QCGTFT, please refer section 9.3 AT+QCGTFT. The difference between this AT command and AT+QCGTFT is: This AT command is for EPC Profile, but AT+QCGTFT is for 3GPP Profile.



# 11 LTE-specific Packet Domain Modem Compatibility Commands

## 11.1 AT+CEREG - EPS Network Registration Status

The set command controls the presentation of an unsolicited result code +CEREG: <stat> when <n>=1 and there is a change in the MT's EPS network registration status in E-UTRAN, or unsolicited result code +CEREG: <stat>[,<tac>,<ci>[,<Act>]] when <n>=2 and there is a change of the network cell in E-UTRAN.

**Note:** If the EPS MT in GERAN/UTRAN/E-UTRAN also supports circuit mode services and/or GPRS services, the +CREG command and +CREG: result codes and/or the +CGREG command and +CGREG: result codes apply to the registration status and location information for those services.

The read command returns the status of result code presentation and an integer <stat> which shows whether the network has currently indicated the registration of the MT. Location information elements <tac>, <ci> and <Act> are returned only when <n>=2 and MT is registered in the network.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CEREG=?	+CEREG: (0-2) OK	-
Read Command	AT+CEREG?	+CEREG: 0,1 OK	-
Write Command	AT+CEREG = [<n>]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	Disable network registration unsolicited result code
	1	Enable network registration unsolicited result code
	2	Enable network registration and location information unsolicited result code

## 11.2 AT+CGACT - Activates or Deactivates Specified PDP

The execution command is used to activate or deactivate the specified PDP context (s). After the command has completed, the MT remains in V.250 command state. If any PDP context is already in the requested state, the state for that context remains unchanged. If the requested state for any specified context cannot be achieved, an ERROR or +CME ERROR response is returned. Extended error responses are enabled by the +CMEE command. If the MT is not PS attached when the activation form of the command is executed, the MT first performs a PS attach and then attempts to activate the specified contexts. If the attach fails then the MT responds with ERROR or, if extended error responses are enabled, with the appropriate failure-to-attach error message.

If no <cid>s are specified the activation form of the command activates all defined contexts.

If no <cid>s are specified the deactivation form of the command deactivates all active contexts. The read command returns the current activation states for all the defined PDP contexts.

The test command is used for requesting information on the supported PDP context activation states.

**Note.** This command has the characteristics of both the V.250 action and parameter commands. Hence it has the read form in addition to the execution/set and test forms.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGACT=?	+CGACT: (0,1) OK	-
Read Command	AT+ CGACT?	+CGACT: 1,0 +CGACT: 2,0 +CGACT: 3,0 +CGACT: 4,0 +CGACT: 5,0 OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGACT = [<state>[,<cid>[,<cid>[...]]]]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<state>		Indicates the state of PDP context activation
	0	Deactivated
	1	Activated
<cid>	1-42	Specifies a particular PDP context definition (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

## 11.3 AT+CGEQOS - Define EPS Quality of Service

The set command allows the TE to specify the EPS Quality of Service parameters <cid>, <QCI>, [<DL\_GBR> and <UL\_GBR>] and [<DL\_MBR> and <UL\_MBR>] for a PDP context or Traffic Flows. When in UMTS/GPRS the MT applies a mapping function to UMTS/GPRS Quality of Service. Refer subclause 9.2 for <err> values.

A special form of the set command, +CGEQOS= <cid> causes the values for context number <cid> to become undefined.

The read command returns the current settings for each defined QoS.

The test command returns the ranges of the supported parameters.



## Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CGEQOS=?	+CGEQOS: (1-42),(0-9),(0-150000), (0-50000),(0-150000), (0-50000) OK	-
Read Command	AT+CGEQOS?	OK	-
Write Command	AT+CGEQOS=[<cid>[,<QCI>[,<DL_GBR>,<UL_GBR>[,<DL_MBR>,<UL_MBR>]]]]	OK	-

## Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	A numeric parameter which specifies a particular EPS Traffic Flows definition in EPS and a PDP Context definition in UMTS/GPRS (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).
<QCI>		A numeric parameter that specifies a class of EPS QoS. (see 3GPP TS 23.203 [7])
	0	QCI is selected by network
	1-4	Value range for guaranteed bit rate Traffic Flows
	5-9	Value range for non-guaranteed bit rate Traffic Flows
<DL_GBR>	-	A numeric parameter, which indicates DL GBR in case of GBR QCI. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI. (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [8])
<UL_GBR>	-	A numeric parameter, which indicates UL GBR in case of GBR QCI. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI. (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [8])
<DL_MBR>	-	A numeric parameter, which indicates DL MBR in case of GBR QCI. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI. (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [8])
<UL_MBR>	-	A numeric parameter, which indicates UL MBR in case of GBR QCI. The value is in kbit/s. This parameter is omitted for a non-GBR QCI. (see 3GPP TS 24.301 [8])

## 11.4 AT+CGCONTRDP - PDP Context Read Dynamic Parameters

The execution command returns the relevant information <bearer\_id>, <apn>, <ip\_addr>, <subnet\_mask>, <gw\_addr>, <DNS\_prim\_addr>, <DNS\_sec\_addr>, <P-CSCF\_prim\_addr>, <P-CSCF\_sec\_addr> and <IM\_CN\_Signalling\_Flag> for a non secondary PDP Context established by the network with the primary context identifier <cid>. If the context cannot be found an ERROR response is returned.

If the MT has dual stack capabilities, two lines of information are returned per <cid>. First one line with the Ipv4 parameters followed by one line with the Ipv6 parameters.

If the parameter <cid> is omitted, the relevant information for all established PDP contexts are returned.

**Note:** The dynamic part of the PDP context will only exist if established by the network. The test command returns a list of <cid>s associated with active contexts.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGCONTRDP=?	+CGCONTRDP: ( 1 ) OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGCONTRDP = [<cid>]	+CGCONTRDP: 1,5,3gnet,10.227.12.5,,210.21. 196.6,221.5.88.88 OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	A numeric parameter, which specifies a particular non secondary PDP context definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-related commands (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

## 11.5 AT+CGSCONTRDP - Secondary PDP Context Read Dynamic Parameters

The execution command returns <p\_cid>, <bearer\_id> and <IM\_CN\_Signalling\_Flag> for a given <cid>. If the context cannot be found an ERROR response is returned.

If the parameter <cid> is omitted, the <cid>, <p\_cid>, <bearer\_id> an<IM\_CN\_Signalling\_Flag> are returned for all established PDP contexts. In EPS, the Traffic Flow parameters are returned.

**Note:** Parameters for network initiated PDP contexts are returned as well. The dynamic part of the PDP context will only exist if established by the network.

The test command returns a list of <cid>s associated with active contexts.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGSCONTRDP=?	OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGSCONTRDP = [<cid>]	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	A numeric parameter, which specifies a particular PDP context or Traffic Flows definition. The parameter is local to the TE-MT interface and is used in other PDP context-

Parameter	Value	Instruction
		related commands (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

## 11.6 AT+CGTFTRDP - Traffic Flow Template Read Dynamic Parameters

The execution command returns the relevant information about Traffic Flow Template of <cid> together with the additional network assigned values when established by the network. If the context cannot be found an ERROR response is returned.

If the parameter <cid> is omitted, the Traffic Flow Templates for all established PDP contexts are returned. Parameters of both network and MT/TA initiated PDP contexts will be returned.

The test command returns a list of <cid>s associated with active contexts.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGTFTRDP=?	OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGTFTRDP = [<cid>]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	Specifies a particular secondary or non secondary PDP context definition or Traffic Flows definition (see +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

## 11.7 AT+CGEQOSRDPEPS - Quality of Service Read Dynamic Parameters

The execution command returns the Quality of Service parameters <QCI>, [<DL\_GBR> and <UL\_GBR>] and [<DL\_MBR> and <UL\_MBR>] of the established PDP Context associated to the provided context identifier <cid>. If the context cannot be found an ERROR response is returned.

If the parameter <cid> is omitted, the Quality of Service parameters for all established PDP contexts are returned.

The test command returns a list of <cid>s associated with active contexts.

Parameters of both network and MT/TA initiated PDP contexts will be returned.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ CGEQOSRDPEPS=?	OK	-
Write Command	AT+ CGEQOSRDPEPS = [<cid>]	OK	-





### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	Specifies a particular Traffic Flows definition in EPS and a PDP Context definition in UMTS/GPRS (see the +CGDCONT and +CGDSCONT commands).

## 11.8 AT+QCGEQOS - Define EPS Quality of Service

The description of this AT command is as same as AT+CGEQOS, please refer section 11.3 AT+CGEQOS. The difference between this AT command and AT+CGEQOS is: This AT command is for EPC Profile, but AT+CGEQOS is for 3GPP Profile.

## 11.9 AT+CEMBMSCFG - eMBMS configuration in MT

This command is used to enables and disables the Evolved Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (eMBMS) support in MT.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+CEMBMSCFG?	+CEMBMSCFG: <setup_cfg> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CEMBMSCFG=<setup_cfg>	OK	-
Test Command	AT+CEMBMSCFG=?	+CEMBMSCFG:(list of supported <setup_cfg>s) OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<setup_cfg>	0	Disable eMBMS support
	1	Enable eMBMS support

## 11.10 AT+CEMBMSSRV - eMBMS service configuration

This command is used to query Active/Available TMGI lists, configure a TMGI for activation and deactivating a TMGI.

**Note:** If eMBMS function is disabled, this command will return error directly.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+CEMBMSSRV?	+CEMBMSSRV: <n> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CEMBMSSRV= [<n>[,<embms_service> [,<tmgi>]]]	OK	-
Test Command	AT+CEMBMSSRV=?	+CEMBMSSRV: (list of supported <n>s),	-

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
		(list of supported <embms_service>s) OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	Disable eMBMS unsolicited result code
	1	Enable eMBMS unsolicited result code
<embms_service>	0	Query eMBMS services available for use by the MT
	1	Query eMBMS services being used by the MT
	2	Configure eMBMS service for use by the MT
	3	Deconfigure eMBMS service for use by the MT
	4	Keep current configuration of eMBMS services used by the MT
<tmgi>	-	String type in hex format; value is the Temporary Mobile Group Identity allocated to a particular eMBMS bearer service. Refer 3GPP TS 24.008 3GPP TS 24.008 Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Mobile radio interface Layer 3 specification; Core network protocols; Stage 3, subclause 10.5.6.13

## 11.11 AT+ CEMBMSDATA - Enter eMBMS data state

This command is used to provide parameters for activating a TMGI.

**Note:** If eMBMS function is disabled, this command will return error directly.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT+CEMBMSDATA=<embms_session_id >, <sai_list >,<earfcn_list>	OK	-

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<embms_session_id>	-	Integer type; value is the eMBMS Session Identity, which together with TMGI identifies a specific eMBMS session. Refer 3GPP TS 29.061 3GPP TS29.061 Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Interworking between the Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) supporting packet based services and Packet Data Networks (PDN), subclause 17.7.11.
<sai_list>	0	String type in decimal format; value is the list of Service Area Identities (Max number is 64). Use comma as a separator to list the Service Area Identities to be configured.

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<earfcn_list>	-	String type in decimal format; value is the list of EARFCN (Max number is 64). Use comma as a separator to list the EARFCN to be configured

## 11.12 AT+ CEMBMSCNT - eMBMS counting procedure

This command is used to sets the list of TMGIs for which the user is interested in receiving eMBMS service

**Note:** If eMBMS function is disabled, this command will return error directly.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+CEMBMSCNT?	+CEMBMSCNT: <tmgi>,[,<tmgi>[,...]] OK	-
Write Command	AT+CEMBMSCNT = <tmgi>[,<tmgi>[,...]]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<tmgi>	-	String type in hex format; value is the Temporary Mobile Group Identity allocated to a particular eMBMS bearer service. Refer 3GPP TS 24.008 3GPP TS 24.008 Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Mobile radio interface Layer 3 specification; Core network protocols; Stage 3, subclause 10.5.6.13

## 11.13 AT+ CEMBMSSAI - eMBMS Service Area Identities

This command is used to report latest SAI list updates of the current and neighboring frequencies.

**Note:** If eMBMS function is disabled, this command will return error directly.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+CEMBMSSAI?	+CEMBMSSAI: USERDEF <n>,<embms_priority_flag>, <earfcn_cnt>[,<earfcn> [,<earfcn> [...]]] +CEMBMSSAI: FCNT <embms_priority_flag>, <inter_frequency_cnt> +CEMBMSSAI: INTER <earfcn>,<sai_cnt>[,<sai> [,<sai> [...]]] +CEMBMSSAI: INTRA	-

		<sai_cnt>,<sai>[,<sai>[,...]]	
		OK	
Write Command	AT+CEMBMSSAI=[<n>[,<embms_priority_flag>	OK	-
Test Command	AT+CEMBMSSAI=?	+CEMBMSSAI: (list of supported <n>s), (list of supported <embms_priority_flag>s)	- -
		OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	Disable eMBMS unsolicited result code
	1	Enable eMBMS unsolicited result code
<embms_priority_flag>	0	The unicast reception shall have priority over eMBMS reception
	1	The eMBMS reception shall have priority over unicast reception
<earfcn>	-	Indicates the eMBMS frequency the user is interested to receive. It's the carrier frequency of the LTE cell designated by the EUTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (EARFCN)
<earfcn_cnt>	-	Indicates the count of <earfcn> reported. The maximum possible value is 32
<inter_frequency_cnt>	-	Indicates the number of inter frequencies that will be set or reported
<sai>	-	Indicates the SAI in corresponding downlink carrier frequencies.
<sai_cnt>	-	Indicates the count of <sai> being set or reported. The maximum value is 128



## 12 SMS Text and PDU Mode Commands

### 12.1 AT+CSMS - Select Message Service

This set command selects messaging service <service>. It returns the types of messages supported by the ME.

Read command reports current service setting along with supported message.

Test command reports the supported value of the parameter <service>.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CSMS=?	+CSMS: (<service> list) OK	0,1
Read command	AT+CSMS?	+CSMS:<service>,<mt>,<mo>,<bm> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CSMS=<service>	+CSMS:<mt>,<mo>,<bm> OK	TA return ME support service type

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<service>	0	The syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 Phase 2 version 4.7.0
	1	The syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 Phase 2+ version.
<mt>	0	Mobile terminated messages support, Type not supported
	1	Mobile terminated messages support, Type supported
<mo>	0	Mobile originated messages support, Type not supported
	1	Mobile originated messages support, Type supported
<bm>	0	Broadcast type messages support, Type not supported. Default: 0.
	1	Broadcast type messages support, Type supported.



### Example

<pre>AT+CSMS=0 +CSMS: 1,1,1 OK AT+CSMS? +CSMS: 0,1,1,1 OK AT+CSMS=? +CSMS: (0-1) OK</pre>	<p>Set the syntax of SMS AT commands is compatible with 3GPP TS 27.005 Phase 2 version 4.7.0</p>
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## 12.2 AT+CPMS - Preferred SMS Message Storage

The write command selects memory storages <mem1>, <mem2>, <mem3> to be used for reading, writing, etc.

Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CPMS=?	+CPMS: (list of supported <mem1>s), (list of supported <mem2>s), (list of supported <mem3>s) OK	-
Read command	AT+CPMS?	+CPMS: <mem1>,<used1>,<total1>, <mem2>,<used2>,<total2>, <mem3>,<used3>,<total3> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CPMS=<mem1>[, <mem2>[, <mem3>]]	+CPMS: <used1>,<total1>,<used2>,<total2>,<used3>,<total3> OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mem1> Reading and deleting messages storage	"ME","MT","SM","SR"	"SM": SIM card messages storage "ME": messages storage

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mem2> saving and sending messages storage	"ME","MT","SM","SR"	"SM": SIM card messages storage "ME": messages storage
<mem3> Receiving messages storage	"ME","MT","SM","SR"	"SM": SIM card messages storage "ME": messages storage
<usedX>	-	Number of SMS stored in <memX>
<totalX>	-	Number of SMS that <memX> can contain

### Example

AT+CPMS="ME", "ME", "SM"	Set the messages storage is "ME","ME","SM" 0 SMS stored in <mem1>, 23 <mem1> can contain and so on
+CPMS: 0, 23, 0, 23, 45, 50	
OK	
AT+CPMS?	
+CPMS: "ME", 0, 23, "ME", 0, 23, "SM", 45, 50	
OK	
AT+CPMS=?	
+CPMS:	
("ME", "MT", "SM", "SR"), ("ME", "MT", "SM", "SR"), ("ME", "MT", "SM", "SR")	
OK	

## 12.3 AT+CMGF - Select SMS Message Format

The AT+CMGF command specifies the input and output format of the short messages.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CMGF=?	+CMGF: (list of supported <mode>s)	0,1
Read Command	AT+CMGF?	+CMGF: <mode> OK	-
Write Command	AT+CMGF=[<mode>]	OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0	PDU mode, as defined in GSM 3.40 and GSM 3.41. Default: 0.
	1	Text mode

## 12.4 AT+CSCA - SMS Service Centre Address

The command is used to update the SMSC address, through which mobile originated SMS are transmitted.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CSCA=?	OK	
Read Command	AT+CSCA?	+CSCA:<sca>,<tosca> OK	
Write Command	AT+CSCA=<sca> [,<tosca>]	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<sca>	-	Service Center Address, value field in string format, BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set (refer to command AT+CSCS), type of address given by <tosca>
<tosca>	-	SC address Type-of-Address octet in integer format, when first character of <sca> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129.

### Example

AT+CSCA="+8613010888500",145	- Set the Service Center Address is
OK	8613010888500 and SC address Type-of-
AT+CSCA?	Address is 145
+CSCA: "+8613010888500",145	CMCC : ShenZhen City 8613800755500 CUCC :
OK	ShenZhen City 8613010888500

## 12.5 AT+CSMP - Set Text Mode Parameters

The command is used to select values for additional parameters needed when SM is sent to the network or placed in storage when text format message mode is selected.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CSMP=?	OK	
Read Command	AT+CSMP?	+CSMP:<fo>,<vp>,<pid>,<dcs> OK	
Write Command	AT+CSMP=[<fo>[,<vp> [,<pid>[,<dcs>]]]]	OK	



### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<fo>	-	Depending on the Command or result code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS-DELIVER,SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format. SMS status report is supported under text mode if <fo> is set to 49.
<vp>	-	Depending on SMS-SUBMIT <fo> setting: GSM 03.40, TP-Validity-Period either in integer format (default 167), in time-string format, or if is supported, in enhanced format (hexadecimal coded string with quotes), (<vp> is in range 0... 255).
<pid>	-	GSM 03.40 TP-Protocol-Identifier in integer format (default 0).
<dc>	-	GSM 03.38 SMS Data Coding Scheme (default 0), or Cell Broadcast Data Coding Scheme in integer format depending on the command or result code

### Example

AT+CSMP=17,167,0,0	Set SMS effective time is one day (167-166) *1
OK	day
AT+CSMP?	
+CSMP: 17,167,0,0	
OK	

## 12.6 AT+CSDH - Show Text Mode Parameters

The command is used to control whether detailed header information is shown in text mode result codes.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CSDH=?	+CSDH: (list of supported <show>s) OK	
Read Command	AT+CSDH?	+CSDH: <show> OK	
Write Command	AT+CSDH=[<show>]	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<show>	0	Do not show header values defined in commands AT+CSCA and AT+CSMP (<sca>, <tosca>, <fo>, <vp>, <pid> and <dc>) nor <length>, <toda> or <tooa> in+CMT, AT+CMGL, AT+CMGR result codes for SMS-DELIVERs and SMS-SUBMITs in text mode; for SMS-COMMANDs in AT+CMGR result code, do not show <pid>, <mn>, <da>, <toda>, <length> or <data>
	1	Show the values in result codes

### Example

```

at+cmgw="18576408172"
> rose hello
+CMGW: 0
OK
at+cmgl="all"
+CMGL: 0,"STO UNSENT",
"18576408172",,,
129,10
rose hello
at+csdh=1
OK
at+cmgr=0
+CMGR: "STO
UNSENT","18576408172",,
129,17,0,0,167,"
+8613800755500",145,10
rose hello
at+csdh=0
OK
at+cmgr=0
+CMGR: "STO UNSENT",
"18576408172",
rose hello

```

In index 0, restore a message

Show this message

Set Text Mode Parameters

Read the index 0 message

Set Text Mode Parameters

## 12.7 AT+CSCB - Select Cell Broadcast Message Indication

The test command returns the supported <operation>s as a compound value.

The read command displays the accepted message types.

Depending on the <operation> parameter, the write command adds or deletes the message types accepted.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CSCB=?	+CSCB: (list of supported <mode>s) OK	
Read Command	AT+CSCB?	+CSCB:<mode>,<mids>,<dcss> OK	
Write Command	AT+CSCB=[<mode> [,<mids>[,<dcss>]]]	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	[0]	message types specified in <mids> and <dcss> are accepted.

Parameter	Value	Instruction
	1	message types specified in <mids> and <dcss> are not accepted.
<mids>	-	String type, all different possible combinations of CBM message identifiers
<dcss>	-	String type; all different possible combinations of CBM data coding schemes(default is empty string)

## 12.8 AT+CNMI - New Message Indications to TE

The command is used to select the procedure how receiving of new messages from the network is indicated to the TE when TE is active, e.g. DTR signal is ON. If TE is inactive (e.g. DTR signal is OFF). If set <mt>=2, <mt>=3 or <ds>=1, make sure <mode>=1, otherwise it will return error.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CNMI=?	+CNMI: (list of supported <mode>s), (list of supported <mt>s), (list of supported <bm>s), (list of supported <ds>s), (list of supported <bfr>s)  OK	
Read Command	AT+CNMI?	+CNMI:<mode>,<mt>,<bm>,<ds>,<bfr> OK	
Write Command	AT+CNMI=[<mode>[,<mt>[,<bm>[,<ds>[,<bfr>]]]]]	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	[0]	Buffer unsolicited result codes in the modem. When the buffer is full, indications may be discarded.
	1	Discard indication and reject new received message unsolicited result codes when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode). Otherwise, forward them directly to the TE.
	2	Buffer unsolicited result codes in the TA when TA-TE link is reserved (e.g. in on-line data mode) and flush them to the TE after reservation. Otherwise, forward them directly to the TE.
<mt>	[0]	No SMS-DELIVER indications are routed to the TE.
The rules for storing received SMS depend on its data	1	If SMS-DELIVER is stored into ME/TA, indication of the memory location is routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CMTI: <mem3>,<index>.

Parameter	Value	Instruction
coding scheme, preferred memory storage (AT+CPMS) setting and this value:	2	SMS-DELIVERs (except class 2 messages and messages in the message waiting indication group (store message)) are routed directly to the DTE using unsolicited result code +CMT: class 2 messages and messages in the message waiting indication group (store message) result in indication as defined in <mt>=1
	3	class 3 SMS-DELIVERs are routed directly to DTE using unsolicited result codes defined in <mt>=2. Messages of other data coding schemes result in indication as defined in <mt>=1
<bm>	[0]	no CBM indications are routed to the DTE
The rules for storing received CBMs depend on its data coding scheme, the setting of Select CBM Types (AT+CSCB) and this value:	2	New CBMs are routed directly to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CBM: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled); or +CBM: <sn>,<mid>,<dcs>,<page>,<pages><CR><LF><data> (text mode enabled)
<ds>	[0]	No SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE.
	1	SMS-STATUS-REPORTs are routed to the TE using unsolicited result code: +CDS: <length><CR><LF><pdu> (PDU mode enabled); or +CDS: <fo>,<mr>,[<ra>],[<tora>],<scts>,<dt>,<st> (text mode enabled)
<bfr>	[0]	modem buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is flushed to the DTE when <mode> 1 – 3 is entered (OK response shall be given before flushing the codes)
	1	modem buffer of unsolicited result codes defined within this command is cleared when <mode> 1 – 3 is entered



### Example

<pre>AT+CPMS="SM", "SM", "SM" +CPMS: 50, 50, 50, 50, 50, 50  OK AT+CNMI=1, 2 OK  +CMT: "+8618576408172", , "16/10/10, 11:21:05+32" test cmi</pre>	<p>New message indications to TE</p> <p>Send a message to SIM</p> <p>Receive a message and show the message content</p>
---	---

## 12.9 AT+CMGL - List SMS Messages from Preferred Store

This command is used to return messages with status value <stat> from message storage <mem1> to the TE. If the status of the message is not received unread, the status in the storage changes to 'received read'.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CMGL=?	+CMGL: (list of supported <stat>s) OK	
Write Command	AT+CMGL[=<stat>]	SMS-DELIVERS; +CMGL: <index>, <stat>, <oa/da>, [ <alpha&gt;], &lt;length&gt;]<br="" [&lt;scts&gt;],="" [&lt;tooa="" toda&gt;,=""></alpha&gt;],> <CR><LF><data>[<CR><LF> +CMGL: <index>, <stat>, <da/oa>, [ <alpha&gt;], &lt;length&gt;]<br="" [&lt;scts&gt;],="" [&lt;tooa="" toda&gt;,=""></alpha&gt;],> <CR><LF><data>[...]]  OK  If PDU mode, command successful; +CMGL: <index>, <stat>, [<alpha>], <length> <CR><LF><pdu>[<CR><LF> +CMGL:<index>, <stat>, [<alpha>], <length><CR><LF><pdu>[...]]	

		OK	
--	--	----	--

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<stat> Text Mode	"REC UNREAD"	Received unread message (i.e. new message)
	"REC READ"	Received read message
	"STO UNSENT"	Stored unsent message
	"STO SENT"	Stored sent message
	"ALL"	All messages
<stat> PDU Mode	0	Received unread message (i.e. new message)
	1	Received read message
	2	Stored unsent message
	3	Stored sent message
	4	All messages

## 12.10 AT+CMGS - Send Message

The command is used to send message from a TE to the network (SMS-SUBMIT).

Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CMGS=?	OK	-
Write Command	If text mode; AT+CMGS=<da> [,< toda>]<CR> text is entered <CTRL+Z/ESC> If PDU mode; AT+CMGS=<length> <CR> PDU mode is given	If text mode and sending successful; +CMGS: <mr> OK If PDU mode and sending successful; +CMGS: <mr>	

	<CTRL+Z/ESC>	OK	
--	--------------	----	--

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<da>	-	Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit defaultalphabetcharacters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.
<toda>	-	TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format.(when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.

**Example**

AT+CMGS="18576408172"	Sends message
> hellow rose	Input message content
+CMGS: 37	
OK	

## 12.11 AT+CMSS - Send Message from Storage

The command is used to send message with location value <index> from preferred message storage <mem2> to the network (SMS-SUBMIT or SMS-COMMAND).



### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CMSS=?	OK	-
Write Command	AT+CMSS=<index> [,<da>[,<toda>]]	If text mode and sending successful; +CMSS: <mr> OK  If PDU mode and sending successful; +CMSS: <mr> OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<index>	-	In the message storage <memw>, the location value of the message to send.
<da>		Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.
<toda>	-	TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.

## 12.12 AT+CMGW - Write Message to Memory

The command is used to store message (either SMS-DELIVER or SMS-SUBMIT) to memory storage <mem2>.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CMGW=?	OK	-
Write Command	If text mode; AT+CMGW[=<oa/da> [,<t ooa/toda>[,<stat>]]] <CR> text is entered <CTRL+Z>  If PDU mode; AT+CMGW=<length> [,<stat>]<CR>  PDU is given <CTRL+Z>	+CMGW: <index> OK	





### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<oa>	-	Originating-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toa>.
<da>	-	Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <tda>.
<tda>	-	TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (when first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is 145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.
<stat>	"STO UNSENT"	stored unsent message
Text Mode	"STO SENT"	stored sent message
<stat>	2	stored unsent message
PDU Mode	3	stored sent message

### Example

AT+CMGW="18576408172"	Writes message to memory, the index is 0
> Rose	
+CMGW: 0	
OK	Lists all message
AT+CMGL="all"	
+CMGL: 0,"STO UNSENT","18576408172",,	
Rose	Send a message from memory index 0
OK	
AT+CMSS=0	
+CMSS: 36	
OK	

## 12.13 AT+CMGD - Deletes Message

The command is used to delete message from preferred message storage <mem1> location <index>. If <del\_flag> is present and not set to 0 then the ME shall ignore <index> and follow the rules for <del\_flag> shown below.



### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CMGD=?	+CMGD:(),(0-4) OK	-
Write Command	AT+CMGD=<index>, [<del_flag>]	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<index>	-	Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory and start with zero
<del_flag>	0	If 0 or value omitted, delete message specified in <index>.
	1	Delete all read messages from <memr> storage, leaving unread messages and stored mobile originated messages (whether sent or not) untouched.
	2	Delete all read messages from <memr> storage and sent mobile originated messages, leaving unread messages and unsent mobile originated messages untouched.
	3	Delete all read messages from <memr> storage, sent and unsent mobile originated messages, leaving unread messages untouched.
	4	Delete all messages from <memr> storage.

### Example

AT+CMGL="all"	Lists all message
+CMGL: 1,"STO UNSENT","18576408172",,	Index 1 message
P!AA	
+CMGL: 0,"STO SENT","18576408172",,	Index 0 message
Rose	
OK	
AT+CMGD=1	Delete Index1 message
OK	
AT+CMGL ="all"	The index1 message have been delete
+CMGL: 0,"STO SENT","18576408172",,	
Rose	

## 12.14 AT+CMGC - Send An SMS Command

This command used to send an SMS command.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CMGC=?	OK	-

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	PDU mode;	+CMGC:	
	AT+CMGC=<length> <CR>	<mr>[,<ackpdu>]	
	PDU is given <CTRL+Z/ESC>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<length>	-	Integer type, 8 bit TP data unit length

### Example

<pre>AT+CPMS="ME","ME","ME" +CPMS: 0,23,0,23,0,23 OK AT+CMGF=1 OK AT+CMGW="18576408172" &gt; test cnma test5 +CMGW: 0 OK AT+CSCS="IRA" OK AT+CSDH=1 OK AT+CMGF=0 OK AT+CMGR=0 +CMGR: 2,,28 0891683108705505F011640B81 8175468071F20000A70FF4F2 9C0E1ABBDB6110BD3CA7D700 OK AT+CMGC=28 &gt; 0891683108705505F011640B81 8175468071F20000A70FF4F2 9C0E1ABBDB6110BD3CA7D700 +CMGC: 51 OK</pre>	<p>Create an SMS message with AT+CMGW</p> <p>Set the TE character set to IRA</p> <p>Set to show text mode parameter headers</p> <p>Set to PDU mode</p> <p>Reads message for PDU mode and message length</p> <p>Send an SMS command</p>
--	--



## 12.15 AT+CMMS - More Messages to Send

Set command controls the continuity of SMS relay protocol link. When feature is enabled (and supported by network) multiple messages can be sent much faster as link is kept open.

Test command returns supported values as a compound value.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CMMS=?	<n> OK	
Read Command	AT+CMGC?	OK	-
Write Command	AT+CMMS=<n>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	Disable
	1	Keep enabled until the time between the response of the latest message send command (+CMGS,+CMSS, etc.) and the next send command exceeds 1-5 seconds (the exact value is up to ME implementation), then ME shall close the link and TA switches <n> automatically back to 0
	2	Enable (if the time between the response of the latest message send command and the nextsendcommand exceeds 1-5 seconds (the exact value is up to ME implementation), ME shall close the linkbut TA shall not switch automatically back to <n>=0)

## 12.16 AT+CSAS - Save Settings

Execution command saves active message service settings to a non-volatile memory. A TA can contain several profiles of settings. Settings specified in commands Service Center Address +CSCA, Set Message Parameters +CSMP and Select Cell Broadcast Message Types +CSCB (if implemented) are saved. Certain settings may not be supported by the storage (e.g. SIM SMS parameters) and therefore can not be saved.

Test command shall display the supported profile numbers for reading and writing of settings.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CSAS=?	+CSAS: 0 OK	-
Write Command	AT+CSAS=[<profile>]	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
-----------	-------	-------------

<profile>	0	0...255 Manufacturer specific profile number where settings are to be stored. Currently only one profile (0) is supported
-----------	---	--

## 12.17 AT+CRES - Restore Settings

Execution command restores message service settings from non-volatile memory to active memory. A TA can contain several profiles of settings. Settings specified in commands Service Centre Address +CSCA, Set Message Parameters +CSMP and Select Cell Broadcast Message Types +CSCB (if implemented) are restored. Certain settings may not be supported by the storage (e.g. SIM SMS parameters) and there for can not be restored.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT+CRES=[<profile>]	OK	
Test Command	AT+CRES=?	+CRES: 0 OK	-

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<profile>	0	0...255 Manufacturer specific profile number where settings stored. Currently only one profile (0) is supported

## 12.18 AT+CMGR - Read Message

Execution command returns message with location value <index> from message storage <mem1> to the TE. If status of the message is “received unread” status in the storage changes to “received read”. If reading fails, final result code +CMS ERROR: <err> is returned.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+CMGR=?	OK	-
Write Command	AT+CMGR=<index>	SMS-DELIVER: +CMGR: <stat>,<oa>,[<alpha>],<scts> [,<tooa>,<fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,<sca>, <tosca>,<length>]<CR><LF> <data>  SMS-SUBMIT: +CMGR: <stat>,<da>,[<alpha>],[<toda>, <fo>,<pid>,<dcs>,[<vp>],<sca>,	If text mode (AT+CMGF=1)



Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
		<p>&lt;tosca&gt;,&lt;length&gt;]&lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; &lt;data&gt;</p> <p>SMS-STATUS-REPORT: +CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;mr&gt;,[&lt;ra&gt;],[&lt;tora&gt;], &lt;scts&gt;,&lt;dt&gt;,&lt;st&gt;</p> <p>SMS-COMMAND: +CMGR: &lt;stat&gt;,&lt;fo&gt;,&lt;ct&gt;[,&lt;pid&gt;],[&lt;mn&gt;], [&lt;da&gt;],[&lt;toda&gt;],&lt;length&gt; &lt;CR&gt;&lt;LF&gt; &lt;data&gt;]</p> <p>OK</p>	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<index>	-	Integer type; value in the range of location numbers supported by the associated memory and start with zero
If text mode	"REC UNREAD"	Received unread message (i.e. new message)
<stat>	"REC READ"	Received read message
	"STO UNSENT"	Stored unsent message
	"STO SENT"	Stored sent message
	"ALL"	All messages
<oa>	-	Originating-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <tooa>.
<fo>	-	Depending on the Command or result code: first octet of GSM 03.40 SMS-DELIVER, SMS-SUBMIT (default 17), SMS-STATUS-REPORT, or SMS-COMMAND (default 2) in integer format. SMS status report is supported under text mode if <fo> is set to 49.
<pid>	-	GSM 03.40 TP-Protocol-Identifier in integer format (default 0).
<da>	-	Destination-Address, Address-Value field in string format; BCD numbers (or GSM 7 bit default alphabet characters) are converted to characters of the currently selected TE character set, type of address given by <toda>.
<toda>	-	TP-Destination-Address, Type-of-Address octet in integer format. (When first character of <da> is + (IRA 43) default is

		145, otherwise default is 129). The range of value is from 128 to 255.
--	--	--

### Example

```
AT+CMGR=0
+CMGR: "STO SENT", "13713752589", 1
OK
```



## 13 Vendor-specific Commands

### 13.1 AT\$QCCLR - Clear Mobile Error Log

AT\$QCCLR is used to clear mobile error log.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT\$QCCLR	OK	

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
Null		

### 13.2 AT&V - Display Dumps Configuration Parameters

AT&V command is used to display dumps configuration parameters.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT&V	Dumps the status of all AT parameters applicable to the current operating mode, including the single-letter parameters not otherwise readable. Accepts no arguments.  OK	

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
Null		

### 13.3 AT\$QCTER - Set TE-DCE Baud Rate

AT\$QCTER command is used to set TE-DCE baud rate. Sets the TE-DCE rate at which DCE will accept commands; this data rate also becomes the default and is stored in NV RAM, changing the +IPR command default rate.

Test command, i.e., \$QCTER=?, returns the rates supported and query command, i.e., \$QCTER?, returns the rate last issued by the \$QCTER command or the default rate.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCTER=?	\$QCTER: (),(list of supported <rate>) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCTER?	\$QCTER: <rate> OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCTER=<rate>	OK	



**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<rate>	300,600,1200,2400,4800,9600,	
	19200,38400,57600,115200,	
	230400,921600,2000000,	
	2900000,3000000,3200000,	
	3686400,4000000	

### 13.4 AT\$QCDNSP - Set Primary DNS IP ADDR

AT\$QCDNSP command is used to set primary DNS IP address.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCDNSP=?	\$QCDNSP: OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCDNSP?	\$QCDNSP: <address> OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCDNSP=<address>	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
< address >	0-254>.<0-254>.<0-254>.	
	<0-254>	

### 13.5 AT\$QCDNSS - Set Second DNS IP ADDR

AT\$QCDNSS command is used to set secondary DNS IP address.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$ QCDNSS =?	\$ QCDNSS: OK	
Read Command	AT\$ QCDNSS?	\$ QCDNSS: <address> OK	
Write Command	AT\$ QCDNSS= <address>	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<address>	<0-254>.<0-254>.<0-254>.<0-254>.<0-254>	

### 13.6 AT\$QCPDPP - Set Authentication for PDP-IP

AT\$QCPDPP command is used to set authentication for PDP-IP packet data calls.



### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCPDPP=?	\$QCPDPP: (1-42),(0-3),, OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCPDPP?	\$QCPDPP: <cid>,<auth_type> OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCPDPP=<cid>,<auth_type>,<password>,<username>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1 to 42	Parameter specifies a particular PDP context definition. This is also used in other PDP context-related commands.
<auth_type>	0	None
	1	PAP
	2	CHAP
<password>		Parameter specifies the password used for authentication. It is required for the authentication types PAP and CHAP.
<username>		Parameter specifies the user name used for authentication. It is required for the authentication types PAP.

## 13.7 AT\$QCPWRDN - Power-down the UE

AT\$QCPWRDN command is used to power-down the UE.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCPWRDN=?	OK	
Exec Command	AT\$QCPWRDN	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
Null		

## 13.8 AT\$QCSIMSTAT - Display the Status of SIM

AT\$QCSIMSTAT is used to disable/enable the display of the status of the SIM.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCSIMSTAT=?	\$QCSIMSTAT: (0-2) OK	

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT\$QCSIMSTAT?	\$QCSIMSTAT: <n>,SIM INIT COMPLETED OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCSIMSTAT=<n>	OK	

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	Disables the feature
	1	Enables the feature

## 13.9 AT\$QCCNMI - New Message Indication

This is a special case of [S2] CNMI. The behavior is exactly same for all the parameters except for <mt>=2 where the route configuration will be set as similar to <mt>=0; it does not change the NV-830 settings.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCCNMI=?	\$QCCNMI: (list of supported <mode>s), (list of supported <mt>s), (list of supported <bm>s), (list of supported <ds>s), (list of supported <bfr>s)  OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCCNMI?	\$QCCNMI:<mode>,<mt>,<bm>, <ds>,<bfr>  OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCCNMI=[<mode> [,<mt >[, <bm>[,<ds> [,<bfr>]]]]]	OK	

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0 to 2	please refer to the command +CNMI
<mt>	0 to 3	
<bm>	0, 2	
<ds>	0, 1, 2	
<bfr>	0, 1	

## 13.10 AT\$QCPINSTAT - Retrieve All PIN

AT\$QCPINSTAT is used to retrieve all PIN.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT\$QCPINSTAT?	\$QCPINSTAT: READY,READY,READY,READY,READY,READY,SIM PIN2 OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
Null		

## 13.11 AT\$QCPDPLT - Control Delays

AT\$QCPDPLT is used to enable/disable tolerance for long delays in PDP (Packet data protocol) call setup.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCPDPLT=?	\$QCPDPLT: (0-1) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCPDPLT?	\$QCPDPLT: <n> OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCPDPLT=<n>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	Disables waiting
	1	Enables waiting

## 13.12 AT\$QCSYSMODE - Current System Mode

AT\$QCSYSMODE is used to return current system mode of ME.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT\$QCSYSMODE?	<mode> OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	LTE/HSUPA/HSDPA	Provides details about the support of LTE/HSUPA/ HSDPA; only the Read command is valid;

## 13.13 AT\$QCPDPCFGE - Set PDN Teardown Time Interval

AT\$QCPDPCFGE is used to set PDN teardown time interval.



### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCPDPCFGE=?	\$QCPDPCFGE: (1-42),(0-1), (0-122820),(0-16),(1-15,255),(0-1023), (0-3600),(0-1023),(0-1),(65280-65535), (0-999),(0-999) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCPDPCFGE?	\$QCPDPCFGE: 1,0,0,0,255,20,300,0,0,0,0,0 OK	
Write Command	AT \$QCPDPCFGE= <profile_id>, < APN disable flag>, <timer_value>, <APN class>, <APN bearer >, <max_pdn_conn_per_block>, <max_pdn_conn_timer>, <pdn_req_wait_timer>, <emergency_calls_supported>, <operator_reserved_pco>, <mcc>, <mnc>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<profile_id>	1 to 42	
<APN disable flag>	0	Enable
	1	Disable
<timer_value>	0 – 122820	
<APN class>	0 – 5	
<APN bearer>	0x1	GSM type
	0x2	UMTS type
	0x4	LTE type
	0x8	TDS type
	FF	All types
<max_pdn_conn_per_block>	0 – 1023	
<max_pdn_conn_timer>	0 – 3600	
<pdn_req_wait_timer>	0 – 1023	
<emergency_calls_supported>	0 – 1	
<operator_reserved_pco>	65280 – 65535	

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mcc>	0 – 999	
<mnc>	0 – 999	

### 13.14 AT\$QCCTM - Network Selection Menu Availability

This command used to Enable/disable cellular text telephone modem support:

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCCTM=?	\$QCCTM: (0-1) OK	
Read Command	AT\$ QCCTM?	\$QCCTM: <n> OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCCTM=<n>	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	Disable
	1	Enable

### 13.15 AT\$QCBANDPREF - Provide the Ability to Band Preferences

AT\$QCBANDPREF is used to provide the ability to set/get the band preferences.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCBANDPREF =?	\$QCBANDPREF: (0-1),” list of all support <pref_term > and <band_pref>” OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCBANDPREF?	\$QCBANDPREF: (list of set support <pref_term > and <band_pref> ) OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCBANDPREF= <pref_term >, <band_pref>	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<pref_term >	0	Until a power cycle
	1	Permanent mode change
<band_pref>	”1,2,3..”	Band



### Example

```

AT$QCBANDPREF=1, "27,28,30,31,34" Set the band pref
OK
AT$QCBANDPREF?
$QCBANDPREF:
"27.WCDMA_I_IMT_2000"
"28.WCDMA_II_PCS_1900"
"30.WCDMA_IV_1700"
"31.WCDMA_V_850"
"34.WCDMA_VIII_900"
"36.WLAN_US_2400"
"37.WLAN_JAPAN_2400"
"38.WLAN_EUROPE_2400"
"39.WLAN_SPAIN_2400"
"40.WLAN_FRANCE_2400"
"41.WLAN_US_5000"
"42.WLAN_JAPAN_5000"
"43.WLAN_EUROPE_5000"
"44.WLAN_SPAIN_5000"
"45.WLAN_FRANCE_5000"
OK

AT$QCBANDPREF =?
$QCBANDPREF: (0-1),
"1.BC0_A"
"2.BC0_B"
....
"46.Any"
OK

```

## 13.16 AT\*CNTI - Controls the Listing of the Technologies UE

AT\*CNTI is used to Controls the listing of the technologies UE is capable of <n>: 0,1,2

**Note:** The command only support WCDMA mode.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT*CNTI =?	*CNTI: (0-2) OK	
Read Command	AT*CNTI?	*CNTI: <n>,<tech> OK	

Write Command	AT*CNTI=<n>	OK	
---------------	-------------	----	--

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<n>	0	Technology currently in use to access the network
	1	The available technologies on the current network.
	2	All technologies supported by the device.
<tech>	GSM/GPRS/EDGE/UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA	

### 13.17 AT\$QCDEFPROF - Set Profile Number

AT\$QCDEFPROF is used to set the default profile number for specific subscription and family.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCDEFPROF=?	\$QCDEFPROF: (0-1),(1-2),(1-16) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCDEFPROF?	\$QCDEFPROF: 0,1,1 \$QCDEFPROF: 1,1,1 OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCDEFPROF=<family>, <subs id>, <profile id>	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<family>	1 to 16	
<subs id>	1 to 3	For non-DSDS target SUBS ID is limited to 1.
<profile id>	1 to 16	

### 13.18 AT\$QCMRUE - Edit MRU Database

AT\$QCMRUE is used to edit MRU database.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCMRUE=?	\$QCMRUE: (list of support <index>, <rat>,<band>,<channel>) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCMRUE?	\$QCMRUE: <index>,<rat>, <band>,<channel> OK	





Write Command	AT \$QCMRUE=<index>, <rat>,<band>,<channel> or <PLMN>	OK	
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### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<index>	0 to 11	
<rat>	0	CDMA
	1	HDR
	2	GSM
	3	WCDMA
	4	LTE
<band>	CDMA/ HDR – 0 to 19 (except 2)	
	GSM – 0 to 8	
	UMTS – 0 to 9	
	LTE – 0 to 26	
<channel>	0 to 2047	
<PLMN>	String type PLMN ID	

### Example

```
AT$QCMRUE=0,4,17,"46000"
OK
AT$QCMRUE?
$QCMRUE:
0,4,"17","46000"
LTE,BC17, CNCC
```

### Note:

- This command edits the MRU database on the UE. When <rat> is not CDMA/HDR then fourth argument is PLMN id. For entering automatic 3GPP MRU entries, PLMN ID should be a NULL string.
- For CDMA/HDR mode, the write cmd is: AT\$QCMRUE=<0-11>,<0-1>,<0,1,10>,<0-2047>. For the rest: AT\$QCMRUE=<0-11>,<2-4>,<BAND\_VALUE>,<PLMN ID>. Remember takes a quotes in the PLMN id, for example, China Unicom, AT\$QCMRUE=0,2,8,"46001" .

## 13.19 AT\$QCMRUC - Clear/Delete MRU Database

AT\$QCMRUC is used to clear/delete MRU database



**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT\$QCMRUC	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

## 13.20 AT\$QCAPNE - Edit APN VALUE

AT\$QCAPNE is used to edit APN values in APN table.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCAPNE=?	\$QCAPNE: (1-42),(0-16),,(IPV6 and IPV4V6),LTE,(0-1 ),(0-122820) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCAPNE?	\$QCAPNE: <Profile ID>, <APN Class>,<APN Name>, <PDP Type>,<APN Bearer type>, <APN Flag>,<APN Timer> OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCAPNE= <Profile ID>, <APN Class>, <APN Name>, <PDP Type>, <APN Bearer type>, <APN Flag>, <APN Timer>	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<Profile ID>	1 to 42	
<APN Class>	0 to 16	
<APN Name>	String type, maximum length is 100	
<PDP Type>	String type, maximum length is 8	
<APN Bearer type>	String type, maximum length is 3	
<APN Flag>	0 to 1	
<APN Timer>	0 to 122820	

## 13.21 AT\$QCPDPIMSCFGE - Edit PDP Profile Registry



AT\$QCPDPIMSCFGE is used to edit PDP profile registry.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCPDPIMSCFGE=?	\$QCPDPIMSCFGE: (1-42),(0-1),(0-1),(0-1) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCPDPIMSCFGE?	\$QCPDPIMSCFGE: <Profile ID>, <P-CSCF Address Flag>, <DHCP Flag>, <CN Flag> OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCPDPIMSCFGE= <Profile ID>, <P-CSCF Address Flag>, <DHCP Flag>, <CN Flag>	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<Profile ID>	1 to 42	
<P-CSCF Address Flag>	0,1	Disable, enable
<DHCP Flag>	0,1	Disable, enable
<CN Flag>	0,1	Disable, enable

### 13.22 AT\$QCCLAC - List Available AT Commands

AT\$QCCLAC is used to list all available AT commands.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT\$QCCLAC	List all available AT commands OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

### 13.23 AT^SPN - Display the Brand Information

AT^SPN is used to display the brand information from EF-SPN.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
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Exec Command	AT^SPN	^SPN:<disp_rplmn>,<coding>,<spn_name> OK	
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**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<disp_rplmn>	0	RPLMN will not be displayed
	1	RPLMN is required to be displayed
	9	this field is noneffective, and there is no need for reading spn_name field again
<coding>	0	GSM 7 bit Default Alphabet
	1	USC2 mode
<spn_name>		character string, the length will not exceed 16 bytes

## 13.24 AT\$QCRMCall - Trigger A RmNet Call

AT\$QCRMCall is used to trigger an RmNet call via AT command.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCRMCall=?	\$QCRMCall: (0-1),(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8),(1-3),(1-2),(1-42),, OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCRMCall?	OK	
Write Command	AT \$QCRMCall= <Action>,<Instance> [,<IP Type> [,<Tech Pref > [,<umts profile number> [,<cdma profile number > [,<APN> ]]]]]	\$QCRMCall:<Instance>, <V4> \$QCRMCall:<Instance>, <V6> OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<Action>	0	
	1	
<Instance>	1 to 8	
<IP Type>	1	IPV4
	2	IPV6
	3	IPV4V6

<Tech Pref >	2	3GPP
<umts profile number>	1-42	
<APN>		String type, maximum length is 100

### Example

```
AT$QCRM_CALL= 1,1,1,2,1
$QCRM_CALL: 1, V4
OK
```

### Note:

AT\$QCRM\_CALL=1,1 (For CDMA, set NV910,906)

## 13.25 AT\$QCDRX - Provide the Ability to DRX Coefficient

AT\$QCDRX is used to provide the ability to set/get the DRX coefficient.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCDRX=?	\$QCDRX: (0,6-9) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCDRX?	\$QCDRX: <drx coefficient> OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCDRX= <drx coefficient>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<drx coefficient>	6	CN = 6, T = 32
	7	CN = 7, T = 64
	8	CN = 8, T = 128
	9	CN = 9, T = 256

## 13.26 AT^DSCI - Control Call Event

AT^DSCI is used to enables/disables ^DSCI URC (call event).

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT^DSCI =?	^DSCI: (0-1) OK	
Read Command	AT^DSCI?	^DSCI: <dsci_val> OK	
Write Command	AT^DSCI=<dsci_val >	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<dsci_val >	0,1	

## 13.27 AT^CARDMODE - Return Card Mode

AT^CARDMODE is used to return the mode of the card amongst SIM or USIM.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT^CARDMODE	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

## 13.28 AT^SYSCONFIG - Set System Configuration

AT^SYSCONFIG is used to set system configuration.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^SYSCONFIG?	^SYSCONFIG:<mode>,<acqorder>,<roam>,<srvdomain> OK	
Write Command	AT^SYSCONFIG=<mode>,<acqorder>,<roam>,<srvdomain>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	2	Automatically select
	13	GSM ONLY
	14	WCDMA ONLY
	15	TDSCDMA ONLY
	16	no change
<acqorder>	0	Automatically
	1	GSM first, UTRAN second
	2	UTRAN first, GSM second
	3	No change
<roam>	0	not support
	1	can roam
	2	No change
<srvdomain>	0	CS_ONLY
	1	PS_ONLY
	2	CS_PS
	3	ANY

	4	No change
--	---	-----------

## 13.29 AT^SYSINFO - Inquire Current Message

AT^SYSINFO is used to inquire current system message.



## Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT^SYSINFO	^SYSINFO: <srv_status>,<srv_domain>,<roam_status>,<sys_mode>, <sim_stat> OK	

## Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<srv_status>	0	no service
	1	limited service
	2	service available
	3	limited area service
	4	power saving and dormancy status.
<srv_domain>	0	no service
	1	only CS service
	2	only PS service
	3	PS+CS service
	4	CS and PS don't register and are in the status of searching
	255	CDMA doesn't support
<roam_status>	0	non-roaming status.
	1	roaming status
<sys_mode>	0	no service
	1	AMPS mode (not use provisionally)
	2	CDMA mode
	3	GSM/GPRS mode
	4	HDR mode
	5	WCDMA mode
	6	GPS mode
	7	GSM/WCDMA
	8	CDMA/HDR HYBRID
	9	LTE mode
<sim_stat>	1	UIM card status available
	240	ROMSIM version
	255	UIM card doesn't exist

## 13.30 AT\$QCSQ - Return RSCP

AT\$QCSQ is used to return RSCP, ECIO, SIR, PATHLOSS, and RSSI if present.





**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCSQ=?	\$QCSQ: (-121 25),(-31 - 0),(-10 - 20), (46 - 148),(-121 - -25) OK	
Exec Command	AT\$QCSQ	\$QCSQ: <rscp>,<ecio>,<sir>,<pathloss>,<rssi> OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<rscp>	-121 - -25	
<ecio>	-31 - 0	
<sir>	-10 - 20	
<pathloss>	46 - 14	
<rssi>	-121 - -25	

## 13.31 AT\$QCRPW - Report the Received Radio Signal Power

AT\$QCRPW is used to report the received radio signal power in a scale of 0 to 75.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCRPW=?	\$QCRPW: (0-75) OK	
Exec Command	AT\$QCRPW	\$QCRPW: 75 OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

## 13.32 AT\$QCANTE - Report Number of Antenna

AT\$QCANTE is used to report number of antenna bars in a scale of 0 to 4 based on RSSI value.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCANTE=?	\$QCANTE: (0-4) OK	
Exec Command	AT\$QCANTE	\$QCANTE: 4 OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

## 13.33 AT\$QCSIMAPP - Select Active Subscription

AT\$QCSIMAPP is applicable only for Multi SIM target. User can select Active subscription.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCSIMAPP=?	\$QCSIMAPP: 0,"SUB1","L" OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCSIMAPP=<QCSIMAPPVAL>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<QCSIMAPPVAL>	0	SIM slot 1
	1	SIM slot 2
	2	SIM slot 3

## 13.34 AT\$QCPBMPREF - Choose the Application

AT\$QCPBMPREF is used to choose the application and local or global phonebook type.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCPBMPREF=?	\$QCPBMPREF(0-3) 0 – Slot 1 Global Phone Book 1 – Apps 1 Local Phone Book 2 – Slot 2 Global Phone Book 3 – Apps 2 Local Phone Book OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCPBMPREF?	\$QCPBMPREF: <Preference> <Preference> -- Slot n Global Phone Book <Preference> -- Apps 1 Local Phone Book OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCPBMPREF= <Preference>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<Preference>	0	Slot 1 Global Phone Book

	1	Apps 1 Local Phone Book
	2	Slot 2 Global Phone Book
	3	Apps 2 Local Phone Book

### 13.35 AT\$QCRSRP - Display the Cell Info

AT\$QCRSRP is used to display neighbor cell information cell ID, EARFCN, RSRP.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT\$QCRSRP?	\$QCRSRP: cell ID, EARFCN, RSRP OK	

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

### 13.36 AT\$QCRSRQ - Display the Cell Info

AT\$QCRSRQ is used to display neighbor cell information cell ID, EARFCN, RSRQ.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT\$QCRSRQ?	\$QCRSRQ: Cell id, EARFCN, RSRQ OK	

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

### 13.37 AT\$QCACQDBC - Clear ACQ Database

AT\$QCACQDBC is used to clear ACQ database.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT\$QCACQDBC	OK	

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

### 13.38 AT\$QCATMOD - Indicate the SIOLIB AT Command Processing State

AT\$QCATMOD is used indicate the SIOLIB AT Command Processing State.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCATMOD=?	\$QCATMOD:(0 - 12),(0 - 3) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCATMOD	\$QCATMOD: <port_e_type>,<at_state> OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<port_e_type>	0 - 12	
<at_state>	0 - 3	

## 13.39 AT\$QCCOPS - Operator Selection

AT\$QCCOPS same as +COPS command and only exception is that PLMN can be specified in automatic PLMN selection mode as well.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCCOPS =?	\$QCCOPS: (list all current operator) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCCOPS?	\$QCCOPS:[<mode>[,<format>[,<oper>[,<Act>]]]] OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0 - 12	
<format>	0 - 3	

## 13.40 AT^MODE - Executes Parameter Register

AT^MODE is Controls the presentation of ^MODE unsolicited result code

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT^MODE=?	^MODE: (0-1) OK	
Read Command	AT^MODE?	^MODE: <present> OK	
Write Command	AT^MODE= <present>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<present>	0	Disable
	1	Enable

## 13.41 AT\$QCSIMT - Indicate SIM Type

AT\$QCSIMT is used to indicate SIM type

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT\$QCSIMT?	\$QCSIMT: <SIM type> OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<SIM type>	RUIM	
	USIM	
	SIM	

## 13.42 AT\$QCNSP - Network Selection

AT\$QCNSP is used to configure the network selection preferences.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCNSP=?	\$QCNSP: ( list of support <mode_pref>,<net_sel_pref>,<acq_order_pref>) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCNSP?	\$QCNSP:<mode_pref>,<net_sel_pref>,<acq_order_pref> OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCNSP=<mode_pref>,<net_sel_pref>,<acq_order_pref>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode_pref>	0	Automatic
	2	WCDMA
	6	LTE
<net_sel_pref>	0	Automatic
	1	Manual
	2	Limited
<acq_order_pref>	0	Automatic
	2	WCDMA
	3	LTE

## 13.43 AT\$QRCIND - Remote Call Indications



AT\$QCRCIND is used to controls the presentation of unsolicited remote call indications

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCRCIND=?	\$QCRCIND: (0-1) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCRCIND?	\$QCRCIND: <present> OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCRCIND= <present>	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<present>	0	Disable
	1	Enable

### 13.44 AT\$QCPDPCFGEXT - Set and Get MBIM Context Type

AT\$QCPDPCFGEXT is used to set and get MBIM context type

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT\$QCPDPCFGEXT=?	\$QCRCIND: (list of <cid>, <mbim_context>, <roaming disable flag value>, <roaming disable timer value> ) OK	
Read Command	AT\$QCPDPCFGEXT?	\$QCRCIND:<cid>, <mbim_context>, <roaming disable flag value>, <roaming disable timer value> OK	
Write Command	AT\$QCPDPCFGEXT =<cid>,<mbim_context>, <roaming disable flag value>, <roaming disable timer value>	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<cid>	1-42	
<mbim_context>	0-4	
<roaming disable flag value>	0-1	
<roaming disable timer value>	0-255	



## 14 ITU-T V.80ter Synchronous Data Mode Commands

### 14.1 AT+ES - Enable Synchronous Mode

AT+ES command is used to enable synchronous mode. Support in 3GPP.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ES=?	+ES: (6),,(8) OK	
Read Command	AT+ES?	+ES:<orig_rqst>,<orig_fbk>,<ans_fbk> OK	
Write Command	AT+ES=<orig_rqst>,<orig_fbk>,<ans_fbk>	OK	

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<orig_rqst>	6	
<orig_fbk>	Undefined	
<ans_fbk>	8	

### 14.2 AT+ESA - Store Preferred Message

AT+ES command is used to store preferred message. Support in 3GPP.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+ESA=?	+ESA: (0),,,,(0),(0),(0-255), OK	
Read Command	AT+ESA?	+ESA: <trans_idle>,<framed_idle>,<framed_un_ov>,<hd_auto>,<crc_type>,<nrzi_en>,<sync1>,<sync2> OK	
Write Command	AT+ESA=<trans_idle>,<framed_idle>,<framed_un_ov>,<hd_auto>,<crc_type>,<nrzi_en>,<sync1>,<sync2>	OK	



### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<trans_idle>	0	
<framed_idle>	Undefined	
<framed_un_ov>	Undefined	
<hd_auto>	Undefined	
<crc_type>	0	
<nrzi_en>	0	
<sync1>	0 to 255	
<sync2>	Undefined	



## 15 Vendor Extended AT Commands

### 15.1 AT+SKUID - Get HW and SW Version Info

AT+SKUID command is used to get hardware version and firmware version information.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT+SKUID	HW Revision: <HW version > SW Revision: <FW version> OK	

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<HW vision>	-	Current HW version
<SW vision>	-	Current FW version

### 15.2 AT^GETIMEI - Get the IMEI Value

AT^GETIMEI command is used to get the IMEI value.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT^GETIMEI	<IMEI> OK	Success
		+CME ERROR: memory failure	Get IMEI failure

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<IMEI>	-	IMEI number

#### Example

AT^GETIMEI 358894060069758	Get IMEI
AT^GETIMEI +CME ERROR: memory failure	Get IMEI failure
OK	

### 15.3 AT^RSSI - Get RSSI

AT^RSSI command is used to get current service network's RSSI.



### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT^RSSI=<mode>, <antenna>	EARFCN :<earfcn> RSSI:Rx Chain Indicator: <rx_chain> (< rssi0>[, rssi1]) OK	RSSI info for WCDMA
		BAND:<band> CHANNEL:<channel> BW:<bw> RSSI:Rx Chain Indicator: < rx_chain>(< rssi0>[, rssi1][, rssi2] [, rssi3]) OK	RSSI info for LTE/NR5G

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	lte	LTE
	wcdma	WCDMA
	Sub	NR5G-SUB6
<antenna>	main	Main antenna
	aux1	Aux1 antenna
	main+aux1	Main+aux1 antenna
	aux2	Aux2 antenna (only for LTE and NR5G-SUB6 mode)
	aux3	Aux3 antenna (only for LTE and NR5G-SUB6 mode)
	all	all antennas (only for LTE and NR5G-SUB6 mode)
<rx_chain>	1	Enables Rx0 only
	2	Enables Rx1 only
	3	Enables Rx0 and Rx1
	4	Enables Rx2 (only for LTE and NR5G-SUB6 mode)
	8	Enables Rx3 (only for LTE and NR5G-SUB6 mode)
	15	Enables all antennas (only for LTE and NR5G-SUB6 mode)
rssi0, rssi1, rssi2, rssi3	RSSI	Signal strength

### Example

AT^RSSI=WCDMA,MAIN+AUX1	Query RSSI in WCDMA mode
EARFCN:10700	
RSSI:Rx Chain Indicator:0x1 (-66.5dBm,0.0dBm)	Enables Rx0 only
OK	

<pre>AT^RSSI=LTE,MAIN BAND:40 CHANNEL:38950 BW:20.0 MHz RSSI: Rx Chain Indicator:0x1 (-82.0dBm) OK</pre>	<p>Query RSSI in LTE mode</p> <p>Enables Rx0 only</p>
<pre>AT^RSSI=SUB,MAIN BAND:78 CHANNEL:636666 BW:100.0 MHz RSSI: Rx Chain Indicator:0x1 (-53.6dBm) OK</pre>	<p>Query RSSI in NR5G mode</p> <p>Enables Rx0 only</p>

## 15.4 AT^ARD\_ENABLE - Enable/Disable ARD

AT^ARD\_ENABLE command is used to enable/disable ARD (Adaptive Rx Diversity) function.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^ARD_ENABLE?	ARD Enable: TRUE OK	<b>Note:</b> Need reboot to take effect.
Write command	AT^ARD_ENABLE=<mode>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	1	Enable
	0	Disable

### Example

<pre>AT^ARD_ENABLE=1 OK AT+RESET OK</pre>	<p>Enable ARD</p> <p>Reboot</p>
<pre>AT^ARD_ENABLE?</pre>	

```
ARD Enable: TRUE           Query ARD
OK
```

## 15.5 AT^RX\_CHAINS - Switch Antenna Path

AT^RX\_CHAINS command is used for switching antenna RX path, the command is only working when SIM card is inserted and connected to network.

**Note:** Need to disable ARD by "AT^ARD\_ENABLE=0" before test this AT command.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT^RX_CHAINS=<mode>,<cc_id>,<rx_chain>	OK	LTE Mode
	AT^RX_CHAINS=<mode>,<rx_chain>	OK	WCDMA Mode
		+CEM ERROR: operation not allowed	
		+CEM ERROR: Parameters error	
Read Command	AT^RX_CHAINS?	^RX_CHAINS:<mode>,<cc_id>,<rx_chain> OK	LTE Mode
		^RX_CHAINS:<mode>,<rx_chain> OK	WCDMA Mode

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	1	WCDMA Mode
	2	LTE Mode
<rx_chain>	1	Enables Rx0 only (both LTE and WCDMA mode)
	2	Enables Rx1 only (both LTE and WCDMA mode)
	3	Enables Rx0 and Rx1 only (both LTE and WCDMA mode)
	4	Enables Rx2 (only for LTE mode)
	8	Enables Rx3 (only for LTE mode)
	15	Enables all chains (only for LTE mode)
<cc_id>	0	PCell
	1	SCell1
	2	SCell2
	3	SCell3

	4	SCell4
--	---	--------

### Example

AT^RX_CHAINS=2,0,1	Enables Rx0 only on PCell
OK	
AT^RX_CHAINS?	Get RX Chain Status
^RX_CHAINS:2,0,1	
OK	

## 15.6 AT+BUILDTIME - Check the Build Time

AT+BUILDTIME is used to check the AP and MP build time.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+BUILDTIME?	<build time> OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<build time>	module build time	

### Example

AT+BUILDTIME?
MP: Oct 29 2019, 07:09:35
AP: Oct 28 2019, 22:23:16
OK

## 15.7 AT+ICCID - Get the ICCID of the SIM card

AT+ICCID get the ICCID of the SIM card.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT+ICCID	<ICCID> OK	Success
		+CME ERROR: SIM failure	Get ICCID failure

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<ICCID>	-	ICCID of the SIM card



### Example

```

AT+ICCID
ICCID: 89860041191622880363      Current ICCID
OK

AT+ICCID                          Get ICCID failure
+CME ERROR: SIM failure
    
```

## 15.8 AT+SWITCHANT - Switch Antenna Path

AT+SWITCHANT is for switching antenna RX path and restore factory default value. Please refer to the picture in the AT command end for mapping relation between ANT0/ANT1/ANT2/ANT3 in module and Main/Aux1/Aux2/Aux3 in the AT command parameters.

**Note:** The AT command need to use test instrument (e.g. 8820C, CMW500.) to switch RX Antenna path, it doesn't support switch Rx antenna in real network.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT+SWITCHANT=<mode>, <ant>	OK	
		+CME ERROR: Parameters error	
Read Command	AT+SWITCHANT?	+SWITCHANT: WCDMA , <ant> LTE , <ant> NR5G, <ant> OK	
Exec Command	AT+SWITCHANT	OK	Restore factory default value

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	LTE	For LTE RX switch
	WCDMA	For WCDMA RX switch
	NR5G	For NR5G RX switch
<ant>	Main +Aux1	For LTE and WCDMA, Enable Main and Aux1 antenna
	Main	For LTE and WCDMA, Enable Main only
	Aux1	For LTE and WCDMA, Enable Aux1 only
	Aux2	For LTE only, Enable Aux2 only
	Aux3	For LTE only, Enable Aux3 only
	All	For LTE only, Enable Main + Aux1 + Aux2 + Aux3
	None	For NR5G only, all chains disabled

### Example

```

AT+SWITCHANT =LTE, MAIN
OK

AT+SWITCHANT?
+SWITCHANT:
WCDMA, MAIN+AUX1
LTE, MAIN
NR5G, ALL
OK
AT+SWITCHANT
OK
    
```

WCDMA	Main	Aux1		LTE	Main	Aux1	Aux2	Aux3		NR	Main	Aux1	Aux2	Aux3
B1	ANT0	ANT3		B1	ANT0	ANT3	ANT2	ANT1		N1	ANT2	ANT3	ANT0	ANT1
B2	ANT0	ANT3		B2	ANT0	ANT3	ANT2	ANT1		N2	ANT2	ANT3	ANT0	ANT1
B4	ANT0	ANT3		B3	ANT0	ANT3	ANT2	ANT1		N3	ANT2	ANT3	ANT0	ANT1
B5/6	ANT0	ANT3		B4	ANT0	ANT3	ANT2	ANT1		N5	ANT0	ANT3		
B8	ANT0	ANT3		B5	ANT0	ANT3				N7	ANT2	ANT3	ANT0	ANT1
B9	ANT0	ANT3		B7	ANT0	ANT3	ANT2	ANT1		N8	ANT0	ANT3		
B19	ANT0	ANT3		B8	ANT0	ANT3				N12	ANT0	ANT3		
				B12	ANT0	ANT3				N20	ANT0	ANT3		
				B13	ANT0	ANT3				N28	ANT0	ANT3		
				B14	ANT0	ANT3				N41	ANT2	ANT1	ANT0	ANT3
				B17	ANT0	ANT3				N66	ANT2	ANT3	ANT0	ANT1
				B18	ANT0	ANT3				N71	ANT0	ANT3		
				B19	ANT0	ANT3				N77	ANT2	ANT1	ANT0	ANT3
				B20	ANT0	ANT3				N78	ANT2	ANT1	ANT0	ANT3
				B25	ANT0	ANT3	ANT2	ANT1		N79	ANT2	ANT1	ANT0	ANT3
				B26	ANT0	ANT3								
				B28	ANT0	ANT3								
				B29	ANT0	ANT3								
				B30	ANT0	ANT3	ANT2	ANT1						
				B32	ANT0	ANT3								
				B34	ANT0	ANT3								
				B38	ANT0	ANT3	ANT2	ANT1						
				B39	ANT0	ANT3								
				B40	ANT0	ANT3	ANT2	ANT1						
				B41	ANT0	ANT3	ANT2	ANT1						
				B42	ANT2	ANT1	ANT0	ANT3						
				B46	ANT0	ANT3								
				B48	ANT2	ANT1	ANT0	ANT3						
				B66	ANT0	ANT3	ANT2	ANT1						
				B71	ANT0	ANT3								

## 15.9 AT+RESET - Reboot module

AT+ RESET command is used reboot the module.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT+RESET	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		





### Example

```
AT+RESET
OK
```

Reboot module.

## 15.10 AT^TEMP - Check the Sensor Temperature

AT^TEMP is used to check the temperature of TSENS, PA and Skin sensor.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^TEMP?	TSENS: <TSENS temperature> PA: <PA temperature> Skin Sensor: <Skin sensor temperature> OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
TSENS temperature	-	Current TSENS temperature (Centigrade)
PA temperature	-	Current PA temperature (Centigrade)
Skin sensor temperature	-	Current Skin sensor temperature (Centigrade)

### Example

```
AT^TEMP
TSENS: 33C
PA: 32C
Skin Sensor: 32C
OK
```

## 15.11 AT+GPS - Enable/Disable GPS

AT+GPS is used to enable/disable GPS function.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+GPS?	<mode> OK	
Write Command	AT+GPS=<mode>	GPS is enabled, module reboot. OK	
		GPS is disabled, module reboot. OK	
		+CME ERROR: Parameters error	



### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0	Disable
	1	Enable

### Example

```

AT+GPS?
1
OK

AT+GPS?
0
OK

AT+GPS=3
+CME ERROR: Parameters error

AT+GPS=0
GPS is disabled, module reboot.
OK

AT+GPS=1
GPS is enabled, module reboot.
Ok
    
```

## 15.12 AT^GPS\_START - START GPS

AT^GPS\_START is used to start GPS with cold mode.

**Note:** If you have started GPS by the AT command, please don't execute the AT repeatedly, please execute command "AT^GPS\_STOP" to stop GPS first, then start GPS by the AT command again.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT^GPS_START=0	OK	Cold start GPS success
		+CME ERROR: GPS status error	Cannot start GPS, send "at+gps?" to check GPS status.

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0	Cold start GPS
	1	Warm start GPS

	2	Hot start GPS
--	---	---------------

**Example**

```

AT^GPS_START=0           Cold Start GPS success
OK

AT^GPS_START=0
+CME ERROR: GPS status error
    
```

## 15.13 AT+GPS\_INFO - Get TTFF and CN

AT+GPS\_INFO is used to get TTFF and CN value of GPS.

**Note:** Need to start GPS by "AT^GPS\_START" before execute this AT command.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT+GPS_INFO	GPS is fixing, please wait... OK	GPS is started and GPS is fixing position
		GPS_CN:38.000000 GPS_TTFF:30.121 OK	GPS is started and GPS has been fixed successfully.
		GPS has not started.... OK	GPS isn't started

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

**Example**

```

AT+GPS_INFO           //Query success
GPS_CN:38.000000
GPS_TTFF:30.121
OK

AT+GPS_INFO           //Query fail
GPS has not started...
OK
    
```

## 15.14 AT^GPS\_STOP - STOP GPS

**Note:** Need to start GPS by "AT^GPS\_START" before execute this AT command.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT^GPS_STOP	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

### Example

```
AT^GPS_STOP
OK
```

## 15.15 AT^BODYSARON - Get SAR State

AT^BODYSARON command is used to get the current SAR state.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^BODYSARON?	^BodySaron:<state> OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<state>	0	RF_SAR_STATE_DEFAULT
	1	RF_SAR_STATE_1
	2	RF_SAR_STATE_2
	3	RF_SAR_STATE_3
	4	RF_SAR_STATE_4
	5	RF_SAR_STATE_5
	6	RF_SAR_STATE_6
	7	RF_SAR_STATE_7
	8	RF_SAR_STATE_8

### Example

```
AT^BODYSARON?
^BodySaron: 5
OK
```

## 15.16 AT+DPR\_ENABLE - Get and set the status of DPR

AT+ DPR\_ENABLE command is used to get and set the status of DPR.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+DPR_ENABLE?	+DPR_ENABLE: Get DPR State success. DPR_enable= 0. OK	

		+DPR_ENABLE: Get DPR State success. DPR_enable= 1. OK	
Write Command	AT+DPR_ENABLE=<mode>	+DPR_ENABLE: set DPR state success. OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0	Disable
	1	Enable

### Example

AT+DPR_ENABLE=0 OK	Disable DPR
AT+DPR_ENABLE? +DPR_ENABLE: 0. OK	
AT+DPR_ENABLE=1 OK	Enable DPR
AT+DPR_ENABLE? +DPR_ENABLE: 1 OK	

## 15.17 AT+DPR - Set And Get DPR Value

AT+ DPR command is used to set and get DPR value. Up to 8 DSI settings are supported.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT+DPR=<tech>,<band>,<antenna>,<endc_band>,<dsi_value1>,<dsi_value2>]	OK	For WCDMA/LTE Standalone/SA, the <endc_band> value will be ignored, just set 0.
Read Command	AT+DPR=<tech>,<band>,<antenna>,<endc_band>]	DSI1=24.5dbm DSI2=24.5dbm DSI3=24.5dbm DSI4=24.5dbm DSI5=24.5dbm	For WCDMA/LTE Standalone/SA, the <endc_band> value will be ignored, can not be set. For LTE ENDC/ NSA,

		DSI6=24.5dbm DSI7=24.5dbm DSI8=24.5dbm  OK	the <endc_band> must be set.
--	--	--	------------------------------

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<tech>	1	WCDMA
	2	LTE Standalone
	3	LTE ENDC
	4	NSA (NR5G SUB6G)
	5	SA (NR5G SUB6G)
<band>	band value	<p>For WCDMA: Band1 → 1, Band 2→ 2, ... Band19 → 19 Support band: 1,2,4,5,6,8,9,19</p> <p>For LTE Standalone: Band1 → 1, Band 2→ 2 , ... Band71 → 71 Support band:1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,17,18,19,20,25,26,28,30,34,38,39,41,42,48,66,71</p> <p>For LTE ENDC: Band1 → 1, Band 2→ 2 , ... Band71 → 71 Support band:1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,18,19,20,25,26,28,38,39,40,41,48, 66,71</p> <p>For NR5G(SUB6G) NSA: n1 → 1, n2→ 2 , ... n79 → 79 Support band: 1,2,3,5,7,20,28,38,40,41,66,71,77,78,79</p> <p>For NR5G(SUB6G) SA: n1 → 1, n2→ 2 , ... n79 → 79 Support band: 1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,25,28,38,40,41,48,66,71,77,78,79</p>
<antenna>	antenna	0: Main antenna 1: Aux1 antenna 2: Aux2 antenna 3: Aux3 antenna 65535: All antennas
<endc_band>	endc band number	For WCDMA/LTE Standalone/SA, the value will be ignored, just set default value 0.



Parameter	Value	Instruction
		For LTE ENDC/NSA, the value should be ENDC band number to co-work with the basic band specified in band field of this record. E.g., for LTE B2 + NR n71 combo, when set LTE B2 DPR value, the band field should be 2 and the endc_band field should be 71; when set NR n71 DPR value, the band field should be 71 and the endc_band field should be 2.
<dsi_value>	DSI value(s)	DSI value, the unit is 0.1db.For example, set 23dBm, this value should be 23x10=230. E.g. set DSI1 to 23dBm, this parameter should be 23x10=230. If set DSI1 to 20dBm, DSI2 to 20.5dBm, DSI3 to 21dBm, DSI4 to 21.5dBm, the parameter should be 200,205,210,215.

**Example**

AT+DPR=1,1,65535	Query DPR value of WCDMA band 1
DSI1=24.5dbm	
DSI2=24.5dbm	
DSI3=24.5dbm	
DSI4=24.5dbm	
DSI5=24.5dbm	
DSI6=24.5dbm	
DSI7=24.5dbm	
DSI8=24.5dbm	
OK	Change DSI1 value of WCDMA band 1
AT+DPR=1,1,65535,0,230	
OK	Change DSI1,DSI2,DSI3,DSI4 value of WCDMA band 1
AT+DPR=1,1,65535,0,200,205,210,215	
OK	

## 15.18 AT^SMTP - Set Max Tx Power

AT^SMTP command is used to set max TX power.



## Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^SMTP=<tech>	^SMTP: <tech> mode , Band X:< max_tx_power > OK	
Write Command	AT^SMTP=<tech>, <band>, <max_tx_power>	^SMTP: <tech>,<band>,<max_tx_power> OK	

## Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<tech>	1	WCDMA
	2	LTE
	3	NR5G
<band>	WCDMA band	Support band range: 1,2,4,5,6,8,9,19
	LTE band	Support band range: 1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,17,18,19,20, 25,26,28,30,34,38,39,41,42,48,66,71
	NR5G band	Support band range: 1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,28,41,66,71,77, 78,79
<max_tx_power>		Max TX power, the unit is 0.1db.For example, set 23dBm, this value should be 23x10=230.





### Example

```

AT^SMTP=1                                Get max Tx power for all WCDMA bands
^SMTP: WCDMA mode
Band1: 23.5dbm
Band2: 23.5dbm
Band4: 23.5dbm
Band5: 23.5dbm
Band8: 23.5dbm
Band9: 23.5dbm
Band19: 23.5dbm
OK
                                           Set max Tx power to 23dBm for WCDMA band
AT^SMTP=1,1,230                            1
OK
                                           Get max Tx power for all WCDMA bands
AT^SMTP=1
^SMTP: WCDMA mode
Band1: 23.0dbm
Band2: 23.5dbm
Band4: 23.5dbm
Band5: 23.5dbm
Band8: 23.5dbm
Band9: 23.5dbm
Band19: 23.5dbm
OK
    
```

## 15.19 AT^SLBAND - Enable/Disable Band(s)

AT^SLBAND is used to enable/disable band(s). Up to 15 bands settings are supported (at a time). After executing this AT command, you need to restart module to make setting take effect. We recommend you use AT^BAND\_PREF, that command can take effect right away.

**Note:** If your device can support both NR5G NSA/SA network, when you use this command to enable/disable NR5G Sub6G Band(s), it will enable/disable both NR5G NSA/SA Band(s) together. If your device just support NSA network, it just enable/disable NR5G NSA Band(s). If you want to set NR5G NSA/SA Band(s) separately, we suggest you to use our new AT command "AT^BAND\_PREF\_EXT".

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT^SLBAND=?	^SLBAND: <tech>,<band>	Get the bands range for different mode.

		OK	
Read Command	AT^SLBAND?	<tech>,<status>,<band> OK	Query the current bands status for WCDMA, LTE and NR5G Sub6G, NR5G mmWave
Write Command	AT^SLBAND=<tech>,<status >,<band1> [, <band2> [, <band3>...]]	OK	Enable/Disable bands for WCDMA/LTE/NR5G Sub6G/NR5G mmWave
Exec Command	AT^SLBAND	OK	Recover the current carrier default configuration.

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<tech>	WCDMA	WCDMA mode
	LTE	LTE mode
	NR5G	NR5G mode
	NR5G_MMW	NR5G FR2 bands(If you device support NR5G FR2 Bands)
<status>	1	Disable band status.
	2	Enable band status.
<band>	List of <band>	WCDMA: 1,2,4,5,6,8,9,19 LTE:1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,17,18,19,20,25,26,28,29,30,32,34,38,39,40,41,42,46,48,66,71,(43) NR5G_NSA_Sub6G: 1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,28,38,41,66,71,77,78,79,(25,40,48) NR5G_SA_Sub6G: 1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,28,38,41,66,71,77,78,79,(25,40,48) NR5G_FR2:(257,258,260,261)  Note: Your device may not support some band like " LTE B43,Sub6G NSA (n25/n40/n48), Sub6G SA (n25/n40/n48), FR2 (n257/n258/n260/n261)". If notsupport, we will not display those Band in response of this command.

### Example

```
AT^SLBAND=LTE, 1, 1
OK

AT^SLBAND?
```

```

WCDMA, Enable Bands :1,2,4,5,6,8,9,19,
WCDMA, Disable Bands:
LTE, Enable Bands :2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,17,18,19,
20,25,26,28,29,30,32,34,38,39,41,42,46,48,66,71,
LTE, Disable Bands:1,
NR5G,Enable Bands :1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,28,41,66,
71,77,78, 79,
NR5G,Disable Bands:
OK

AT^SLBAND=LTE,2,1,2,3,4,5
OK

AT^SLBAND?
WCDMA, Enable Bands :1,2,4,5,6,8,9,19,
WCDMA, Disable Bands:
LTE, Enable Bands :1,2,3,4,5,
LTE, Disable Bands:7,8,12,13,14,17,18,19,20,25,
26,28,29,30,32,34,38,39,41,42,46,48,66,71,
NR5G,Enable Bands :1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,28,41,66,
71,77,78,79,
NR5G, Disable Bands:
OK

AT^SLBAND
OK
AT^SLBAND?
WCDMA, Enable Bands :1,2,4,5,6,8,9,19,
WCDMA, Disable Bands:
LTE, Enable Bands :1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,17,18,
19,20,25,26,28,29,30,32,34,38,39,41,42,46,48,66,71,
LTE, Disable Bands:
NR5G, Enable Bands :1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,28,41,66, 71,77,78,79,
NR5G, Disable Bands:
OK
  
```

## 15.20 AT^SBFS - Enable/Disable SIM base status

AT^SBFS is used to enable/disable SIM base status in module. The SIM service in host is based on the status to decide whether trigger firmware image upgrade.

**Note:** If your platform doesn't install SIM service, please ignore the AT command.

## Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT^SBFS=?	^SBFS:(0,1) OK	Get the parameter setting range
Read Command	AT^SBFS?	SIM base status: <status> OK	Get current SIM base status.
Write Command	AT^SBFS=<status>	Successfully setting SIM base status as:Enable (Disable) OK	Set SIM base status to enable or disable

## Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<status>	1	Enable
	0	Disable

## Example

```

AT^SBFS?
SIM base status: Disable
OK
AT^SBFS?
SIM base status: Enable
OK
AT^SBFS=?
^SBFS: (0,1)
OK
AT^SBFS=0
Successfully setting SIM base status as: Disable
OK
AT^SBFS=1
Successfully setting SIM base status as: Enable
OK
AT^SBFS=2
Setting Parameter value is unexpected, should be 0 or 1.
OK
    
```

## 15.21 AT^SLMODE - Select Preference Mode

AT^SLMODE command is used to select preference mode.

**Note:** Please set module to online mode by "AT+CFUN=1" before execute the command.

NR5G only doesn't work in the SA, because current firmware version doesn't support 5G SA mode.



### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT^SLMODE=?	^SLMODE:(0-1),(0-7) OK	
Read Command	AT^SLMODE?	^SLMODE:<pref_term>, <pref_mode>	
Write Command	AT^SLMODE= <pref_term >, <pref_mode>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<pref_term>	0	NON-PERMANENT (Mode settings restore to last settings after module reboot)
	1	PERMANENT (Mode settings still is valid after module reboot)
<pref_mode>	0	Automatically
	1	WCDMA Only
	2	LTE Only
	3	WCDMA And LTE
	4	NR5G Only
	5	WCDMA And NR5G
	6	LTE And NR5G
7	WCDMA And LTE And NR5G	

### Example

```
AT^SLMODE?
^SLMODE:1,7
OK

AT^SLMODE=1,0
OK

AT^SLMODE=?
^SLMODE:(0-1),(0-7)
OK
```

## 15.22 AT^SIMDECPIN - Query the SIM detection PIN status in slot1

AT^SIMDECPIN is used to query the SIM detection PIN status in slot1.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
------	---------	------------------------	-------------

Read Command	AT^SIMDECPIN?<status>	OK	
--------------	-----------------------	----	--

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<status>	High	Insert UIM card
	Low	Remove UIM card

**Example**

```
AT+SIMDECPIN?
```

```
High
```

```
OK
```

```
AT+SIMDECPIN?
```

```
Low
```

```
OK
```

## 15.23 AT^QTUNER\_ENABLE - Set QAT3555 Functionality

This set command enable or disable the RFC driver with Qtuner QAT3555 (Qtuner “QAT3555” is designed in platform side). Device will auto reboot after execute set command. The read command return QAT3555 is enabled or disabled status in the RFC driver.

**Note:** If platform does not use QAT3555 tuner, please ignore the AT command.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^QTUNER_ENABLE?	QAT3555 Enable: TRUE OK	
Write Command	AT^QTUNER_ENABLE=<mode>	OK	

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0	Disable QAT3555 in RFC driver. Device will auto reboot after execute set command
	1	Enable QAT3555 in RFC driver. Device will auto reboot after execute set command

**Example**

```
AT^QTUNER_ENABLE =1
```

```
OK
```

Enable QAT3555, device will reboot after execute set command

```
AT^QTUNER_ENABLE?
```

```
QAT3555 Enable: TRUE
```

```
OK
```

QAT3555 is enabled in RFC driver

## 15.24 AT^CA\_ENABLE - Enable/Disable CA

AT^CA\_ENABLE is used to enable/disable CA function.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^CA_ENABLE?	CA_FLAG: DISABLE OK	
Write Command	AT^CA_ENABLE= <mode>	You have succeeded to ENABLE/DISABLE the CA function! OK	
Test Command	AT^CA_ENABLE=?	0:Enable 1-255:Disable OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0	Enable
	1-255	Disable

### Example

```
AT^CA_ENABLE=1
You have succeeded to DISABLE the CA function!
OK

AT^CA_ENABLE?
CA_FLAG: DISABLE
OK

AT^CA_ENABLE=?
0:Enable
1-255:Disable
OK
```

## 15.25 AT^ABAND - Get active band and channel Information

AT^ABAND is used to get the active band and channel information.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^ABAND?	Radio interface: LTE Active band: LTE_BAND_39 Active channel: 38400 OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

### Example

```
AT^ABAND?
Radio interface: LTE
Active band: LTE_BAND_39
Active channel: 38400
OK
```

## 15.26 AT^CA\_INFO - Get Band Information of LTE CA Combination/5G ENDC

AT^CA\_INFO is used to get the PCC and SCC information.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^CA_INFO?	PCC info: Band is xxx, Band_with is xxx SCC1 info: Band is xxx, Band_with is xxx SCC2 info: Band is xxx, Band_with is xxx PCC info: Band is NR5G_xxx, Band_with is xxx OK	Support LTE and NR5G CA info

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		





### Example

```

AT^CA_INFO?
PCC info: Band is LTE_B12,
Band_width is 10.0MHz
OK
AT^CA_INFO?
PCC info: Band is LTE_B12,
Band_width is 10.0MHz
SCC1 info: Band is LTE_B25,
Band_width is 10.0MHz
OK
AT^CA_INFO?
LTE serving information:
PCC info: Band is LTE_B1,
Band_width is 20.0MHz
SCC1 info: Band is LTE_B3,
Band_width is 20.0MHz
SCC2 info: Band is LTE_B7,
Band_width is 20.0MHz
PCC info: Band is NR5G_N5G,
Band_width is 100.0MHz
OK
    
```

LTE 1 CA Information  
 LTE 2 CA Information  
 5G ENDC: band information

## 15.27 AT^ULCA - Query ULCA state and enable ULCA function

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^ULCA?	ULCA is enabled OK	
Exec command	AT^ULCA	OK	

### Example

```

AT^ULCA?
ULCA is disabled
OK
AT^ULCA
OK
AT^ULCA?
ULCA is enabled
OK
    
```

Query ULCA  
 Enable ULCA function  
 Query ULCA

## 15.28 AT^BAND\_PRI - Set Band Attach Priority

AT^BAND\_PRI is used to set LTE band attach priority.



**Note:** Need to execute “at+reset” to take effect when execute the “AT^BAND\_PRI” write command. Band priority means, band scan is done based on priority you set by “AT^BAND\_PRI” command. Nevertheless, band priority does not guarantee which is the serving band.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^BAND_PRI?	^BAND_PRI: <band> OK	
Write command	AT^BAND_PRI= <band1> [, <band2> [, <band3>...]]	OK	Enable/Disable band(s) for WCDMA, LTE and NR5G.

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<band>	List of <band>	LTE:1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,17,18,19,20,25,26, 28,29,30,32,34,38,39,41,42,46,48,66,71

**Example**

```
AT^BAND_PRI=41,38

OK
AT^BAND_PRI?
^BAND_PRI:41,38
OK
```

## 15.29 AT^QTUNER\_INIT - Query tuner initial state

AT^QTUNER\_INIT is used to query Qtuner initial state. (Qtuner “QAT3555” is designed in platform side)

**Note:** If platform does not use QAT3555 tuner, please ignore the AT command.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^QTUNER_INIT?	Qtuner is not enabled OK	Qtuner function is not enabled
		Main and Aux tuner initial success OK	Qtuner function is enabled and both Main and Aux Qtuner HW component exists.
		Main and Aux tuner initial failed OK	Qtuner function is enabled and both Main and Aux Qtuner HW component does not exist.



Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
		Main tuner initial failed OK	Qtuner function is enabled and Main Qtuner HW component does not exist.
		Aux tuner initial failed OK	Qtuner function is enabled and Aux Qtuner HW component does not exist.

**Example**

AT^QTUNER_INIT?	Query Qtuner function
Qtuner is not enabled	Enable Qtuner function, module will reset
OK	Query Qtuner function
AT^QTUNER_ENABLE=1	When Qtuner function is enabled and both main and aux Qtuner HW component exist
... reboot ...	When Qtuner function is enabled but both main and aux HW Qtuner doesn't exist
AT^QTUNER_INIT"	When Qtuner function is enabled but main HW Qtuner doesn't exist
Main and Aux tuner initial success	When Qtuner function is enabled but aux HW Qtuner doesn't exist
OK	
AT^QTUNER_INIT?	When Qtuner function is enabled but aux HW Qtuner doesn't exist
Main and Aux tuner initial failed	
OK	
AT^QTUNER_INIT?	
Main tuner initial failed	
OK	
AT^QTUNER_INIT?	
Aux tuner initial failed	
OK	

### 15.30 AT^RFPIN\_STATUS - Query the RF key status

AT^RFPIN\_STATUS is used to query status of "W\_DISABLE" PIN in Golden finger.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^RFPIN_STATUS?	RF HW key is pull up OK	

**Example**

AT^RFPIN_STATUS?	Query status of "W_DISABLE" pin
RF HW key is pull up	The status of "W_DISABLE" pin is high
OK	Query status of "W_DISABLE" pin
AT^RFPIN_STATUS?	The status of "W_DISABLE" pin is low
RF HW key is pull down	
OK	

## 15.31 AT^BAND\_PREF - Enable/Disable Band(s)

AT^BAND\_PREF is used to enable/disable band(s). Up to 15 band settings are supported (at a time). The difference between AT^BAND\_PREF and AT^SLBAND: AT^BAND\_PREF can enable/disable band(s) without reboot.

**Note:** If your device can support both NR5G NSA/SA network, when you use this command to enable/disable NR5G Sub6G Band(s), it will enable/disable both NR5G NSA/SA Band(s) together. If your device just support NSA network, it just enable/disable NR5G NSA Band(s). If you want to set NR5G NSA/SA Band(s) separately, we suggest you to use our new AT command "AT^BAND\_PREF\_EXT".

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^BAND_PREF?	<tech>,<status>,<band> OK	Query the current band status for WCDMA, LTE, NR5G and NR5G mmWave.
Write command	AT^BAND_PREF= <tech>, <status>, <band1> [, <band2> [, <band3>...]]	OK	Enable/Disable band(s) for WCDMA, LTE, NR5G and NR5G mmWave.
Exec Command	AT^BAND_PREF	OK	Recover the default configuration about band preference

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<tech>	WCDMA	WCDMA mode
	LTE	LTE mode
	NR5G	NR5G mode
	NR5G_MM W	NR5G FR2 bands(If your device supports NR5G FR2 Bands)
<status>	1	Disable band status.
	2	Enable band status.
<band>	List of <band>	WCDMA: 1,2,4,5,6,8,9,19 LTE:1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,17,18,19,20,25,26,28,29,30,32,34,38,39,40,41,42,46,48,66,71,(43) NR5G_NSA_Sub6G: 1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,28,38,41,66,71,77,78,79,(25,40,48) NR5G_SA_Sub6G: 1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,28,38,41,66,71,77,78,79, (25,40,48) NR5G_FR2:(257,258,260,261) Note: Your device may not support some band like " LTE B43,Sub6G NSA (n25/n40/n48), Sub6G SA (n25/n40/n48),

Parameter	Value	Instruction
		FR2 (n257/n258/n260/n261) ".If not support, we will not display those Band in response of this command.

### Example

AT^BAND_PREF?	Query current band status (If your device not supports NR5G mmWave Bands)
WCDMA, Enable Bands :1,2,4,5,6,8,9,19,	Disable LTE Band3
WCDMA, Disable Bands:	Query current band status (If your device not supports NR5G mmWave Bands)
LTE, Enable Bands :1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,17, 18,19,20,25,26,28,29,30,32,34,38,39,41,42,46,48,66,71,	Disable NR5G n78
LTE, Disable Bands:	Query current band status (If your device not supports NR5G mmWave Bands)
NR5G,Enable Bands :1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,25,28,38,41,48,66,71,77,78,79	Enable NR5G n78
NR5G,Disable Bands:	Enable NR5G n78 Recover default seting about band preference
OK	Query current bands status (if your device supports NR5G mmWave Bands)
AT^BAND_PREF=LTE,1,3	Disable NR5G FR2 band 260 (if your device supports NR5G mmWave Bands)
OK	
AT^BAND_PREF?	
WCDMA, Enable Bands :1,2,4,5,6,8,9,19,	
WCDMA, Enable Bands :1,2,4,5,6,8,9,19,	
WCDMA, Disable Bands:	
LTE, Enable Bands :1,2,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,17, 18,19,20,25,26,28,29,30,32,34,38,39,41,42,46,48,66,71,	
LTE, Disable Bands: 3	
NR5G,Enable Bands :1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,25,28,38,41,48,66,71,77,78,79,	
NR5G,Disable Bands:	

```
OK
AT^BAND_PREF=NR5G,1,78

OK

AT^BAND_PREF?

WCDMA, Enable Bands :1,2,4,5,6,8,9,
19,
WCDMA, Enable Bands :1,2,4,5,6,8,9,
19,
WCDMA, Disable Bands:
LTE, Enable Bands :1,2,4,5,7,8,12,13,
14,17, 18,19,
20,25,26,28,29,30,32,34,38,39,41,42,
46,48,66,71,
LTE, Disable Bands: 3
NR5G,Enable
Bands :1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,25,28,38,41,48,
66,71,77,79,
NR5G,Disable Bands: 78

OK
AT^BAND_PREF=NR5G,2,78

OK

AT^BAND_PREF

OK

AT^BAND_PREF?

WCDMA, Enable Bands :1,2,4,5,6,8,9,
19,
WCDMA, Disable Bands:
LTE, Enable Bands :1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,
13,14,17,18,
19,20,25,26,28,29,30,32,34,38,39,41,
42,46,48, 66,71,
LTE, Disable Bands:
NR5G,Enable
Bands :1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,25,28,38,41,48,
66,71,77,78,79,
NR5G,Disable Bands:
NR5G_MMW,Enable Bands :260,261,
```

```
NR5G_MMW,Disable Bands:
OK
AT^BAND_PREF=NR5G_MMW,1,260
OK
```

## 15.32 AT^DEBUG - Get serving cell information

AT^DEBUG is used to get serving cell information.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^DEBUG?	Some serving cell information in current network OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
RAT	WCDMA/LTE/ LTE+NR/NR5G_SA	Radio access technology
mcc	-	Mobile Country Code
mnc	-	Mobile Network Code
band	-	Active band of the current system
band_width	-	Bandwidth
channel	-	EARFCN/Active channel of the current system
cell_id	-	Cell ID
lac	-	Location Area Code
psc	-	Primary Synchronization Code
rscp	-	Receive Signal Channel Power
ecio	-	Energy Chip/Interference Other cell
rssi	-	Receive Signal Channel Power
tx_pwr	-	Device Tx Power
wcdma_ant_rscp	-	RSCP value on each antenna
rx_diversity	1 2 4 8	Diversity bitmask to show which Rx chain has valid signal information. For example, if rx_diversity=1+2=3, that means signal information is available on both Rx chain 0 and Rx chain 1.
lte_tac	-	Tracking Area Code
pcell	-	Primary Cell Information
scell	-	Secondary Cell Information
pci	-	Physical Cell ID
rsrp	-	Reference Signal Receiving Power
rsrq	-	Reference Signal Receiving Quality

Parameter	Value	Instruction
rssi	-	Receive Signal Strength Indication
snr	-	Signal to Noise Ratio
lte_ant_rsrp	-	RSRP value on each antenna

### Example

```

AT^DEBUG?
RAT: WCDMA
mcc:460,mnc:01
band:1
band_width:5.0MHz
channel:10663
cell_id:228535243
lac:42282
cell1:psc:240,rscp:-101.0dBm,ecio:-15.5dB
rssi:-106dBm
tx_pwr:7dB
wcdma_ant_rscp: rx_diversity: 3
(-101.5dBm, -536.0dBm)
OK
AT^DEBUG?
RAT:LTE
mcc:460,mnc:01
lte_cell_id:114885122
lte_tac:9514
lte_tx_pwr:2.0dB
lte_ant_rsrp:rx_diversity:15
(-77.0dBm,-256.0dBm,-256.0dBm,-256.0dBm)
pcell:lte_band:3,lte_band_width:20.0MHz
channel:1650 pci:434
lte_rsrp:-76.5dBm,rsrq:-5.8dBm
lte_rssi:-53.1dBm,lte_snr:28.0dBm
OK
AT^DEBUG?
RAT:LTE+NR
mnc:001,mnc:01
lte_cell_id:2
lte_tac:1
lte_tx_pwr:17.0dB

```

Current Network is WCDMA  
Current Network is LTE  
Current Network is LTE+NR 5G  
(b1+b3+b7+n38)



```
lte_ant_rsrp:rx_diversity:15
(-75.9dBm,-117.7dBm,-140.0dBm,-
135.0dBm)
pcell:lte_band:1,lte_band_width:20.0MHz
channel:300 pci:2
lte_rsrp:-75.8dBm,rs_rq:-10.4dBm
lte_rssi:-45.5dBm,lte_snr:30.0dBm
scell: lte_band:3
lte_band_width:20.0MHz
channel:1575 pci:2
lte_rsrp:-74.9dBm,rs_rq:-10.4dBm
lte_rssi:-44.6dBm,lte_snr:30.0dBm
scell: lte_band:7
lte_band_width:20.0MHz
channel:3100 pci:3
lte_rsrp:-75.1dBm,rs_rq:-10.4dBm
lte_rssi:-44.9dBm,lte_snr:30.0dBm
nr_band:n78
nr_band_width:100.0MHz
nr_channel:636666
nr_pci:4
nr_rsrp:82dBm rx_diversity: 15
(-82.1dBm,-110.6dBm,-140dBm,-125.8dBm)
nr_rsrq:-11dB
nr_snr:16.5dB
OK
```

### 15.33 AT+VZWRSP - Display Neighbor Cell Info

AT+VZWRSP is used to display neighbor cell info like Cell id, EARFCN, RSRP. RSRP – Reference Signal Received Power.

#### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+VZWRSP?	+VZWRSP: Cell ID, EARFCN, RSRP OK	

#### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

### Example

```
AT+VZWRSRP?
+VZWRSRP: 347,1650,"-1027"
346,1650,"-1004"
319,1650,"-1021"
Ok
```

## 15.34 AT+VZWRSRQ - Display Neighbor Cell Info

AT+VZWRSRQ is used to display neighbor cell info like Cell id, EARFCN, RSRQ. RSRQ Reference Signal Received Quality.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+VZWRSRQ?	+VZWRSRQ: Cell ID, EARFCN, RSRQ OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
NULL		

### Example

```
AT+VZWRSRQ?
+VZWRSRQ: 346,1650,"-149",319,1650,"-176",098,1650,"-200",386,1650,"-158"
Ok
```

## 15.35 AT+VZWAPNE - Edit APN Value

AT+VZWAPNE is used to edit APN values in APN table.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Test Command	AT+VZWAPNE=?	+VZWAPNE: (1-24),(0-16),,(IPV6 and IPV4V6), LTE,(0-1 ),(0-122820) OK	
Read Command	AT+VZWAPNE?	+VZWAPNE: <Profile ID> ,<APN Class>,<APN Name>,<PDP Type>,<APN Bearer type> ,<APN Flag>,< APN Timer> OK	
Write Command	AT+VZWAPNE = <Profile ID> , <APN Class> , <APN Name> ,	OK	

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
	<PDP Type>, <APN Bearer type>, <APN Flag>, <APN Timer>		

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<Profile ID>	1 to 24	
<APN Class>	0 to 4	
<APN Name>	String type, maximum length is 100	
<PDP Type>	String type, maximum length is 8	
<APN Bearer type>	String type, maximum length is 3	
<APN Flag>	0 to 1	
<APN Timer>	0 to 122820	

**Example**

```

AT+VZWAPNE=?
+VZWAPNE: (1-24), (0-16), , (IPV6 and
IPV4V6), LTE,
(0-1 ), (0-122820)
OK
AT+VZWAPNE?
+VZWAPNE: 1 , 0 , "", "IPV4V6", "LTE",
0, 0
+VZWAPNE: 2 ,
0 , "ims", "IPV4V6", "LTE", 0, 0
OK
AT+VZWAPNE=1,0,"ims","IPV6","LTE",0,0
OK
AT+VZWAPNE?
+VZWAPNE: 1 , 0 , "ims", "IPV6", "LTE",
0, 0
+VZWAPNE: 2 ,
0 , "ims", "IPV4V6", "LTE", 0, 0
OK
    
```

Modify APN values in APN table

## 15.36 AT+HOSTMAN - Show and modify Host manufacture name for OTADM

Note: The AT command only can be used in Verizon carrier image.



**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+HOSTMAN?	+HOSTMAN: HostMan is: Manufacture name OK	
Exec Command	AT+HOSTMAN=<Manufacture name>	OK	(For Verizon)

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<Manufacture name>	String type, maximum length is 64	

## 15.37 AT+HOSTMOD - Show and modify Host model name for OTADM

Note: The AT command only can be used in Verizon carrier image.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+HOSTMOD?	+HOSTMOD: HostMod is: Model name OK	
Exec Command	AT+HOSTMOD=<Model name>	OK (For Verizon)	(For Verizon)

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<Model name>	String type, maximum length is 64	

## 15.38 AT^CLIENTID - Get and Set client ID information

AT^CLIENTID is used to get or set module client ID information. Please ignore the AT command for Mobile broadband product.



### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Instruction Result	
Read Command	AT^CLIENTID?	client id: <ID> OK	The length of ID must be less than or equal to 64 Bytes. Every character's ASCII value must between 0x20 to 0x7E. There are some special characters are not allow, for example: " " ", ">", "?".
Write Command	AT^CLIENTID=<ID>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<ID>	String type, the length must be less or equal to 64 bytes	

### Example

<pre>AT^CLIENTID? client id is blank, please set it first OK AT^CLIENTID=QAZWSXEDCRFVTGBYHNUJMIKOPLQAZWSXEDCRFVTGBYHNUJMIKOPL0123456789QA OK AT^CLIENTID? client id: QAZWSXEDCRFVTGBYHNUJMIKOPLQAZWSXEDCRFVTGBYHNUJMIKOPL0123456789QA OK</pre>	<p>Before you set the client id information,</p> <p>Set or modify client id information</p> <p>Query client id information</p>
--	--

## 15.39 AT^SET\_PLMN - Select PLMN Manually

AT^SET\_PLMN command is used to select PLMN manually. Sometime it will take about 10 seconds to attach specific PLMN network. Besides, after insert different SIM card or restart device, setting will lose.

**Note:** Write command and Exec command can take effect right now. Besides, after insert different SIM card or restart device, before setting will lose.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT^SET_PLMN=<mcc>,<mnc>	OK	Select a specific PLMN
Read Command	AT^SET_PLMN?	^SET_PLMN:(<mcc>,<mnc>) OK	Query PLMN setting

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Exec Command	AT^SET_PLMN	OK	Make device select PLMN automatically

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mcc>	-	Mobile Country Code
<mnc>	-	Mobile Network Code

**Example**

AT^SET_PLMN?	If have not set PLMN before
^SET_PLMN:Have not set PLMN before	
OK	
AT^SET_PLMN=460,00	Make device attach to specific PLMN network
OK	
AT^DEBUG?	Query current network information to verify PLMN
RAT:LTE	
mcc:460,mnc:00	
lte_cell_id:213931652	
lte_tac:9340	
lte_tx_pwr:-11.0dB	
lte_ant_rsrp:rx_diversity:15 (-83.7dBm,-256.0dBm,-256.0dBm,-256.0dBm)	
pcell: lte_band:40	
lte_band_width:20.0MHz	
channel:38950 pci:304	
lte_rsrp:-83.7dBm,rsrq:-6.7dB	
lte_rssi:-57.1dBm,lte_snr:30.0dB	
OK	
AT^SET_PLMN	Make device select PLMN automatically
OK	

## 15.40 AT^WCDMA\_LOCK - Lock UARFCN and PSC in WCDMA network

AT^WCDMA\_LOCK command is used to lock UARFCN (DownLink) and PSC in WCDMA network. After lock UARFCN and PSC, mode preference will set to WCDMA-only. If you want to lock UARFCN and PSC, please set it according to current network environment. If

current network do not exist such an available UARFCN and PSC, device will stay in “no service” status. Besides, this command just support lock one group of UARFCN and PSC.

**Note:** Write command and Exec command needs to restart device to take effect.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT^WCDMA_LOCK=<dl_uarfcn>,<psc>	OK	Lock UARFCN and PSC
Read Command	AT^WCDMA_LOCK?	^WCDMA_LOCK: (<dl_uarfcn>, <psc>) OK	Query current setting about UARFCN and PSC
Exec Command	AT^WCDMA_LOCK	OK	Delete lock on UARFCN and PSC

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<dl_earfcn>	-	Downlink E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
<psc>	-	Physical Scramble Code

**Example**

AT^WCDMA_LOCK?	Query current lock about UARFCN and PSC
Have not lock UARFCN and PSC before	
OK	
AT^WCDMA_LOCK=10663,143	Lock UARFCN (Downlink) to 10663, PSC to 143
OK	
AT+RESET	Restart device to take effect
OK	
AT^DEBUG?	Query current network information
RAT:WCDMA	
mcc:460,mnc:01	
band:1	
band_width:5.0MHz	
channel:10663	
cell_id:228537163	
lac:42282	
cell1: psc:143,rscp:-73.0dBm,ecio:-13.0dB	
rssi:-74dBm	
tx_pwr:0dB	

```
wcdma_ant_rscp: rx_diversity: 1
(-73.0dBm, -214748364.8dBm)
OK

AT^WCDMA_LOCK
OK

AT+RESET                                Delete lock on UARFCN and PSC
OK
```

## 15.41 AT^LTE\_LOCK - Lock EARFCN and PCI in LTE network

AT^LTE\_LOCK command is used to lock EARFCN (DownLink) and PCI in LTE network. After lock EARFCN and PCI, mode preference will set to LTE-only. If you want to lock EARFCN and PCI, please set it according to current network environment. If current network do not exist such an available EARFCN and PCI, device will stay in “no service” status. Besides, for Qualcomm AT command mechanism support the parameter number to 17 almost, this command support lock 8 pair of EARFCN and PCI.

**Note:** Write command and Exec command needs to restart device to take effect.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT^LTE_LOCK= [<pci>1,<dl_earfcn>1 [,<pci>2,< dl_earfcn>2 ... [,<pci>8,< dl_earfcn >8]]]	OK	Support 8 pair of EARFCN and PCI almost
Read Command	AT^LTE_LOCK?	^LTE_LOCK: (<pci>1,< dl_earfcn>1 ), ... (<pci>n, < dl_earfcn>n) OK	Query current lock setting about EARFCN and PCI
Exec Command	AT^LTE_LOCK	OK	Make device recover to normal mode

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<pci>	0-503	Physical-layer Cell Identifier
<dl_earfcn>	-	Downlink E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number

### Example

```
AT^LTE_LOCK?                                Query current lock about EARFCN
^LTE_LOCK: Have not set cell lock beforeand PCI
OK
```



<pre>AT^LTE_LOCK =405,40936 OK AT+RESET OK AT^DEBUG? RAT:LTE mcc:460,mnc:00 lte_cell_id:9658433 lte_tac:9340 lte_tx_pwr:26.0dB lte_ant_rsrp:rx_diversity:15 (- 118.3dBm,-140.0dBm,-140.0dBm,-140.0dBm) pcell: lte_band:41 lte_band_width:20.0MHz channel:40936 pci:405 lte_rsrp:-118.1dBm,rsrq:-15.3dB lte_rssi:-82.9dBm,lte_snr:-2.6dB OK</pre>	<p>Lock EARFCN (Downlink) to 40936, PCI to 405</p> <p>Restart device to take effect</p> <p>Query current network information</p>
<pre>AT^LTE_LOCK=405,40936,477,1300,169,36275 OK AT+RESET OK AT^DEBUG? RAT:LTE mcc:460,mnc:00 lte_cell_id:224636231 lte_tac:9340 lte_tx_pwr:0.0dB lte_ant_rsrp:rx_diversity:3 (-106.9dBm,- 127.5dBm,-256.0dBm,-256.0dBm) pcell: lte_band:34 lte_band_width:15.0MHz channel:36275 pci:169 lte_rsrp:-106.9dBm,rsrq:-12.0dB</pre>	<p>Set 3 pairs of EARFCN and PCI</p> <p>Restart device to take effect</p> <p>Query current network information</p> <p>Delete lock on EARFCN and PCI</p>

```
lte_rssi:-76.2dBm,lte_snr:3.4Db
OK
AT^LTE_LOCK
OK
AT+RESET
OK
```

Restart device to take effect

## 15.42 AT^SWITCH\_SLOT - Switch the physical slot

AT^ SWITCH\_SLOT is used to switch the physical slot.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^SWITCH_SLOT?	SIM1 ENABLE OK  or  SIM2 ENABLE OK	
Write Command	AT^SWITCH_SLOT =<mode>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mode>	0	Enable SIM1
	1	Enable SIM2

### Example

```
AT^SWITCH_SLOT=0
OK

AT^SWITCH_SLOT?
SIM1 ENABLE
OK

AT^SWITCH_SLOT=1
OK

AT^SWITCH_SLOT?
SIM2 ENABLE
OK
```

## 15.43 AT^NR5G\_LOCK - Lock NR-ARFCN and PCI in NR5G SA network

AT^NR5G\_LOCK command is used to lock NR-ARFCN(DownLink) and PCI in SA network. After lock NR-ARFCN and PCI, mode preference will set to NR5G-only. If you want to lock NR-ARFCN and PCI, please set it according to current network environment. If current network do not exist such an available combination of NR-ARFCN and PCI, device will stay in "no service" status. Besides, this command just support lock one group of NR-ARFCN and PCI.

**Note:** If the device is not operating in private networks (see also AT^NR5G\_MODE), this command will return error. Besides, write command and Exec command needs to restart device to take effect.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT^NR5G_LOCK= <band>, <scs_type>,<nr_arfcn>, <pci>	OK	Lock NR-ARFCN and PCI
Read Command	AT^NR5G_LOCK?	^NR5G_LOCK: (<band>, <scs_type>,<nr_arfcn>,<pci>) OK	Query current lock of NR-ARFCN and PCI
Exec Command	AT^NR5G_LOCK	OK	Delete lock of NR-ARFCN and PCI

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<band>	-	NR5G Operation Band
<scs_type>	0	Sub-carrier space 15kHz
	1	Sub-carrier space 30kHz
	2	Sub-carrier space 60kHz
	3	Sub-carrier space 120kHz
<nr_arfcn>	-	New Radio Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (Downlink)
<pci>	-	Physical-layer Cell Identifier

### Example

AT^NR5G_LOCK?	Query current lock about NR-ARFCN and PCI
NR5G_LOCK:Have not set cell lock before	
OK	
AT^NR5G_LOCK =78,1,627264,148	Lock the UE to PCI 148 with NR-ARFCN 627264, SCS of 30 kHz, and band n78
OK	
AT^NR5G_LOCK?	Query current lock about NR-ARFCN and PCI
^NR5G_LOCK: (78,1,627264,148)	
OK	

AT+RESET	
OK	
AT^DEBUG?	Restart device to take effect
RAT:NR5G_SA	
mcc:460,mnc:11	
nr_cell_id:31676792833	Query current network information
nr_tac:7768587	
nr_band:n78	
nr_band_width:100.0MHz	
nr_channel:627264	
nr_pci:148	
nr_rsrp:-102.0dBm	
nr_rsrq:-12.0dB	
nr_snr:11.5dB	
OK	Delete lock of NR-ARFCN and PCI
AT^NR5G_LOCK	
OK	Restart device to take effect
AT+RESET	
OK	

## 15.44 AT^NR5G\_MODE - Enable/Disable NR5G NSA/SA Mode

AT^NR5G\_MODE command is used to enable/disable NR5G NSA/SA mode

**Note:** This command can take effect without module reset. The module may need some time to search network.

**Note:** The NR5G SA mode configurable with this command, i.e., <nr5g\_mode> = 0 or 2, is for private networks only.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT^NR5G_MODE=<nr5g_mode>	OK	Enable/disable NR5G NSA/SA mode.
Read Command	AT^NR5G_MODE?	^NR5G_MODE: <nr5g_mode> OK	Query current NR5G mode

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<nr5g_mode>	0	Enable NR5G NSA and SA mode
	1	Enable NR5G NSA mode only
	2	Enable NR5G SA mode only

### Example

AT^NR5G_MODE?	Query current NR5G NSA/SA mode status.
^NR5G_MODE:0	
OK	
AT^NR5G_MODE=2	Enable NR5G SA mode only
OK	
AT^NR5G_MODE?	Query current NR5G NSA/SA mode status
^NR5G_MODE:2	
OK	

## 15.45 AT^MCFG - Query/Switch Available MCFG

AT^MCFG is used to query or switch available MCFG.

**Note:** Before using this AT command to switch MCFG, please input "AT^SBFS=0" to disable MCFG auto selection function. After device reboot, you can use this AT command to switch MCFG.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^MCFG?	^MCFG:<mcfg_name> OK	Query the current activated MCFG
Write Command	AT^MCFG=<mcfg_index>	OK	Switch MCFG
Test Command	AT^MCFG=?	^MCFG: <mcfg_index>,<mcfg_name> ,<mcfg_ver> ... OK	List all available MCFG in device

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<mcfg_index>	-	Index value of different MCFG. If number of available MCFG is 18, this value should be 0~17.
<mcfg_name>	-	Name of MCFG.
<mcfg_ver>	-	Version of MCFG

### Example

AT^MCFG?	Query current activated MCFG
^MCFG: CU	
OK	

AT^MCFG=?	List all available MCFG in device
^MCFG:	
0,CU,0x0a001504	
1,PNProfile,0x0a006501	
2,GCF,0x0a000804	
3,T-mobile,0x0a000503	
4,Verizon,0x0a000107	
5,ATT2,0x0a005308	
6,ATT,0x0a000308	
7,Telefonica,0x0a006308	
8,Telefonica,0x0a000c08	
9,Swisscom,0x0a009904	
10,Orange,0x0a000b05	
11,DT,0x0a011f03	
12,CT,0x0a001304	
13,CMCC,0x0a002004	
14,Vodafone,0x0a000407	
15,Telstra,0x0a000f05	
16,SBM,0x0a001c0a	
17,KDDI,0x0a000708	
18,Docomo,0x0a000d07	
OK	Switch MCFG to GCF, device will reboot automatically
AT^MCFG=2	
OK	
	Query current activated MCFG
AT^MCFG?	
^MCFG: GCF	
OK	

## 15.46 AT+WOWWAN\_ENABLE – Enable WoWWAN Feature

AT+WOWWAN\_ENABLE is used to enable assertion of Wake\_On\_WWAN# Pin Low for 1 Second, when module receives SMS that matches perfectly with “password” set by AT+WOWWAN\_PASSWORD.

The SMS for wake is handled at the very beginning of processing incoming SMS. It will be discarded after handling. Therefore, it can be received even when memory is full and no need to delete it.

It does not depend on PC status (S0/S3/S4/S5), but PC should provide power to module when in these status.



**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+WOWWAN_ENABLE?	WoWWAN_ENABLE: <state> OK	Query status
Write Command	AT+WOWWAN_ENABLE=<stat>	OK	Set status

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<stat>	0	Disable WoWWAN feature
	1	Enable WoWWAN feature

## 15.47 AT+WOWWAN\_PASSWORD – Set WoWWAN Password

AT+WOWWAN\_PASSWORD to set the password for WoWWAN feature. The password is stored non-volatile.

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT+WOWWAN_PASSWORD=<pw>	OK	Set password

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<pw>		The length of the password cannot exceed 160 characters. Only upper and lower case English characters and numbers are supported. The default password is "hello".

## 15.48 AT^BAND\_PREF\_EXT - Enable/Disable Band(s)

AT^BAND\_PREF\_EXT is used to set Bands preference for WDMA/LTE/NR5G (both NSA/SA). Besides, this AT command will not limit by max parameter number of AT command. As same as AT^BAND\_PREF, this AT command can enable/disable bands without reboot.

**Note:** If your device do not support NR5G SA network, this command will return error. Besides, this command can set preference for NR5G NSA/SA Band(s) separately. If you want to set NR5G NSA/SA Band(s) together, we suggest you to use another AT command "AT^BAND\_PREF".

**Syntax**

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^BAND_PREF_EXT?	<tech>,<status>,<band> OK	Query the current bands status for WCDMA,LTE,NR5G NSA and NR5G SA.

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write command	AT^BAND_PREF_EXT= <tech>, <status>, <band1> [: <band2> [: <band3>...]]	OK	Enable/Disable bands for WCDMA,LTE,NR5G NSA and NR5G SA.
Exec Command	AT^BAND_PREF_EXT	OK	Recover the default configuration about band preference

**Parameter Description**

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<tech>	WCDMA	WCDMA mode
	LTE	LTE mode
	NR5G_NSA	NR5G NSA bands
	NR5G_SA	NR5G SA bands
<status>	1	Disable band status.
	2	Enable band status.
<band>	String type, use colon as a separator to list the bands to be configured. The parameter format is 1:2:3:4:...N. The last band should not follow by colon.	WCDMA: 1,2,4,5,6,8,9,19 LTE:1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,17,18,19,20,25,26,28,29,30,32,34,38,39,40,41,42,46,48,66,71,(43) NR5G_NSA 1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,28,38,41,66,71,77,78,79,(25,40,48,257,258,260,261) NR5G_SA: 1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,28,38,41,66,71,77, 78,79,(25,40,48) Note: Your device may not support some band like "LTE B43, NR5G NSA (n25/n40/n48), FR2 (n257/n258/n260/n261), NR5G SA (n25/n40/n48)". If not support, we will not display those Bands in response of this command.





### Example

```

AT^BAND_PREF_EXT?
WCDMA,Enable
Bands :1,2,4,5,6,8,9,19,
WCDMA,Disable Bands:
LTE,Enable Bands :
1,2,3,4,5,7,8,12,13,14,17,18,
19,20,25,26,28,29,30,32,34,38,39,40,
41,42,43,46,48,66,71,
LTE,Disable Bands:
NR5G_NSA,Enable Bands :1,2,3,5,7,8,
12,14,20,25,28,38,40,41,48,66,71,77,
78,79,257,258,260, 261,
NR5G_NSA,Disable Bands:
NR5G_SA,Enable
Bands :1,2,3,5,7,8,12,20,25,28,
38,40,41,48,66,71,77,78,79,
NR5G_SA,Disable Bands:
OK

AT^BAND_PREF_EXT=LTE,1,3:4:5:7:8:12:
13:14
OK
AT^BAND_PREF_EXT=NR5G_NSA,1,1:260
OK
AT^BAND_PREF_EXT=NR5G_SA,2,77:78:79
OK

```

Query current Bands preference settings (If your device support some new Bands and FR2 Bands)  
 Disable some LTE bands  
 Disable NR5G NSA n1/n260 (If your device support FR2 Band n260)  
 Enable NR5G SA Band n77/n78/n79

## 15.49 AT^SETCONFIG Set/Get RMNET and MBIM Mode (USB only)

AT^SETCONFIG command is used to switch RmNet and MBIM interface on USB Interface.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT^SETCONFIG?	^SETCONFIG:0 OK	Now is MBIM mode
		^SETCONFIG:1 OK	Now is RmNet mode
Write Command	AT^SETCONFIG=<value>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	1	Switch dev to RmNet mode on USB interface.

	0	Switch dev to MBIM mode on USB interface.
--	---	---

### Example

```
AT^SETCONFIG=1
OK
AT^SETCONFIG?
^SETCONFIG: 1
OK
```

## 15.50 AT+FOTA\_SWITCH Set/Get FOTA Switch

AT+FOTA\_SWITCH command is used to get/set the FOTA switch.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+FOTA_SWITCH?	+FOTA_SWITCH: 0 OK	Now FOTA switch is off
		+FOTA_SWITCH: 1 OK	Now FOTA switch is on
Write Command	AT+FOTA_SWITCH = <value>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	1	Turn on FOTA switch.
	0	Turn off FOTA switch.

### Example

```
AT+FOTA_SWITCH =1
OK

AT+FOTA_SWITCH?
+FOTA_SWITCH:1
OK
```

## 15.51 AT+FOTA\_INTERVAL Set/Get FOTA Check Timer (LwM2M Lifetime)

AT+FOTA\_INTERVAL command is used to get/set the FOTA check timer.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+FOTA_INTERVAL?	+FOTA_INTERVAL: 600 OK	Now FOTA check timer is 600s
Write Command	AT+FOTA_INTERVAL = <value>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<value>	0...2 <sup>31</sup>	FOTA check timer, LwM2M lifetime

### Example

```
AT+ FOTA_ INTERVAL =300
```

```
OK
```

```
AT+ FOTA_ INTERVAL?
```

```
+ FOTA_ INTERVAL: 300
```

## 15.52 AT+FOTA\_APN Set/Get FOTA APN

AT+ FOTA\_APN command is used to get/set the FOTA APN.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+FOTA_APN?	+FOTA_APN: mopera.net,1,3, admin,password OK	
Write Command	AT+FOTA_APN = <apn_name>,<pdn_type>, <auth_type>,<username>, <password>	OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<apn_name>	String	APN name, mandatory parameter
<pdn_type>	0: NON IP 1: IPV4 2:IPV6 3:IPV4IPV6	PDN type, mandatory parameter
<auth_type>	0: PAP 1:CHAP 2:PAP/CHAP 3.NONE	Authentication type, mandatory parameter
<username>		User name of the APN, optional parameter
<password>		Password of the APN, optional parameter

### Example

```
AT+FOTA_APN?
```

```
+FOTA_APN: mopera.net,1,3,admin,password
```

```
OK
```

```
AT+FOTA_APN= mopera.net,1,3
OK
```

## 15.53 AT+ GET\_MODEM\_MEM\_INFO Get Modem Heap Memory Info

AT+GET\_MODEM\_MEM\_INFO command is used to get the modem heap memory info.

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Read Command	AT+GET_MODEM_MEM_INFO?	+GET_MODEM_MEM_INFO: total_bytes: <total_bytes>, used_bytes: <used_bytes > OK	

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<total_bytes>		Modem heap total bytes
<used_bytes>		Modem heap used bytes

### Example

```
AT+GET_MODEM_MEM_INFO?
+GET_MODEM_MEM_INFO: total_bytes: 45088768, used_bytes: 29728260
OK
```

## 15.54 AT+ LWM2M\_SWITCH Enable/Disable LWM2M Client

AT+LWM2M\_SWITCH command is used to enable/disable LWM2M client for AT&T, Verizon or Softbank

### Syntax

Type	Command	Possible Return Result	Instruction
Write Command	AT+LWM2M_SWITCH=<Carrier name>, <Status>	OK	Enable/disable LWM2M client for AT&T, Verizon or Softbank
Read Command	AT+LWM2M_SWITCH?	+LWM2M_SWITCH: <Carrier name>, <Status>	Query current LWM2M client status for AT&T, Verizon and Softbank
Test Command	AT+LWM2M_SWITCH=?	+LWM2M_SWITCH: <Carrier name>, <Status>	Get the parameters range.

### Parameter Description

Parameter	Value	Instruction
<Carrier name>	"AT"	For carrier AT&T
<Status>	"VZ"	For carrier Verizon
	"SB"	For carrier Softbank
	0	Disable LWM2M Client
	1	Enable LWM2M Client

### Example

AT+LWM2M_SWITCH?	Query current LWM2M client status for AT&T, Verizon and Softbank
+LWM2M_SWITCH: "AT", 0	
+LWM2M_SWITCH: "SB", 0	
+LWM2M_SWITCH: "VZ", 0	
OK	Get the parameters range.
AT^NR5G_MODE=?	
+LWM2M_SWITCH: "AT", (0~1)	
+LWM2M_SWITCH: "SB", (0~1)	Enable LWM2M Client for carrier AT&T
+LWM2M_SWITCH: "VZ", (0~1)	
OK	
AT+LWM2M_SWITCH="AT", 1	
+LWM2M_SWITCH: "AT", 1	
OK	



## 16 Related Documents

Refer to <https://dz.telit.com/> for current documentation and downloads.

**Table 2: Related Documents**

S.no	Book Code	Document Title
1		MV31-W Release Notes, Version 06.006A <b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>
2		MV31-W Hardware Interface Description, Version 06.006A
3		3GPP TR 21.905 Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications
4		3GPP TS 31.101 UICC-terminal interface; Physical and logical characteristics
5		3GPP TS 22.002 (descendant of 3GPP TS 22.02): Circuit Bearer Services (BS) supported by a Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN)
6		3GPP TS 23.038 TS 23.038 Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Alphabets and language-specific information
7		3GPP TS 23.203 Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Policy and charging control architecture
8		3GPP TS 24.301 Technical Specification Group Core Network and Terminals; Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for Evolved Packet System (EPS); Stage 3
9		ETSI TS 102 310 Smart Cards; Extensible Authentication Protocol support in the UICC
10		ETSI TS 102.221 Smart Cards; UICC-Terminal interface; Physical and logical characteristics
11		ISO/IEC 10646:2017 Information technology — Universal Coded Character Set (UCS)
12		ITU T T.50 International Reference Alphabet (IRA) (Formerly International Alphabet No. 5 or IA5) - Information technology - 7-bit coded character set for information interchange
13		RFC 3748 Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP), <a href="http://www.ietf.org">http://www.ietf.org</a>
14		3GPP TS 22.088 Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Call Barring (CB) supplementary services; Stage 1
15		3GPP TS 22.022 Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Personalisation of Mobile Equipment (ME); Mobile functionality specification
16		3GPP TS 22.030 Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Man-Machine Interface (MMI) of the User Equipment (UE)
17		3GPP TS 51.011 Technical Specification Group Terminals; Specification of the Subscriber Identity Module - Mobile Equipment (SIM - ME) interface

## 17 Document History

Table 3: Document History

Revision	Changes
2	Added note for suggested character sets.
1	AT^GPS_START parameter description updated
0	Initial release



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